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LAST EDITION

OUT OF PRISON

Workhouse Prisoners Escape in Broad Daylight.

Crawled Through a Fence and Ran With Shackles On.

Volleys of Bullets Fired After Them by the Guards.

THREE OF THE MEN CAPTURED AFTER A SPIRITED CHASE.

John Hardy, a Desperate Thief, Jumped Into a Buggy With a Chain Dangling From His Leg and Got Away—The Rescue Undoubtedly Planned by Some Person on the Outside—A Fence Board Had Been Loosened and a Horse and Buggy Were in Waiting.

Prompt and decisive action prevented a wholesale delivery of prisoners from the Workhouse last evening.

As it was, four prisoners did get out and it was not until after a spirited chase and the firing of several volleys of bullets that the guards recaptured three of the prisoners. The fourth prisoner, John Hardy, a well-known and desperate thief, who was serving a six months' sentence for larceny, got away and is still at liberty.

The delivery was attempted just after the prisoners at work in the stone quarry, in the rear of the Workhouse, had finished their day's labor. About 250 of these prisoners were still in line, marching up the steep, winding hill that leads from the quarry to the Workhouse, on their way to their evening meal. As a rule the younger and spryer of these men are in the lead, and according to the rules of the institution they must step when within a few feet of the top of the hill to wait until the slower ones have caught up. An armed guard stands at the top of the hill to enforce this rule and to preserve order. Notwithstanding the presence of the guard it was exactly at this point that the escape was effected.

Investigation shows that the escape had been carefully planned and that the prisoners had been ably assisted by outside parties.

The four prisoners who made the desperate break for liberty were John Hardy, 20 years old, weighing in the neighborhood of 150 pounds, serving a six months' sentence, and whose time would not expire until June 10; Carl Lohrman, 16 years old, also serving six months for larceny, whose time is up May 21; Joe Downey, 19 years old, and Tom Cummings, aged 25, each serving one year for larceny and whose terms were only about half expired.

BREAK FOR LIBERTY.

On wending their way up the hill all of these men were in the foremost ranks. They stopped within a few feet of the top

JOHN, ALIAS "JAN" HARDY.

of the hill and waited for the others to catch up. This took several minutes, and as those in the rear came pressing up they formed a crowd at the top. It was at this juncture and at this point that the escape was attempted.

A stockade fence about 10 feet high extends along the pathway in which the men were congregated. The guard, standing a few feet away, was confining his attention to the straggling line of men coming up the hill and, taking advantage of his unwariness, Hardy crowded over close to the fence and mingling out one of the boards stooped down, his movements being hidden from the guard by the crowd. He pulled the board loose from the bottom, thus making an aperture large enough to admit of the passage of his body.

This done, he crawled through and dashed away at the top of his speed across the field toward the road. Before Guard Wm. E. Muehlhausen was aware of what was going on the three other prisoners had followed Hardy and were running as fast as they could in the direction taken by the leader.

They were handicapped greatly, however, from the fact that all were shackled with leg chains. Hardy in some way managed to free one of his legs from the shackles and he ran at a rapid rate with the chain attached to one ankle dangling behind him.

FIRED UPON THEM.

By this time Guard Muehlhausen had discovered what was going on. Leveling a double-barreled shotgun loaded with buckshot at the remaining prisoners who were also attempting to escape, he threatened to riddle the first man who attempted to crawl through the hole in the fence. This threat had the desired effect and the men fell back.

The alarm was quickly given and Guards Andrew Schweigler, Dan Sweeney and Tim Deneghy and John A. Lohrum, the son of the Superintendent, immediately started in hot pursuit of the fugitives. Schweigler crawled through the hole in the fence taken by the prisoners in their hurried departure and the others ran around the building and attempted to head the runaways off before they could reach the street.

As soon as he crawled through the fence and caught sight of the fleeing men Schweigler fired four shots from his revolver at them in the hopes of bringing them to a standstill. Instead of having the desired result, the shots only spurred the speed of the fugitives, and they kept on their

CONTINUED ON SEVENTH PAGE.

FACE TO FACE.

Noble Shepard at the Bedside of Lizzie Leahy.

They Hadn't Met Since He Hit Her With a Hatchet.

SAYS SHE CANNOT RECALL THE FIGHT ON THE HOUSEBOAT.

The Murderer of Morton Remained Silent While the Woman Was Being Questioned—After He Was Led Away He Declared That She Was a Liar—Lizzie Has Made a Statement to the Coroner.

Noble Shepard, who has confessed to the murder of Tom Morton and to the attempted murder of the woman who passed as Morton's wife, was brought face to face with the woman at the City Hospital this morning. He was accompanied by Detectives Howard and Kelleher, who have worked constantly on the case since the commission of thec rime.

Before being taken into the ward in which the woman lay a nurse was sent in to inform her that she was to receive a visitor and to warn her not to get excited. While this was being done Dr. Heine Marks put several questions as to the manner of the crime to Shepard, but to each one the prisoner replied with a sneer. "You're trying to pump me, ain't you? Well, I've got nothing to say."

On entering the room Lizzie Leahy and Shepard regarded one another intently, but without displaying the slightest trace of emotion. Shepard walked to the side of the cot and coolly took a chair at the head of the cot. His face wore a constant sneer.

"Lizzie, do you know this man?" asked Dr. Marks.

"Aye, I've seen him him a dozen and one times," was the reply.

"Do you know his name?"

"I tell you I've seen him a dozen and one times."

"What is his name?"

"Why, that's Shepard," adding a moment later, with a sneer, "he's a nice man, he is, I don't think."

"Lizzie, this man says you were drunk that day, that you were often drunk," remarked Dr. Marks.

"He's a liar," was the answer, in emphatic tones.

"He says that he has been intimate with you."

"If he has I never knew it."

"Was it he who struck you?"

SHE DOESN'T REMEMBER.

"I don't know; I don't know who struck me, I tell you."

Constant questioning failed to shake her in this assertion. When pressed she became somewhat sulky and refused to say any more.

Throughout the interview Shepard kept silent and gave no sign beyond the occasional uneasy moving of his feet and hands. Once outside, however, he broke forth into an indignant tirade.

"Well, of all the liars," he said, bringing his hands together with an emphatic gesture, "that woman is the worst. Says she don't drink, does she? Why, I can get a hundred witnesses to prove she was loaded all the time. As to our relations, I can't prove that, of course, but it's true nevertheless."

After this outburst he refused to talk any more and was hurried back to the Four Courts.

A few minutes before Shepard's interview with Mrs. Morton, Coroner Atkinson visited the hospital and took the woman's deposition. To him also she emphatically denied knowing who struck her. Her mind was perfectly clear all the morning. Though strong hopes are now entertained of her subsequent recovery, it was deemed advisable to secure a statement in case she suffers a relapse. Her statement to the Coroner was practically the same as that made to a reporter early Thursday morning.

LIZZIE LEAHY'S STORY.

"All that I can remember," she said, "is that soon after Tom (Morton) left the boat Shepard came over and told me that he had gone down Broadway. How long Shepard stayed, I don't know. I think I must have gone to sleep. Shepard was there then and the door was locked. I did not even know I was hit until next day, when I woke up and found something wrong with my head. No one was there then and both doors were locked. I know I had to unscrew the lock before I could get out. I never saw Tom after he left the boat and I don't remember him coming back and firing at Shepard."

Mrs. Morton denied emphatically that she was drunk on the day of the tragedy. "I never tasted a nickel's worth of whisky in my life," she exclaimed. In spite of her assertion to the contrary, however, the only theory on which her remarkable lack of memory can be explained is that she must have been very drunk and cannot now recollect just what happened.

MORTON INQUEST.

Shepard Declines to Make a Statement Before the Coroner.

Deputy Coroner Bull concluded the inquest into the death of Thomas Morton at 11:30 a. m.

The first witness put upon the stand when the inquest was resumed was Detective Connors, who identified the small ax found in the shanty boat.

Noble Shepard, who was present in the custody of Detective Kelleher, was then put on the stand and asked if he wished to make a statement. He started to talk when Mr. Bull informed him that he did not have to make a statement unless he desired. He then said he had nothing to say at this time.

Detective Kelleher identified the the last statement made by Shepard, in which he acknowleged striking Lizzie Leahy.

Deputy Coroner Bull then read the sworn statement of Lizzie Leahy, made in the presence of Coroner Atkinson and Dr. Heine Marks. The statement is as follows:

"Noble Shepard was the last person with me before I was struck and became unconscious. He said to me: 'I must get out of here before Tom comes.' I had not been drinking any whisky. I have never been intimate with Noble Shepard at any time that I know of."

The case was then given to the jury, who brought in the following verdict: "That the deceased, Thomas Morton, came to his death by fracture of the skull, wounds of the throat and division of the spinal column inflicted by a hammer and hatchet in the hands of one Noble Shepard."

This verdict holds Shepard for the Grand-jury.

When asked if he had secured an attorney, Shepard said: "Not yet. They won't let me have anything. But I am going to get one. I can raise $400 or $500, and I'll get a good lawyer. I think they'll give me about thirty days for being drunk and disorderly. That's all they can do."

IS A SHAME.

Rev. Boyd on the Treatment of St. Louis' Fallen Women.

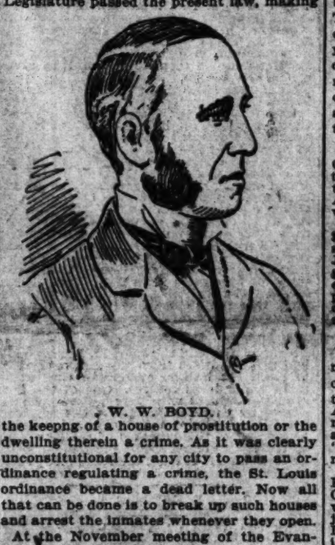
Will Take Up the Crusade for Legislation on the Subject.

THE QUESTION, HE SAYS, IS ONE OF SOCIOLOGY, NOT OF MORALITY.

The Ministers' Alliance Will Gather Information in Regard to the Number, Location and Condition of Women of Ill-Repute With a View of in Some Manner Bettering the Present Situation.

If the Evangelical Alliance falls in with the views of Rev. W. W. Boyd of the Second Baptist Church a movement is likely to be made upon the State Legislature to bring about some legislation which will permit the city of St. Louis to regulate the social evil.

Some years ago, it will be remembered, there was an ordinance which compelled the scarlet women to obey certain restrictions. Shortly after it was passed the State Legislature passed the present law, making



W. W. BOYD.

the keeping of a house of prostitution or the dwelling therein a crime. As it was clearly unconstitutional for any city to pass an ordinance regulating a crime, the St. Louis ordinance became a dead letter. Now all that can be done is to break up such houses and arrest the inmates whenever they open.

At the November meeting of the Evangelical Alliance Dr. Boyd moved that a commission be appointed to take up the social evil question and see what could be done to better the condition of affairs which exists in St. Louis at present. The matter was referred to the Board of Counsel. The commission would have been named at the last meeting but for the absence of Dr. Palmer, president of the board. It is stated that their names will be announced to the Alliance at the January meeting and a plan of work mapped out. In explaining his views on the matter to a representative of the Post-Dispatch, Dr. Boyd said:

PRESENT CONDITION DISGRACEFUL.

"My object in suggesting this commission was to see if some method could not be designed whereby the existing condition in St. Louis could be improved. The present condition is disgraceful and the manner of dealing with the evil is disgraceful. It neither governs, nor abolishes; it simply spreads it. There is no reason, nor justice, in driving these women about from Dan to Beersheba. It was on this account I suggested this commission. Not a Committee on Social Evil, mind you, but a commission to inquire into the matter.

"My idea is that this commission shall be composed of the most prominent clergymen in the city, those best acquainted with the city, and that it get first, facts and statistics from this and other cities. If any city has a good method of handling the social evil we might adopt that, but let's know wher we are. I do not know as I would have this commission report to the Alliance for, there a general discussion would necessarily follow, and a discussion of this question is useless. The clergymen, as a rule, cry it down on the grounds of morality. But this is a question of sociology, not of morality. It is, as Mr. Cleveland said, a condition and not a theory we have to deal with. If it can be abolished, let us abolish it. If, as it is claimed, a necessity, let us deal with it as best we can to reduce the evil to a minimum.

BEFORE THE LEGISLATURE.

"I do not want to be thought a Dr. Parkhurst, or that I am waging a war against the women, or the police. I know under existing laws the police are powerless. But we might get some concessions of legislation which would permit of its government."

When asked if he thought the matter could be investigated in time to be brought before the present Legislature, Dr. Boyd said he thought it could. When asked for his idea of dealing with it, Dr. Boyd said as the Alliance had taken it up he would not say at present, except that he was in favor of a law which should deal with it. From the little he did say, it is evident that Dr. Boyd does not believe it possible to abolish the evil and believes in regulating it as to locality and conditions.

MISSOURI MEDICAL SOCIETY.

Papers Read at the Meeting of the Central Association at Sedalia.

SEDALIA, Mo., Jan. 3.—The Central District Medical Society of Missouri held its regular meeting at the Court-house in this city to-day. There was a large attendance. The programme was as follows:

"Tracheotomy," paper, Dr. H. J. Hotts of Boonville.

"Diseases of Memory," paper, Dr. W. O. Dunlap, Sedalia.

"Are the tubes and ovaries to be sacrificed in all cases of malpingitis?" paper, Dr. H. C. Crowell, Kansas City.

"On the duration of life after the appearance of retinitis albuminuria," paper, Dr. J. H. Thompson, Kansas City.

"Ectopic Pregnancy," paper, Dr. C. Lester Hall, Kansas City.

"Report of a Case," by Dr. A. F. Dressel, Sedalia.

FOR A FRIEND.

Lengths to Which Zachritz Went in the Foerstel Cases.

For Nearly Two Years He Has Consented to Continuances.

AND THERE IS STILL NO IMMEDIATE PROSPECT OF A TRIAL.

The Cases Have All Been Removed From St. Louis on Changes of Venue, and Every Term of Court Zachritz or His Representative Takes a Train Out and Has Them Laid Over—What He Says.

The action of Circuit Attorney Zachritz in "fixing" the indictments against Sheriff Henry Troll and the latter's son, Charles Troll, which was published exclusively in the Post-Dispatch on Wednesday, recalls the case of ex-City Treasurer Michael Foerstel, who was indicted two years ago for embezzlement, and who has not yet been tried. Foerstel is charged with embezzling $144,150 of the city's money. The actual amount of his shortage was $64,000, but it is claimed that he replaced the difference between that and $144,150 before discovery. The indictments were returned in January of 1893, but his "friend" Zachrits has not yet been able to have any of the seven cases against Foerstel tried. Judge Edmunds was disqualified from trying the cases and changes of venue were taken, and the cases sent to other counties to be tried and before other Judges.

RECORD OF THE CASES.

The record of the St. Louis Criminal Court shows that the cases were set for trial on April 18 following the return of the indictments. They were continued on April 18 until May 25, when Judge Edmunds was disqualified and the changes of venue taken. Four of the cases, aggregating $80,000, alleged to have been embezzled, were sent to Jefferson County to be tried before Judge Green. The three other cases aggregating $64,150, were sent to Montgomery County and Judge Hughes was appointed a special Judge to try them. The cases have dragged in both counties ever since, being continued from term to term.

SEES THAT THEY ARE CONTINUED.

Circuit Attorney Zachritz or his assistant makes periodical trips to the respective counties each term to attend to the continuing of the cases, and there the Circuit Attorney's official duty seems to end. It may be that this is one of the modes adopted by the Circuit Attorney to allow "his friend Foerstel to prove himself innocent."

It will be remembered that when the Foerstel defalcation became public and the Grand-jury took up the matter Zachritz wanted to act as legal adviser of the Grand-jury. Assistant Circuit Attorney Jesse McDonald, whose duty, it has been the custom, is to handle the Grand-jury, objected and Zachritz, either not at that time being aware that he was entitled to the privilege under the law or not having as much nerve as he is now displaying, did not insist. Mr. McDonald acted as legal adviser of that Grand-jury and all other Grand-juries ever since, until the last one, when it was given out that alleged election frauds were going to be investigated and Zachritz found that his "duty" compelled him to take charge of the Grand-jury himself. Zachritz in explaining his reason for wishing to act as legal adviser of the Grand-jury which indicted Foerstel made the remarkable statement that he believed that his friend Foerstel was innocent and would like to see him prove himself so, or words to that effect. He evidently believes him innocent yet, although Foerstel's bondsmen may not agree with him.

Circuit Attorney Zachritz was seen by a Post-Dispatch reporter, but refused to discuss the matter.

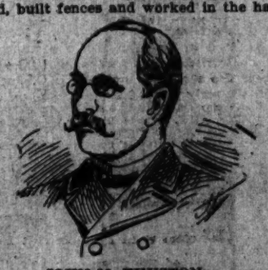
NEBRASKA'S NEXT SENATOR.

John M. Thurston, Politician and Railroad Attorney.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 3.—John M. Thurston will be chosen United States Senator by the Nebraska Legislature, having received the nomination from the Republican joint caucus. Mr. Thurston is a native of Vermont, born in 1847.

His parents removed to Wisconsin when he was a boy, and after his father had died in the army, young Thurston sawed wood, built fences and worked in the harvest field, contributing his earnings to the support of his mother. In 1863 he went to Chicago, bought an express wagon and horse, and for about a year drove over Chicago delivering goods for various wholesale houses. After one year with the express wagon Thurston returned to Wisconsin and studied law. He was admitted to practice, and in 1870 landed in Omaha. He did not have a dollar or a friend. He secured desk room in the office of Judge Morris. From the most humble position at the bar Omaha bar Mr. Thurston marched on and on until he reached the head of his profession. He is the general solicitor of th Union Pacific Railroad, and has been on one side or the other of nearly every important lawsuit in Nebraska during the last ten years. He has been and is a prominent factor in the Republican politics of Nebraska, was presidential elector in 1880, and headed Nebraska's delegation to the National Convention of 1884. He seconded the nomination of John A. Logan, and attracted much attention by his speech.

In 1888 he was temporary Chairman of the Republican National Convention at Chicago.



JOHN M. THURSTON,
Who Will Be United States Senator From Nebraska.

DEATH STAYED

Lambert's Life Saved by the Supreme Court.

Fainted and Fell to the Floor When He Heard the Tidings.

AFFECTIONATE MEETING BETWEEN THE CRIMINAL AND HIS MOTHER.

She Swooned Away When Told That the Execution Had Been Postponed—Lambert's Counsel Claims That the Prisoner Is Legally Dead—A Peculiar Case With Many Legal Tangles—Crime News.

CAMDEN, N. J., Jan. 3.—A half hour before the time set for the execution of Theodore Lambert this morning a stay of proceedings granted by Judge Shiras of Washington until March 4 was served on Sheriff Barbett. At that time a score of witnesses had assembled in the execution room. Notice of the stay was given Lambert by his counsel, Lawyer Semple. The condemned man fell to the floor in a faint, from which he recovered in a few minutes. He fell into a second faint, in which he remained for nearly five minutes. On being revived he shouted, "Glory to God," and then fell on the neck of his counsel, kissing him.

Lambert's mind has been temporarily turned by his good fortune. Since given two months more to live he has not been able to talk intelligently. He shouts and sings at turns. County Physician Jones has him under treatment.

After leaving the jail Lawyer Semple went to Lambert's home, where his mother was awaiting the news of her son's execution, the lawyer previously promising to come to her immediately after it had taken place. When he entered she cried: "Is he dead yet? I thought he would not be hanged until 10 o'clock." When told of the stay she fell like a log on the floor. A physician had to be called to restore consciousness. She went at once to the jail with the lawyer and the mother and son were allowed their meeting alone. Mrs. Lambert refused to leave her son's cell, and she was allowed to remain with him.

Lawyer Semple's efforts to save his client's life have been extraordinary. He claims that Lambert is legally dead. The date first set for his execution was Dec. 13. Lawyer Semple asked for a reprieve, which the Governor at first refused on the ground that he had no power in the case, as the thirty days' limit from the time of his conviction had expired. Lawyer Semple claimed that conviction dated from the time of sentence and not from time of the rendering of the verdict, in which case the sentence was only twenty days. The matter was referred to the Attorney General and he took the same view of the case as held by Semple.

The reprieve was then granted. After Dec. 13, the day on which Lambert was to be executed, had passed, Lawyer Semple took the opposite ground that conviction did not date from sentence, but from the time of rendering the verdict. As the day set for the execution had passed Lambert was legally dead.

He exhausted every means provided in New Jersey to save his client on the technicality a fortnight ago and then appealed to the Federal courts, raising the same point which had been dismissed in the New Jersey courts. He went before Judge Dallas in Philadelphia on yesterday, but was refused the application for a writ. He next went to Washington and called on Justice Shiras of the Supreme Court. He was referred back to Judge Dallas. He remained in Washington, however, and shortly before 12 o'clock succeeded in having the stay granted. He took a midnight train and reached here early this morning, but did not serve the writ on the Sheriff until 9:30 this morning.

OPENED BY TROLL.

Dispute Between Judge Edmunds and the Sheriff Not Yet Settled.

The opening of the Criminal Court passed off quietly, notwithstanding the expectation that a clash would occur between Edmunds and Sheriff Troll because of Judge Edmunds refusing to approve of the names submitted by Troll as deputies for the Criminal Court. The matter is not yet settled. A compromise has been agreed upon pending the final settling of the matter, which is that two deputies from the Court-house are assigned to duty in the Criminal Court. They are Deputies John H. Schaperkoetter and Joseph Hopper, both Republican hold-overs, under ex-Sheriff Staed. Sheriff Troll opened court in the Criminal Court and then surrendered the gavel to Deputy Schaperkoetter, while Deputy Hopper watched the cage.

Mr. Schnurmacher, Troll's lawyer, was on hand looking after the interest of the Sheriff.

Judge Edmunds presided at the opening of court and then surrendered the bench to Judge Shackleford, who is Special Judge. The two sat for the trial to-day. Judge Shackleford took up the trial of one of the case, that of James Lawler, charged with highway robbery. Judge Edmunds was asked if the matter between him and the Sheriff had been settled and said: "Mr. Schnurmacher asked me if I had any objection to two other deputies acting until the dispute is settled and I said no. I do not want to embarrass anyone much less the administration. I have not yet examined the appointments, but will do so as soon as possible, perhaps before next Monday. I intend to have a talk with Mr. Troll shortly."

Later Judge Edmunds had a conference with Sheriff Troll, and when seen said that Mr. Troll had made the propositions to him, any one of which would be satisfactory. He refused, however, to state what the propositions were.

Sheriff Troll, when seen and asked if any of the propositions meant a retention of the old deputies, said nothing of the kind was intended. The arrangement made, he said, was to have James Bollins, one of the new appointees, broken in by Deputy Schaperkoetter and then Bollins would break in Lanter, the other appointee. When both were efficient, Schaperkoetter and Hopper would go back to the Circuit Courts.

Sidewalk Case Continued.

The case against Thomas F. Maloney, the Franklin avenue retail dry goods merchant, charged with having the dirt from his store swept into the public thoroughfare, was on Judge Paxson's docket in the Second District Police Court Wednesday morning. George Knox and Officer Curly were the prosecuting witnesses, but the case did not go to trial, being continued until Jan. 9.

TRAINS MEET.

Seven Persons Injured and Engines and Cars Wrecked.

Switchman's Blunder the Cause of the Collision.

BOTH WERE PASSENGER TRAINS ON THE PHILADELPHIA & READING.

The Crash Occurred Near Germantown, Early This Morning—Names of Those Injured—One Dead and Three Unconscious From Inhaling Gas—Violent Earthquake Shock—Casualties.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 3.—Seven persons were injured in a railway wreck which occurred early this morning on the Philadelphia & Reading at a short curve below Germantown.

The injured are:

C. W. Fell, brakeman, contusion of the shoulder.

R. O. Grady, cut about head with flying glass.

T. H. Snyder.

— Redfern.

Police Lieut. Keyser.

Frank Bacon.

The four last named were able to go to their homes.

The collision was between passenger trains, No. 131 going to Chestnut Hill and No. 38 returning to the city.

Both engines were badly smashed, and two of the front cars of down train were completely wrecked. Both engineers escaped by jumping.

The down train left Germantown at 12:10 a. m. It met the other, which started from the terminal, at 11:47, reaching Germantown at 12:15. The up train was just leaving Wingohocking, and by the time it got to the Mill street bridge it met the crash. The switch had not been correctly turned and the switchman gave no reason for the failure. He was standing in front of his box, and it is claimed that he did not know the switch was all right.

Various Accidents.

Four of Daniel White's children burned with his cabin, near Williamson Station, Ky. White, his wife and baby narrowly escaped.

Lee Casinger was accidentally shot and killed, while hunting at Beaver Dam, near Poplar Bluff, Mo.

POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

Gov. Stone Talks About the Candidates for Appointment.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 3.—Gov. Stone was asked what petitions for Police Commissioners he had in hand, and replied that the only applications he had seen were those of Mr. Donovan and Mr. Green[illegible]

[redacted]

Mr. Sherwood had not [illegible] him about it, and he did not know that he wanted it. He made a similar remark as to the case of Railroad Commissioner T. J. Hennessey, whose name had been suggested by personal friends of the latter, and said that he did not know that Mr. Hennessey is an applicant for the position. He added that he could make the appointments at any time, and would probably do so within the next ten days, but did not know that there was any occasion for haste. As to the Recordership of Voters, the Governor said that he had not given the subject of filling that office for the full term any consideration yet, but he would probably dispose of that matter also before the end of January.

THE WEATHER.

Generally Fair and Colder To-Night and To-Morrow.

Forecast for St. Louis and vicinity—Generally fair and colder Thursday night and Friday.

For Missouri—Local snows to-day and to-night; colder to-night, except stationary temperature at Cairo; Friday fair and colder; westerly winds, becoming northwesterly.

For Illinois—Local snows to-day and to-night; slightly colder to-night; Friday fair and colder; winds becoming northwest.

High pressure and a cold wave covers the Northwest this morning, the temperatures ranging from zero to 20 deg. below zero. In the West there has been a marked decrease in pressure with much higher temperatures. A severe storm with excessive precipitation is in progress on the North Pacific Coast.

There have been general snows from the Lake Region and Mississippi Valley eastward and rain in the South with rising temperatures.

In the Northwest there has also been some snow, while it has been fair in the West and Southwest.

Appointed Curator.

Public Administrator William C. Richardson was appointed curator of the estates of Rine E. and William C. Miller, 17 and 14 years of age respectively.

Mr. Tamm's Sanity.

Judge Rassieur granted an order to take depositions in Milwaukee County, in Wisconsin, in the matter of Theodore Tamm, alleged to be insane.

LAST EDITION

IN THE CHAIR.

Russell of Crawford Speaker of the Missouri House.

The Slate Named at the Republican Caucus Goes Through.

TARDY DEMOCRATS ALMOST LOSE CONTROL OF THE SENATE.

An Adjournment Saved Them—For the Speakership Russell Got 80 Votes and Davidson 54—List of the Officers and Employes Chosen—What the Governor Says of the Police Commissionerships—The Proceedings.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 3.—The House of Representatives of the Missouri Legislature was called to order by temporary Speaker Pettijohn at 10:15. Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Plottsmann of Jefferson City. The reading was dispensed with.

Selden P. Spencer offered a resolution providing for the election of officers and employes without nominating speeches. Mr. Swanger of Sullivan nominated Benj. F. Russell of Crawford and Mr. Drabelle of St. Louis nominated James F. Davidson of Marion. The roll-call gave Russell 80 votes and Davidson 54, and Russell was declared elected.

The House proceeded to fill the remainder of the offices by ballot in accordance with the decision of the Republican caucus, given in another place in these dispatches.

The forenoon was occupied in the ratification of the slate.

FILLEY IN THE SADDLE.

The legislative brokerage firm of Filley, Flanagan & Co. may now be said to have completed arrangements to go into the business of redeeming Missouri. That what the concern is organized for, according to the emphatic declarations of a score or more of its minor partners, but it was not known until a very late hour last night who would be activelly in charge of the salvation enterprise. Mr. Filley, who has been lying low for two days and waiting anxiously for the determination of a very uncertain contest, can now, and doubtless will, step forward and claim the rewards of factional success. He has placed two of his most docile disciples in the two most important places within the control of the Republican majority of the House, and if he is not well served it will be largely his own fault. The railway interests will be represented very much as usual. Col. W. H. Phelps having been engaged during the entire two days' preliminary canvass in promoting the ends of his Republican coadjutor, and being, by all accounts, quite well content to accomplish indirectly what he has heretofore brought about by direct effort. Benjamin F. Russell was chosen Speaker in an open session, a great point being made of the display of harmony implied in the public withdrawal of three of his most formidable opponents. Grimm, the caucus nominee for Chief Clerk, will beyond question simply carry out the directions of Filley and Flanagan in every detail of his work, and particularly in the appointment of his subordinates.

The Republican House caucus was almost stupidly quiet throughout. It was a foregone conclusion that Russell would be successful, but a great many people made widely different guesses as to the strength that would be developed by Col. Bothwell and Maj. Bittinger, and the withdrawal of the latter late yesterday afternoon gave rise to predictions that Filley's arch-enemy was going to be able to make it a very warm fight and a very expensive victory. And while the members of the caucus were evidently prepared for the withdrawal of Bittinger, which was accomplished by James Moran of Buchanan, after a very laudatory speech, they were taken quite by surprise when, immediately afterward, Bothwell got up and followed suit. Col. Bothwell stated afterward that he had no idea of withdrawing until Maj. Bittinger did, but after that he saw no reason for remaining, as Bittinger's strength was openly delivered over to the certain winner.

For the rest of the caucus work, it simply remains to be said that it was a tedious struggle for place without a single inspiriting feature on a single bright speech.

Benj. Russell is probably more satisfactor to the Democratic minority in the House than either of his late opponents would have been, but he is not believed to be particularly well qualified for the position—particularly in view of the certainty of short work that is before him. He is conservative and slow, and it is predicted will frequently keep the House waiting while he decides a nice point. But he will unquestionably be a faithful partisan without offering undue offense to the opposition. Maj. Bittinger, for being the first to withdraw, will probably get the Chairmanship of the Committee on Internal Improvements—Col. Bothwell that on Ways and Means.

THE DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

The Democratic House, who caucused in the Senate chamber openly while the Republican House caucus was going on, made rather a poor job of their complimentary organization in that they chose for the party leader on the floor a gentleman who is easily disturbed to the point of loss of self-control. Mr. Davidson, who defeated Paul Moore by one vote on the fourth ballot for the complimentary support of the minority, is admittedly a well-meaning, conscientious, capable man, but is said to have shown a thoroughly hotheaded while occupying temporarily the presiding officer's chair that he threw down the gavel and left the chair in a rage because the House refused to sanction a manifestly incorrect ruling concerning the right of contestees to qualify before they are called on to pass upon their rights. And that Mr. Davidson's opponents were somewhat piqued by their defeat is evidenced by their failure to make any motion, when it was seen that he had been nominated, to make the nomination unanimous, as it was expected they would do.

After the caucus nominations were made the minority went into secret session, and indulged in a great deal of informal talk as to a policy to be followed, without, it is said by some who attended, arriving at any conclusion. One thing is admitted, however, that John T. Crisp, and not either Moore or Davidson, will be depended on to harry the Republicans when partisan measures are up. He is by all accounts the best hand in a running fight who has been on the floor for years, and will come naturally to the front when there is any filibustering to be done.

The Senate Democratic caucus did all the

January Sale.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney
DRY GOODS CO.

Continues Daily

Throughout the

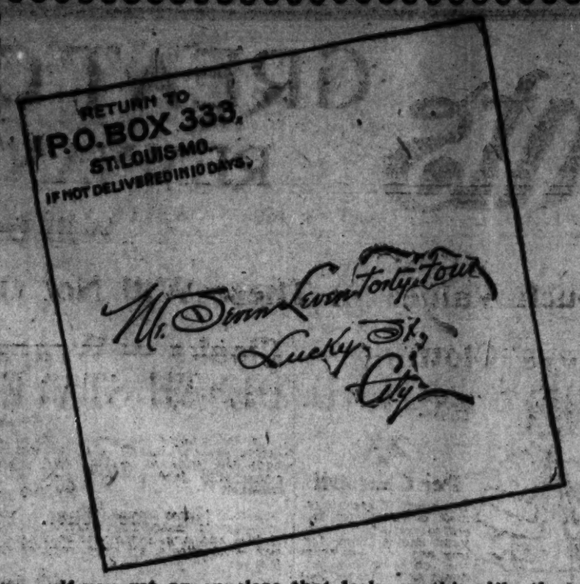
Entire Month.

INSPECTION IS INVITED.

To Judge of Values

GOODS AND PRICES SHOULD BE EXAMINED.

Prices Have Been Made to Conform to the Times.



If you get an envelope that looks anything like the above save its contents. F. W. H. & CO.

HUMPHREY'S, Broadway and Pine.
ST. LOUIS, Jan. 3, 1895.—Weather to-day: Snow.

WATCH OUT for TAGS!

IF one comes into your home to-day, or within the next few days, inclosed in a Red Envelope, hang on to it for it may entitle you to one of our **$30 Suits selling to-day for $15**

FREE! FREE! FREE!

Of any cost to you. Two hundred (200) of our Fine **$30 Suits are to be Given Away FREE by us during this month.** The balance of them are on sale to-day at HALF PRICE.

☛SEE OUR WINDOWS, bring your tag when you get it.

$25—OVERCOATS and ULSTERS—$15

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.

BY PADRONES.

One Hundred Newsboy Slaves in St. Louis Are Ruled.

Sent Out Daily to Hold Up the Public for Two Employers.

$20,000 Accumulated by One of the Padrones.

The System Limited to the Business Center of the City.

BLACKED EYES AND BROKEN HEADS FOR VIOLATION OF THESE ORDERS.

The Profitable Scheme of the Two Mikes, Murphy and Churchill—Why Newspapers Cannot Be Bought at the Advertised Price—The Serious Side of a Combine That Seems Comical at First Glance—Every Nickel Paid on the "Three-for-Five" Basis Means a Contribution of 3 3-4 Cents to Two Padrones.

This is the age of crushing combines and throttling trusts, and this is the story of one of these schemes of profit which on first telling will read like a joke on the circulation departments of the daily newspapers. A second thought will spoil the reader's laugh, for he and the dear public are really the victims of a scheme that for cold-blooded extortion might give points to some of the more celebrated aggregations in restraint of trade.

It is a newsboys' trust. There are no certificates of stock, no written agreements, no notices of dividends, but it is nevertheless a "lead-pipe cinch."

While the editorial columns of some of the St. Louis newspapers are pouring hot shot into the great trusts of the country, some of which are trying to silence the newspapers by bribing contracts for advertising where personal friendship and solicitation are unavailing, the business offices of these same institutions are paying blood money to the newsboys' combine. The business managers are longing for the old days when the boys came to the office and individually bought their papers, paying cash and closing the transaction.

Times have changed. The professional newsboys of St. Louis have entered one of two combinations and the heads of these organizations have divided the territory in the business center of St. Louis, dictating their own terms to the newspapers, which do not feel courageous enough to temporarily suffer some inconveniences affecting some of their street sales in the central part of the city. Rather than make an issue, they pay weekly a sum of money to the head of the newsboys' trust—really blackmail.

The next assessment is made on the reader. The trust extorts from the newspapers the lowest sale price and the highest commission for handling the paper at all, then regardless of these figures makes such combinations of papers as it sees fit and assesses the reader at its pleasure.

ITS HISTORY.

Mike Murphy was a newsboy of the old day—that was the day of newsboys who lived in the tenements of North Broadway, and who might be seen scurrying down town to the newspaper offices in the early morning and again in the afternoon. They were the main supports of families. Each was a little merchant working on his own account. Murphy brought about a change. He had grown to be a big, surly man, too big to sell papers himself. He "staked" boys and divided the profits. This was the beginning of the trust. He soon gathered about him all who were shiftless and worthless. He carried a bank account, and they became his slaves, often receiving brutal treatment for incurring his displeasure. In one instance one of the boys running from his wrath jumped out of a second-story window at Fourth and Locust streets, and was seriously hurt. The class of St. Louis newsboys selling papers in the business center changed. The shiftless, crap-playing semi-criminal, without the industry of the honest newsboy, who was ready to "shine 'em up" between editions of papers, appeared. The new crop threw away their "kits" and the bootblacking newsboy disappeared from the heart of the city. The worthlessness of the new crop made them just the kind for Murphy's plan. He acquired complete supremacy, getting them all into his debt, often boarding them like the padrones who collect from the children musicians on the street.

Their gambling or thieving propensities bound them all the closer to their boss, who interceded for them when arrested, and who soon by his tyrannical methods had them under his complete control. Then the newspapers were put under contribution, and paid salaries directly to Murphy, or sold to him wholesale at a figure allowing him a rebate which gave him a big income. With the shiftless young slaves who sold the papers for him he made his own terms. How profitable this plan proved may be judged from the fact that Murphy some years ago was reputed to be worth $12,000. To-day his accumulations are reported anywhere between $20,000 and $30,000.

The field was alluring to anyone ready to enter into competition and take the chances of murderous altercations. Mike Churchill, a member of the St. Louis Fire Department, had studied the field and decided to go into the padrone business. He resigned his place on the department, paying $90 a month, and organized a gang. He was able to take care of himself. He carries a 38-calibre revolver to back up a powerful physique in a row. There was some colliding, but he organized his gang and then the bosses got together and decided on a plan of campaign. Murphy is now getting a rebate from one paper and the equivalent of a big salary from another. Churchill says he is getting $35 a week from one paper and about half that amount from another. They exact what they please from the boys, who are simply hired by them to sell papers. Churchill says he makes $60 a week.

After getting control of the newspapers these padrones turned their attention to the public, and every street buyer is now being held up. Each paper advertised its price, but the combine decided to ignore this and to take for themselves the money out of which the public may be chiseled. The total cost of the three evening papers for lastings is 1¼ cents to the combine, but they have decided not to sell them separately but to insist on getting 5 cents for three. This does not go to the ragged newsboy. He is simply obeying orders. It would be the same thing to him if he could sell the papers separately at their stated price. This he dare not do. The combine has a patrol which follows up the boy and nabs up his stock and cash unexpectedly. A violation of his orders means a clout in the face or more merciless handling. He is in debt and his stock of papers is taken from him. If he rebels and tries to sell on his own account, he is waylaid and unmercifully beaten, by whom nobody knows.

For years this combine has dictated terms to all papers. The three large papers rebelled and placed the trust bosses on the same footing as wholesale dealers. They undertook to punish this move, but failed. Then came the cut in price of the Post-Dispatch to 1 cent. The trust decided that the people should not get cheap papers. Orders were issued not to sell any paper for its stated price, but to hold up every buyer for 5 cents, giving him one, two or three papers for this sum. The boys had no option but to hold up every buyer and return to the padrone 3¢ cents profit before receiving his pay for his day's work. A failure means that he will be run out of the gang, and if he attempts to sell on his own account a broken head.

The street purchasers should understand that giving the boy 5 cents for any one or any three papers is no kindness to him. It is only money in the pockets of the bullying combine and encouragement for its continuance. The boys who sell in the outlying districts are not under the control of these two men.

If you want one paper insist on buying it for its advertised price. The better and more satisfactory way of securing the paper regularly would be to send an order on postal card to deliver it at your house by carrier. The trust must go, and if its managers resort to violence towards competing boys the heads of the trust will probably go to the Work-house via the Court of Criminal Correction.

THE NEW BRIDGE.

The East End Improvement Association to Endorse It.

The indorsement of the Forman bridge bill is the object for which the North Broadway and East End Improvement Association has been called to meet at the office of McCabe & Young, 1221 North Broadway, at 8 p. m. The association has a membership of 300. What the North and East enders want is the house bill 5645, substantially as it originally passed that body. The indorsement of the Franklin Avenue Improvement Association, Cass Avenue Improvement Association, Real Estate Exchange, Merchants' Exchange, Northwestern Improvement Association, Furniture Board of Trade, Paint, Oil and Drug Club, Vehicle Owners' Association and the Vehicle and Implement Association of Manufacturers and Jobbers has already been secured by those interested in the building of the new bridge.

Representative W. S. Forman and Mayor M. M. Stevens of East St. Louis will be present at the meeting of the North Broadway and East End Association to explain the measure and advocate the adoption of a resolution calling for its passage by the Senate. There will be other speakers, but no opposition is expected. The people of North St. Louis seem to be a unit in favor of the new bridge.

Mr. James H. McCabe said that there are half a dozen largely signed petitions circulating favoring the House bill. He added that Senator Vest had declared to Representative Forman that he would be willing to allow the bill to pass without the Vest amendments, leaving only Senator Cockrell in opposition. Senator Cockrell previously declared that he would not favor the bill if it allowed a bridge within two miles of either the Merchants' or the Gould bridge. As a foot bridge is wanted somewhere near Carr street on account of traffic and the fairgrounds on the one side and the center of traffic on the other, no one would furnish money to build it at a distance of two miles from the other bridges. Mr. McCabe said, also, that the bridge company was not a close corporation, but that any one in St. Louis could be a subscriber. In fact, stock had been offered to St. Louis capitalists by Mr. Forman.

Mr. McCabe said the East St. Louis people had refused offers from Eastern capitalists to build the bridge, preferring that it remain under local control. One of the Senate amendments will, it is believed, be accepted by those in charge of the measure. That is a provision that tolls charged shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of War. The original bill contained a maximum schedule cutting the Eads bridge tolls in half.

MRS. J. P. MILLER'S DEATH.

Was the Wife of a Well-Known Live Stock Man.

Mrs. John P. Miller died suddenly at Sturgeon, Mo., on New Year's Day. She was the wife of the well-known live stock merchant and was the daughter of Abram Mack of 2304 Franklin avenue, her maiden name being Amy Isabelle Mack. Up to some three months ago Mr. and Mrs. Miller resided at 4948 Morgan street, but when Mr. Miller retired from the live stock firm of John P. Miller & Bro. he moved to his stock farm at Sturgeon, Mo. She was 37 years of age and a very beautiful woman.

In the Federal Court.

Transcripts of the record of five cases, in which the receivers of the St. Louis & San Francisco are defendants, were filed in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. The plaintiffs are Margaret L. Bennett, administrator of the estate of W. W. Bennett, two suits; Harrison Hicks, administrator of William Spoon, two suits, and A. Miles, administrator of the estate of James W. Brown. W. W. Bennett, William Spoon and James W. Brown were killed while working for the Long-Bell Lumber Co. at Van Buren, Crawford Co., Ark., Nov. 22, 1893. A southbound through train ran on an open switch and struck an engine, which crushed the men mentioned. The plaintiffs recovered damages and the defendants appealed.

Abandoned by Her Husband.

Mrs. Jane Weaver, 29 years old, together with her four children, are reported in destitute circumstances at 2230 North Grand avenue. Her husband left her about a month ago. Mrs. Weaver is ill in bed and her children need fire and food.

Costly Residences Burned.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Jan. 3.—The residence of P. P. Mast, millionaire manufacturer, burned this morning. The interior was entirely destroyed. Loss about $60,000. Insured for $25,000 on building and $10,000 on contents. The fire is supposed to be of incendiary origin.

Homeseekers' Excursion.

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Co. will sell tickets on Jan. 15 to all points in Texas, Eddy, New Mexico, and Lake Charles, La., at greatly reduced rates. For further information inquire at Ticket Office Broadway Station, or 103 North Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

Seized for Debt.

MACON, Mo., Jan. 3.—The grocery store of Dixon & Salyer was taken possession of this morning by A. H. Terrell on a chattel mortgage of $1,200. The firm's assets amount to $1,800; liabilities, $3,800. Home debts with wholesalers and the Bank of Macon are secured by a second mortgage.

Death of Michael Wandler.

ABILENE, Kan., Jan. 3.—Michael Wandler, a wealthy old settler of Central Kansas, coming here in '69, died suddenly and alone while caring for stock on his farm in Geary County. His body was found several hours later.

Griffin & Pope Assign.

MACON, Mo., Jan. 3.—The agricultural implement firm of Griffin & Pope assigned this morning to W. J. Magee for the benefit of all their creditors. Liabilities, $3,600; assets, $1,500.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

THE Q. O. K. Millinery Co.

Is composed entirely of ladies, therefore entirely competent to suit any face. The exquisite style, exactly like cut, which we are now offering and which will sing the praises of its maker far and near, will be sold for the ridiculously low price of $2.00, absolutely worth $7.00. Only upon presentation of this advertisement can this bargain be had. Also great bargains in a beautiful line of human hair and handsome corsets for stout ladies at half-price, as we are going out of that line of business for the present.

Mail orders must be accompanied by full remittance and additional 10 cents for packing. We will now allow five days extra for mail orders to reach us.

The Q. O. K. Millinery Co.,
1007 Franklin Avenue.

Cut Flowers

We pay particular attention to growing Choice Cut Flowers. They are grown in our own greenhouses and therefore are always Fresh, Fragrant and of the Best Quality.

In Fine Roses and all the Choice Flowers in season the largest stock from which to select can always be found at

C. YOUNG & SONS CO., 1406 Olive Street.

Fine Palms in all the best varieties for house culture. Splendid plants, with perfect leaves, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00 and $8.00.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Funeral of Thomas Corbett—St. Louis Avenue Improvements—Notes.

John Lamey of 512 Trendley avenue, stepfather of Thomas Corbett, alias Welch, who was killed in St. Louis by Michael Dixon, had the remains brought here for interment. The funeral took place at Mount Carmel Cemetery at 2 p. m.

The City Council has ordered the improvement of St. Louis avenue at the request of the property owners. It is estimated that the improvement will cost $75,000.

The case of E. J. Eggman, administrator of Ernest Hickman, against the United States Mutual Accident Insurance Co. for $5,000 was resumed at 10 a. m. The trial may be concluded Friday.

McDowell Post, G. A. R., the Women's Relief Corps and the Ladies' Aid Society of the Sons of Veterans, held a joint installation of officers at Laanta's Hall.

Two little sons of City Attorney C. B. Carroll are dangerously ill with diphtheria. Clyde, the younger, is not expected to recover.

Dr. C. F. Wilhelmj reported a case of diphtheria in the family of August Fehner, 111 North Eleventh street.

The ladies' auxiliary of the Ancient Order of Hibernians will give a dramatic entertainment at the Music Hall, Jan. 23.

Capt. M. F. Geary of East St. Louis instituted a new lodge of the Knights of Honor at Mascoutah.

Leah Lodge, No. 222, will give a charity ball the 19th inst., at Lovingston's Hall.

John M. Gilligan has been appointed Assistant City Clerk.

BELLEVILLE NEWS.

Coal Miners' Wages Reduced—Attempted Burglary—Notes and Gossip.

The coal miners employed at Garfside Mine, No. 3, have been notified of a reduction of wages. Though the cut is small, the miners are very much dissatisfied, but are not expected to strike. The amount of the decrease is 3 cents per box. It is claimed that no general decrease in the wages of miners is threatened.

Miss Annie Wurms, whose parents formerly resided here, died in St. Louis, aged 22 years. The remains were brought here for interment at Walnut Hill.

A burglar attempted to enter the dwelling of Louis Gebhard on South Spring street. He was discovered, but escaped.

Marriage licenses were issued to C. A. Coder of St. Louis and Hulda Zeller of Belleville, Thomas Green and Julia Combs of Madison.

August Schuls, Tax Collector of Fayetteville, filed a bond of $11,500.

Rudolph Serth has succeeded Henry Volkenning as Postmaster at Lansburg.

Martin Lynch fell down a stairway at the Harrison Mill and broke his left arm.

Miss Hulda Zeller of Belleville was married to Mr. Charles Coder of St. Louis, Rev. G. W. Shepherd performed the ceremony.

P. J. Sullivan of Hoodhouse, who was here visiting his brother, J. P. Sullivan, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Aulp of St. Louis were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Feickert.

Miss Eugenia Cochems is entertaining Miss Iona Moll of St. Louis.

Miss Lottie Hicks of Pittsburg, who was the guest of Mrs. John Harris, has returned home.

C. D. W. Holder and family have returned from Waco, Tex.

Religious Notes.

Friday will be reception day at the Rephsheh Rescue Home. Dr. Caradine will have charge of the service. Mrs. Anderson, matron of the Door of Hope in New York, will lead the exercises from 2 to 4 p. m. She will speak from her five years' experience in the Gotham Rescue Home.

Dr. Carradine will lead the Holiness meeting Friday at 2 p. m. at the Christian Advocate office, 1104 Lebanon place.

STANDARD SCALES. DIEBOLD SAFES.
STANDARD SCALE & FIXTURES CO.,
321 N. THIRD ST. and 319 N. FOURTH ST., ST. LOUIS.
STORE TRUCKS. COFFEE MILLS.

NOT IN THE COMBINE.
LANGAN LIVERY CO.
See rates; finest carriages. Theater trips, $2.50; depot, $1.50; party calls, $3.50; funerals, $4. Tel. 7,545. Cor. 24th and Locust sts.

DEATHS.

BARRETT—On Jan. 2, at 5 p. m., Robert Barrett. Funeral from the family residence, 1614 North Eighteenth, on Saturday, Jan. 5, at 2 p. m., to St. Lawrence O'Toole's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

BRADSHAW.—On Thursday, January 3, John Carter Bradshaw, aged 63 years and 23 days. Funeral from family residence, 2402 Sarah street, at 3 o'clock p. m., Friday, January 4. Washington (D. C.) and Kansas City papers please copy.

CHAPMAN—On Wednesday, Jan. 2, 1895, at 12:05 o'clock p. m., Jane Chapman, widow of the late Benjamin Chapman, aged 84 years. Funeral from residence, 3113A Pennsylvania avenue, Friday, Jan. 4, 1895, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family invited to attend. Cincinnati, Pittsburg and New Orleans papers please copy.

COYNE—Wednesday, Jan. 2, Patrick, beloved husband of Catherine Coyne, aged 48 years. Funeral from family residence, 2234 Division street, Friday, Jan. 4, at 2 p. m. Deceased was a member of Wheeler Lodge, No. 288, A. O. U. W., and a member of the Stonemasons' Labor Protective Association.

DIEDERICH—On Tuesday, Jan. 1, at 11 a. m., after a brief illness, Henry G. Diederich, beloved son of Charlotte Diederich, aged 32 years 9 months and 15 days. Funeral Friday, Jan. 4, at 2 p. m., from family residence, 2218 St. Louis avenue. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

KENNEDY—On the 2d inst., at 3 a. m., Margaret Kennedy, nee Callahan, aged 26 years, beloved wife of James F. Kennedy. Funeral from the family residence, No. 4469 Clayton road, on Friday, the 4th inst., at 1:30 p. m., to St. Cronan's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family invited to attend.

KENNEDY—Wednesday, Jan. 2, at Lemay, Mo., Joseph Kennedy, beloved husband of Mary Kennedy, aged 44 years. Funeral from St. Alphonsus' Rock Church Friday, the 4th inst., at 10 a. m., to Calvary Cemetery.

MILLER.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, January 1, 1895, at Sturgeon, Mo., Mrs. Amy Isabelle Miller, (nee Mack), beloved wife of John P. Miller. Funeral from the residence of parents, 2304 Cook avenue, Friday, January 4, 1895, at 3 o'clock p. m. Friends invited. New York, Denver (Colo.) and Memphis papers please copy.

SMIT.—On Thursday, January 3, at 11 o'clock, a. m., Dora Smit, wife of Morris H. Smit. Funeral from 1309 Hickory street, Sunday, January 6, at 2 o'clock p. m.

WALSH—On Jan. 3, at 10 p. m., Rosanna Walsh, aged 59 years, beloved wife of Julius Walsh. Funeral from the family residence, 2007 Dickson, on Friday, Jan. 4, at 2 p. m., to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family invited to attend.

SCOTT'S ABDUCTORS.

Farmer Moss Elliott Arrested as One of the Suspects.

O'NEIL, Neb., Jan. 3.—John Schmidt identified Moss Elliott as one of the abductors of Barrett Scott, the embezzling treasurer, said to be lynched, and Elliott was arrested by a posse of citizens. Elliott is an ordinary farmer of Scottville, with carroty whiskers and a determined, unconcerned expression. He is a Populist. Elliott denied his guilt, but refused to tell where he was Monday.

Scott's friends are coming in by scores, armed with revolvers, and declaring their intention to stay until the defaulting ex-treasurer is avenged.

Some believe that Scott's body was thrown in the Niobrara River. Sheriff Hamilton's posse tracked the wagon in which Scott was abducted to within a few miles of the river, where all trace of it was lost. Residents of that section say that a large number of armed men have been seen there lately.

IRON AND STEEL.

Prospect of an Increased Demand With the Coming of the New Year.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 3.—The Iron Trade Review this week will say: What is or is not done in iron and steel in the last week of an old year and the first week of a new year does not signify so much as the indications as to the future business that are at such times most closely scanned. There may be more of hope than of prophecy in the general confidence expressed that the new year is to be one of enlarged demand, but the old reason for this belief still holds good, as most frequently applied to the railroads—that as imperative requirements have not been met yet, they soon must be. It is nowhere believed that the railroads can go through another year with purchases of less than three-quarters of a million tons of rails for both new mileage and renewals, and the immediate developments as to rail contracts are no more promising than a month ago.

In active business through the holiday week the East appears to lead, with Chicago and the Central West quite in line. At Philadelphia inquiries received both in raw and finished goods indicate that January will exceed expectations. Eastern furnaces are holding prices steadily and have accumulated little stock. The November increase in coke iron stocks in Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio furnace yards are responsible for the weakness evidenced in these sections the past fortnight. With Bessemer still selling at $10 and $10.15 at Pittsburg is admittedly the cost for some furnaces.

Became Suddenly Insane.

SEDALIA, Mo., Jan. 3.—J. M. Stafford, a well-known commercial traveler in Central Missouri for a St. Louis grocery house, became violently insane to-day and will be sent to the asylum. Stafford suffered great agony at times, with an affection of the kidneys. Contrary to the advice of his physician, he began carrying a hypodermic syringe while on the road in case of an emergency. He soon grew into a morphine fiend of the worst type.

Burial Permits.

Margaret Kennedy, 26, 4406 Clayton avenue; osteo-myelitis.

Honorah Walsh, 50, 2007 Dickson street; inflammation.

James McGrath, 58, 3113 Pine street; apoplexy.

Mary Jones, 70, Poor-house; apoplexy.

Eliza Giles, 56, 2901 Manchester road; debility.

Charles Jaeger, 40, City Hospital; suicide.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

LOOKING FOR PLACES.

An Army of Negro Ward Workers Seeking Positions at Jefferson City.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 3.—Charles H. Turner, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Council, is here looking after places for the St. Louis negro workers, of whom there is a small army present. He expects to get the cloak room for George Boldrew, and to land James Cox and J. D. Russell in committee clerkships.

FIVE IN THE FIELD.

Candidates Against Elkins for the Senatorship in West Virginia.

WHEELING, W. Va., Jan. 3.—The formal announcement of the candidacy of Hon. Jas. Hutchinson, a lawyer of Parkersburg, and that of Hon. N. E. Whitaker, a rich manufacturer of this city, for the United States Senate were made to-day. This makes five candidates against Stephen B. Elkins. The Legislature meets next week, and one of the hottest fights ever witnessed in the political life of the State is looked for. Elkins' chances for the Senate are dwindling.

Legislative Notes.

Democrats have twelve and Republicans eleven members of the New Mexico Territorial House. It takes thirteen to make a quorum. Republicans refuse to come in.

The Maine Senate voted to adopt Reed's rules of procedure. The House voted down the measure.

City Councilmen and officers of Kansas cities are meeting at Topeka to recommend legislation.

Senator James McMillan received the Republican caucus nomination for full-term Senator from Michigan.

Over a dozen candidates are asking for the postmastership of the Illinois House of Representatives.

THE SENATE.

Tardy Democrats Almost Lose Control of the Organization.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 3.—Senators Walker, Goody, Koontz and Morrissey, all Democrats, were absent from the Senate when the session opened, and, but for the alertness of Lieut.-Gov. O'Meara, who sent a page to Senator Peers, the organization would have been captured by the Republicans, who were all in their places. It was an extremely close call, but consequences were avoided by an adjournment until 2 p. m.

Mr. O'Meara said that this incident resulted from the habitual reliance of members on the overwhelming Democratic majorities that have hitherto prevailed, and hinted at conviviality and late hours as a source of great danger to the Democrats in this regard. Republican members are openly jubilant, and are prepared to take instant advantage of any similar neglect in the future.

The Republicans opposed the motion to take a recess, and the vote finally stood 16 ayes to 15 noes for adjournment. The Democrats were in the minority when the roll-call began, but enough were found and hustled into the chamber to save the day.

TWO WEEKS IN SECRET.

Democrats Have Been Trying to Agree on Senate Organization.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 3.—The Democratic Senators have been in secret session two hours each day for two weeks. They chose for Secretary Cornelius Roach, the former Secretary of Jasper County; George T. Dunn of Lincoln County, President pro tem.; Robert Lozier of the Democratic State Committee of Carrollton for Assistant Secretary; W. M. Smith of St. Louis for Official Reporter; J. T. Wells of Bollinger County for Sergeant-at-Arms; U. V. McBride of Johnson County for Doorkeeper; Rev. Mr. Davis of Cole County for Chaplain; Mr. Ellis of Henry County for Folder, and Billy Jones of Callaway; Wm. Martin of St. Louis and Jack Gray of Moniteau for Pages.

The Senate Republican caucus, which met in the afternoon made the following complimentary nominations to be voted on to-day; President pro tem., James P. O'Bannon of Dallas; Secretary, C. D. Morris of Grundy; Assistant Secretary, C. E. Curtis of Newton; Official Reporter, W. H. Saunders of St. Louis; Sergeant-at-Arms, A. L. Evans of Adair; Chaplain, Rev. A. J. Bradley; Doorkeeper, James Frick, Jefferson City; Folder, T. W. Wells of Barton. This is understood to be the organization that will prevail if the Republicans should come into control of the Senate during the present session by the death, resignation or desertion of a sufficient number of the Democrats.

Taken altogether, the choice of officers in caucus was effected by both branches with extreme tameness, but the selection of employes by the Republicans of the House was not completed until about midnight.

THE CAUCUS SLATES.

The slate arranged at the caucus of the Republicans of the House is as follows:

The work was not completed until 2:30 a. m. to-day.

Speaker—B. F. Russell, Crawford County.

Engrossing Clerk—Harvey L. Eads, Carrollton.

Enrolling Clerk—J. A. Richardson, Seymour County.

Doorkeeper—G. H. Pountain, Moniteau.

Sergeant-at-arms—J. C. Eldridge, Greene County.

Official Reporter—Sam Kellar, Pulaski.

Chaplain—Rev. E. B. Little, Trenton.

Folding Clerk—Giles Bell, Calloway.

Bell is a colored man. His only competitor was J. Silas Harris of Kansas City. There was a raid of colored men for doorkeeper and folding clerk, but this was the only place awarded them.

It took the Democratic Senators four hours in secret session to agree upon the Senate organization, notwithstanding the fact that there were no contests for the principal offices. Lieut.-Gov. O'Meara presided, and Senator John F. Morton of Ray was Secretary. For President pro tem Senator G. F. Dunn of Lincoln was nominated by acclamation. A. Cornelius Roach of Jasper, the old Secretary, had no opposition for the position, but a bitter contest was sprung for the office of assistant. The candidates were R. E. Lozier of Carroll, Frank Farris of Crawford and W. F. Townsend of Jefferson. The nomination was finally captured by Lozier. The other nominations were:

Chaplain—Rev. C. G. Davis of Cole.

Official Reporter—Will Smith of St. Louis.

Doorkeeper—U. A. McBride of Johnson.

Folder—Charles Allison of Henry.

Pages—Willie Jones of Calloway, Wm. Martin of St. Louis, Jack Gray of Moniteau.

KEEP SILENT.

Dr. Kielty Says Women Must Do So in the Church.

The Scriptures Forbid Their Speaking in Places of Worship.

HOLY ANGELS' PASTOR ANSWERS AN ARTICLE IN A WOMAN'S PAPER.

Says That Women Should Wear Veils During Church Services—Some, He Asserts, Now Come Into Church Adorned Like Actresses, and the Apostle Paul Would Be Shocked if He Could See Them.

In the Sunday Post-Dispatch there was published as a piece of reprint, an article taken from The Queen, in which comment was made on Mrs. Butler's recent speech on the well-known scriptural text ordering the silence of women in the church. The passage is in I. Cor., 24, 34, 35. The revised version runs thus: "Let the women keep silent in the churches, for it is not permitted unto them to speak; but let them be in subjection, as also saith the law. * * * It is shameful for a woman to speak in the church."

The article in The Queen was an argument to show that what the pasage meant was that women should not chatter and babble in church. Some one sent a clipping of the article to Rev. F. M. Kielty of the Holy Angels' with a request that he interpret the text, and Fr. Kielty accordingly sends the following to the Post-Dispatch on the subject:

FR. KIELTY'S INTERPRETATION.

The inclosed clipping appeared in Sunday's issue of your paper and has been sent to me by Monday's afternoon mail, with a pencil mark calling my attention to the interpretation given to the apostle's language. A note acompanied the clipping asking me if that interpretation was orthodox. And to answer through the medium of the Post-Dispatch, I will now try to set forth against that erroneous interpretation of the apostle's teaching, the true and revised teaching of the church on it.

The word to speak, according to Worcester's Dictionary, is used in the sense of to preach or fo address an audience. It means to utter a set discourse; to make a speech; to harangue; to discourse—to talk as an advocate, etc. Speak thou the things that become sound doctrine. Titus, 2, 1.

If the Apostle only meant to tell the women, as boys are told to-day, not to talk in church, why did he not also tell the men they should not talk or chatter in church?

It is plain from the context that the Apostle is at considerable pains to direct his new congregations and lays down rules of conduct that must be observed by them when they assemble. It is evident St. Paul had been asked to give judgment, whether men should cover or uncover their heads in public prayer,whether women should do the same. In ancient times the veil was regarded as a sign of subjection. The uncovered head was a sign of freedom. Quite the opposite idea now prevails, and a superior is addressed with uncovered head, as a mark of respect, but this idea was in those days unknown. The Jews always prayed, as they do now, with covered head. A distinguished Biblical scholar considers that the Greeks prayed and sacrificed bareheaded, as if to indicate that they were not afraid of their gods. But two Greek expositors say that Christians prayed to God with long hair and heads covered, in the Greek manner. Aeneas (who did not of course come from Greece) is said to have introduced into Italy the custom of sacrificing with veiled head lest, Virgil says in the third book of the Aeneid, the priest should see or hear some unfavorable omen; but in the opinion of Plutarch, quoted by an interpreter, as a sign of humiliation and subjection to God. There seems, they say, to be some uncertainty as to the custom of antiquity, but a general consent as regarding the veil as a sign of subjection. St. Paul's decision is, that a man should pray with head uncovered, as free and lord of the world, but a woman with head veiled, in token of subjection of her sex to that of man.

We read that the Corinthian women had always been accustomed to go about unveiled, and with their countenances and heads exposed to view. This had become so confirmed a custom that the Corinthian Christians unsuspectingly introduced it into their church, and doubtless found arguments to defend it. There was, in fact, variety of local custom in such matters, and each might find some considerations which were not unreasonable in its support. For this reason they applied to the Apostle for a general rule to secure uniformity of practice.

Long hair is given to women for a protection and symbol of modesty. She wears a veil for the same purpose. If she rejects her veil, the artificial symbol of modesty, let her also reject that which nature has given her. No woman ever shaves her head; or cuts her hair short if she can help it. Let her therefore wear the veil with the same object in view. With what eyes would the Apostle have viewed the absence of costume of some women of our days, who appear in church at weddings! With what words would he describe the theatrical adornment of many of them, as they enter the churches, and even approach the altars! They come like actresses, less to supplicate God than to insult him.

The Apostle after having laid down a general law as to how women should appear in churches, passes on to tell them to be silent in the churches; that it was not permitted them to speak; but to be subject, as also the law says.

The Bible does not permit women to speak in public assemblies. Nor is it permitted by Christ's appointment. The law says (Gen. 3, 16): "Thou shalt be under thy husband's power, and he shall have power over thee." It is, besides, inconsistent with modesty and propriety for a woman to teach publicly in the church. This is a question upon which the Apostle thinks it necessary to insist, owing to the tenacity with which the Corinthian Christians held to their custom. The Corinthian women were devoted to the interests of the religion which they had just embraced, showing a zeal so ardent that it early became necessary to forbid them to teach and preach in public. The boldness with which they assumed these functions of the ministry, praying and prophesying with unsyrovered heads and without a veil, their ardent zeal and ambition increased the confusion in the churches; for side by side with prophets, prophetesses were seen to rise up and speak, and gave too literal an interpretation to the words whereby the Apostle proclaimed their liberty in the faith. They contended openly with men, both by word and argument, in their assemblies, discoursing in public and with bare heads. These acts of freedom were all the more shocking since, at these meetings, many of the men retained the custom in Judea and Rome of praying with veiled brows.

The disorderly conduct at the religious gatherings in Corinth were owing to the forwardness of the women, as well as the gross rivalries which were dishonoring the holy talk. In consequence of this St. Paul forbade all interference as well as all public speaking on the part of women, while in the holy house, and commanded them not to appear therein without veiled heads, out of respect for the angels that surround our altars, but most of all out of modesty, and to avoid the vulgar gaze.

The Apostle put an end to the controversy by cutting the Gordian knot with the two-edged sword of apostolic decree and Christian custom.

Those who love controversy may continue to cavil; but for women to pray unveiled in public is contrary to the ordinance of the Apostles and the custom of the church of God.

F. M. KIELTY,
Holy Angels Church.

ST. LOUIS WOMAN PREACHER.

While there are many ladies in St. Louis who speak in churches in the sense that Fr. Kielty days comes under the injunction of the Apostle Paul, there is only one who is a regularly ordained preacher and has a church. She is the Rev. Ella Bartlett, the pastor of the St. Louis Universalist Society. Miss Bartlett is a graduate of the St. Lawrence University at Canton, N. Y., and was regularly ordained as a minister at Lockport, N. Y., in 1877. Before coming to St. Louis she was the pastor of a church at Madison, Wis., for five years.

TRIPLE BLESSING.

Dr. S. I. Woods' Sight Restored and His Wife and Child Found.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Dr. S. I. Woods, a private patient at the hospital of the Eye, Ear and Throat, at the corner of Thirteenth street and Second avenue, waits through the long hours of the base of almost total darkness with a greater anxiety of the finding of his wife and baby girl than of the glad tidings from the doctor that the bandages are to be removed from his eyes, his sight having been restored.

Mrs. Woods and her child were found yesterday, but not by the aid of the police, who have been scientifically hunting for them since Oct. 26, when they disappeared. Dr. Woods cannot be told the good news for fear of shock. He has just undergone an operation for cataract, from which he has suffered since his birth, and the greatest care has to be taken that he is not unduly excited. The surgeons are certain that his sight will be restored and that the world, which he has seen as through a mist for many years will be bright and beautiful to him on Friday. The opening of his eyes will reveal to him his wife and child, and the days of dread in the darkness will have passed away, leaving the light and life of happiness. Dr. Woods is a famous physician of Kansas City, Mo. He is connected with the best families of the West and South and is a man of remarkable attainments. He is one of a long line of men who have been distinguished in medicine, religion and the laws. His affliction of the eyes was no check to his ambition, but rather an obstacle, whose overcoming made him strong. He could not read until he was 17, but at 23 he was recognized as a doctor of great promise.

He also served with distinction as a lawyer, but had to give up practice because of his poor sight. He is one of the best amateur violinists in America. His knowledge of medicine is profound, and he is well known as a lecturer in colleges. He was for some time prominent as a physician in the Pension Bureau at Washington.

Mrs. Woods is known in Kansas City society, her wit and learning, together with her beauty, having won her a host of friends. She is of an emotional and imaginative temperament, fond of all that savors of romance. She is also a woman of great ambition.

Last spring Dr. Woods' sister, Mrs. Stewart, who lives in New York, asked Mrs. Woods to come East, with her little girl and visit her. The Stewarts have a beautiful place, near Bar Harbor, and Dr. Woods readily agreed that it would be a splendid change for his wife and child. She came East with the baby. Tho summer wore away and the party returned to town. Mrs. Woods seemed infatuated with New York, and declared she could live nowhere else. The light and life of the metropolis could not be duplicated in Kansas City, and Mrs. Woods, being a woman of resource, resolved that she would bring her husband on here.

She started Oct. 26 ostensibly for her home in the West. She had her baggage sent to the Grand Central Station, but rechecked it to a boarding-house on Seventeenth street. There she stayed three days. From there she could not be traced until yesterday, when she sent a letter to her relatives, announcing that she was living at Twenty-fourth street, and was glad that her husband had given up his position in the West, as they could be very happy here.

She has had her way, but her husband has suffered the keenest anxiety, and the police have been dutifully diligent in searching for her. They will be notified today that they may cease their hunting and rest until the next mystery is to be solved.

WAS HIS WIFE.

Mrs. John Mulford Wins Her Case at Hermann.

Judge Hirzel held an adjourned term of the Circuit Court of Gasconade County at Hermann Wednesday and sustained the ruling of the Probate Court in the case of Mulford vs. Mulford. In rendering his decision Judge Hirzel said that the facts in the case clearly establish a common-law marriage and that the plaintiff,as widow of John Mulford, was clearly entitled to administer his estate. The motion to set aside the letter of administration granted to William Mulford was sustained.

Immediately after the reading of the decision, Attorney Estes, for the defendant, filed a motion for a new trial, which was overruled. The Court also refused to grant an appeal to the Supreme Court. The defendant was, however, granted an appeal to the Kansas City Court of Appeals on filing bond in the sum of $5,000 within ten days and further granted defendant thirty days in which to file a bill of exceptions.

PERHAPS SHE'S ONLY FOOLING.

Advertises for Her Husband But Doesn't Care Whether He's Found or Not.

Mrs. Lewis of 1212 Pendleton avenue has lost her husband and is advertising for him in the newspapers. The Post-Dispatch was willing to help Mrs. Lewis in the search for her other half and sent a reporter to see the lady. Mrs. Lewis acknowledged having had the misfortune to lose Mr. Lewis, but when asked for a photograph of him she wouldn't give one. The reporter suggested that by publishing the portrait the husband might more easily be found.

"I don't care a rap whether he's found or not," she replied.

"If you advertised for Mr. Lewis you certainly must be anxious to find him," said the reporter.

She laughed and said: "That's my business."

Then the reporter asked her if she had not been advised by a lawyer to put the advertisement in the papers as a preliminary step toward a divorce, and she smiled very sweetly and answered: "I won't tell you," and shut the door.

The reporter went to 1815 O'Fallon street, where Mr. and Mrs. Lewis formerly lived, but was told that the couple had left about four months ago. There is a young girl employed in the bakery at Eighteenth and O'Fallon streets who used to be an intimate friend of the Lewis family. When told that Mrs. Lewis had lost her husband and was advertising for him, she did not seem to be surprised and remarked, "I always thought it would come to this. Mrs. Lewis is a very sweet woman, but her husband was not very devoted to her. He left her at times and always gave as an excuse that his business called him on the road. I guess he's run away for good."

Lewis was formerly a drummer, but gave up his business some time ago and studied law, and after reading Blackstone awhile he quit doing anything.

CLEVELAND IN 1896.

Talk in New York of a Third Term as President.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—William Sumner Wise, an old friend of President Cleveland, caused a ripple in the Fifth Avenue Hotel by saying:

"I would not be at all surprised to see President Cleveland renominated in 1896. Stranger things have happened. He may regain his popularity by 1896 and be elected to a third term. I know it sounds queer for me to say what I do, but I am not out of my mind, and I have no wheels in my head. I do not wish to be sensational either. Cleveland has brains and backbone and a future."

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

Clarence Stewart of Centralia, 11 years old, won the first prize at the State Declamatory contest at Monroe City.

Nugents

GREAT CLEARING SALE

REMNANT DAY, To-Morrow,

Will Be Full of Cash Bargains.

Such Values as These Will Not Go Long Unclaimed.

Silks. Silks.

White Crystal Bengalines, reduced from 89 cents yard, to **25 Cents**

Best quality Satin Brocade Duchesse, reduced from $1.50 and $1.85 to **69 Cents**

Best quality Colored Crystal Bengalines, good line of colors, reduced from $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00 to **75 Cents**

Large lot of Pure Silk Colored Satin Duchesse, full line of street shades, reduced from $1.74 to **94 Cents**

Dress Goods.

Everything Cut!
Everything Reduced!

38-inch Fancy Covert Cloths and Fancy Checks, all pure wool, reduced from 40 cents yard to **25 Cents**

All Pure Wool 46-inch Cheviots, in a variety of colorings, all new stylish goods, reduced from 65c yard to **39 Cents**

All-Wool French Serges, reduced from 50c to **38 Cents**

All-Wool DeBeiges, 48 inches wide, in irridescent and plain colorings, reduced from $1.00 to **54 Cents**

46-inch French Henriettas, in all colors, reduced from 75 cents yard to **58 Cents**

All-Wool Dollar Quality French Serges, 50-inch, reduced to **78 Cents**

French Broadcloths, 52 inches wide, reduced from $1.28 to **94 Cents**

Wash Goods.

Simpson's Illuminated Silver Gray Calicoes, dress styles, regular price 7½ cents yard, reduced to **4 Cents**

Best quality Mourning Calicoes, dress styles, reduced from 7½ cents to **4 Cents**

32-inch Printed English Percales, splendid patterns, reduced from 10c yard to just half price, **5 Cents**

100 pieces Printed Twills in a choice line of dark dress styles, reduced from 8 4-3c to **5 Cents**

100 pieces Bourette Dress Style Ginghams, splendid value at 10 cents yard, reduced to **5 Cents**

Boys' Clothing.

Great reductions in Boys' Overcoats and Ulsters.

25 Per Cent Off

On every Cape Overcoat or Ulster in the entire stock; take your choice; you can buy any of them from the cheapest to the finest at a quarter less than the marked selling price.

MILITARY CAPE OVERCOATS. TRIPLE CAPE COATS AND ULSTERS; NONE RESERVED.

Also,

200 Boys' Double-Breasted Suits, the $3.50 and $4.00 qualities, At **$2.48**

Men's and Boys' Winter Gloves.

Boys' Imported Scotch Gloves, heavy weight, regular price 45c, Friday at **29 Cents**

Men's Heavy All-Wool Double Knit Mittens, were 39c, Friday at **27 Cents**

Men's Heavy Cashmere Wool Jersey Gloves, reduced from 50c to **35 Cents**

Men's Fine Cashmere Jersey Gloves, regular price 35c, Friday at **24 Cents**

Ladies' Heavy Colored Skirts.

Ladies' Heavy Melton Cloth Skirt, box plait and finished with band above, reduced from $1.00 to **69 Cents**

Ladies' Heavy Fine Black Sateen Skirt, with flounce, embroidered in silk, lined with fast black Canton cloth, regular price $1.47, Friday at **$1.00**

Cloaks and Wraps.

Lot of Children's Elderdown Cloaks, lined throughout, trimmed with Angora fur, sizes 1 to 3 years, reduced from 75c to **35C each**

Lot of Ladies' Jackets in black and colors, some plain and some fur trimmed, odds and ends of various lots, regular prices $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00 each, all reduced to **$1.00 each**

Lot of Ladies' House Wrappers, made of splendid fleece-lined flannelette, full sleeves and large ruffle over shoulders, all new wool effects, all sizes, reduced from $1.50 to **98 Cents**

Men's and Boys' Underwear.

Men's Heavy Camel Hair and Heavy All Wool Shirts and Drawers, regular price $1.00 each, Friday at **53 Cents**

Men's Fine Imported Heavy Ribbed Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, full fashioned, regular price $1.75 each, Friday at **$1.00 each**

Men's Heavy English Merino Shirts and Drawers, reduced from $1.23 each, Friday at **89 Cents**

Men's Heavy Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, reduced from $1.31, Friday at **97 Cents**

Boys' Heavy Natural Wool Mixed Shirts, sold all season at 50c, reduced to **27 Cents**

Boys' Heavy Camel Hair Shirts and Drawers at nearly half price, splendid value at $1.00 each, Friday at **59 Cents**

Boys' Heavy All-Wool Medicated Scarlet Shirts and Drawers, reduced from 66c and 75c each to **43 Cents**

Men's Shirts.

Men's Extra Fine White and Colored Laundered Shirts, Manhattan and Star make, everybody's price $1.50 and $2.00, Friday at **98 Cents**

Men's Heavy Flannel Shirts, neat colors, reduced from $1.25 to **63 Cents**

Ladies' and Children's Underwear.

Ladies' Heavyweight Ribbed Balbriggan Vests, high neck, short sleeves, reduced from 50 cents, Friday at **29 Cents**

Ladies' Fine Merino Jersey Ribbed Vests and Pants, reduced from 75 cents to **35 Cents**

Ladies' Extra Fine Merino Union Suits, high neck, long sleeves, ankle lengths, small sizes only, regular price $2.50, Friday at **98 Cents**

Ladies' Fine Quality, All-Wool Black Equestrienne Tights, reduced from $2.00, Friday at **$1.19**

Children's Fine Jersey Ribbed Merino Vests and Pantalettes, high neck, long sleeves, regular price 55c and 67c, Friday at **39 Cents**

Children's Heavy Gray Wool Mixed Underwear, regular price 50c and 60c, Friday at **29 Cents**

Bedding Bargains.

Raw Silk Slumber Robes, in bright colors, reduced from $1.00 each to **65 Cents**

If you need BLANKETS, buy them now. We are overstocked and have reduced them to ridiculous prices.

$1.50 Blankets reduced to **98c pair**

$3.50 All-Wool Blankets reduced to **$2.31 pair**

$4.50 All-Wool Blankets reduced to **$2.98 pair**

$5.00 All-Wool Blankets reduced to **$3.69 pair**

$6.50 All-Wool Blankets reduced to **$4.73 pair**

Great Reductions in Bed Comforters.

50 Comforts reduced to **38 Cents**

75 Comforts reduced to **56 Cents**

100 Comforts reduced to **72 Cents**

125 Comforts reduced to **83 Cents**

150 Comforts reduced to **98 Cents**

Linens.

10 pieces 72-inch Fine Silver Bleached Damask, regular price $1.15, At **78c yd**

15 pieces All-Linen Irish Damask, regular price 75c, At **49c yd**

2-yard Fine German Linen Cloths, plain white and fancy borders, regular price $1.50, At **$1.10**

150 pairs All-Linen Full-Size Pillow Cases with plain and double hemstitching, regular price $1.35 pair, At **98c pr**

75 pieces 18-inch Heavy Barnsley Crash, all linen, regular price 12½c, At **8 1-3c yd**

25 dozen 5-4 Knotted Fringe Euchre Cloths in fancy colors, regular price 85c, At **49c each**

50 dozen 2-yard Momie Sideboard Scarfs in fancy colored centers, regular price 45c, At **29c each**

Leather Goods.

Reliable Ansonia Clocks, in imitation lizard skin cases, reduced from $1.75, now we charge you for the clock and throw in the case, **Friday, 75 Cents**

Chatelaine Bags in imitation seal leather, with silvered chain and ornaments, reduced from 25c, **Friday, 15 Cents**

Jewelry.

Black Bead Chains, lorgnette or opera style, reduced from 50c, **Friday, 25 Cents**

Pretty Enameled Link Cuff Buttons, reduced from 25c, **Friday, 15 Cents**

Toilet Articles.

Mirrors at half price.

Beveled edge Hand Mirrors in imitation lizard skin, reduced from $1.50, **Friday, 75 Cents**

J. A. Sangulangue's Face Powder in flesh or white, reduced from 25c, **Friday, 10 Cents**

Silverware.

Enameled Filigree Jewel Boxes, satin lined, reduced from $1.00, **Friday, 50 Cents**

Fancy Silver-plated Pin Trays, reduced from 15 cents, **Friday, 10 Cents**

Art Goods.

Fancy Figured Repp Sofa Pillows, reduced from 98c, **Friday, 50 Cents**

Japanese Embroidered Silk Squares, reduced from 92 cents **Friday, 75 Cents**

Furs.

Child's White Coney Fur Sets, reduced from 95c, **Friday, 48 Cents**

Ladies' Black Fur Muffs, reduced from 75 cents, **Friday, 35 Cents**

Ribbons at Great Reductions.

A lot of odds and ends, in Fine All-Silk Ribbons, were 7½c a yard, **3c yd**

No. 22 Best Quality All-Silk Satin Edge Ribbon, was 23c a yard, **10c yd**

Remnants Almost Given Away.

Fans. Fans.

Do Not Miss This Opportunity.

Ladies' Fine China Silk Fans, full size, good decorations and with embossed sticks, price was 75c; will close out on Friday At **25 Cents**

Handkerchiefs.

Ladies' Lace Edge Sheer Quality Handkerchiefs, with colored borders, were 15c each; clearing sale price, **9 Cents**

Child's Colored Border Hemmed Handkerchiefs, put up 3 in a fancy box, were 15c; clearing sale price, **10c box**

Ladies' Linen Initial.

Ladies' Hemstitched Unlaundered Hand Embroidered Initial Handkerchiefs, pure linen, a clearing sale bargain. At **10 Cts.**

Men's Fine Japanese Silk Handkerchiefs, extra quality, were 75c each; clearing sale price, **50 Cents**

Men's Sweaters.

Men's Splendid All-Wool Sweaters, in black, navy or white, at a bargain, reduced from $1.75 each to **$1.19**

BIG STAKE ENTRIES.

The Futurity of 1897 Has 314 Nominations.

PROMINENT HORSEMEN NEGLECT THE GREAT TRIAL AND DOUBLE EVENT.

These Stakes Are to Be Run This Season—Manager Buckenberger in Conference With President Von der Ahe—Fred Hoey Sails for Europe—Billy Thompson Arrested—Sporting News and Gossip.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Entries to the rich stakes of the Coney Island and Brooklyn Jockey Clubs have closed. The Coney Island Club's events are the Futurity for 1897 and great Trial and Double event for 1895. The number of nominations received to these stakes is 314 to the Futurity and forty-nine to the great Trial and forty-two to the Double event.

This is an excellent showing at this time, as many owners wait until the last hour before mailing their selections. Many prominent stables, while making entries to the Futurity, have not entered any youngsters for the great Trial or the Double event. Among the owners who have overlooked these valuable prizes are Richard Croker, August Belmont, Michael F. Dwyer, J. W. Rogers, Byron McClelland, G. Waulbaum, C. Fleishman, J. B. Haggin and the Brookdale Stables. Many of them no doubt will be heard from later.

Marcus Daly heads the list in nominations to the Futurity, being credited with fifty-two entries. Maj. Hancock and L. O. Appleby are also heavy nominators, while Gideon & Daly, R. W. Walden, W. C. Hardy, S. Sanford & Sons, Perry Belmont, S. S. Brown, J. A. & D. H. Morris, J. E. McDonald, Madison Stables and R. A. Baker are among the list who have entered in all of the stakes.

As the entries to the Brooklyn Club's stakes are only just beginning to come in, no official numbers to these events could be obtained. The annual meeting of the Jockey Club will take place at their office in the Cumberland at noon Thursday.

Madison Results.

The results at Madison Wednesday were as follows:

First race, four and a half furlongs—Tom Karl first, Mandy Brooks second, Mascot third. Time, :58.

Second race, five and a half furlongs—Miss Agnes first, M. A. B. second, Sir Cuthbert third. Time, 1:12½.

Third race, four and a half furlongs—Pink Bloomer first, Paddy Flynn second, Maud Muller third. Time, :53¼.

Fourth race, five and a half furlongs—Pat Woodcock first, Doley Brown second, Imposter third. Time, 1:12.

Fifth race, six and a half furlongs—Gabe Riley first, Ed Beaman second, Gore Jay third. Time, 1:27.

On Other Tracks.

At New Orleans—Van Brunt, Dr. Park, Old Dominion, Wahatchie and Jim Henry.

At Alexander Island—Mikey B., Bobolink, Prince John, Joyeuse and Cheddar.

At San Francisco—Maj. Cook, imp. Empire, Tartarian, Hanford and Queen Bee.

MANAGER BUCKENBERGER.

The Browns' New Pilot in Conference With President Von der Ahe.

Albert C. Buckenberger, the Browns' new manager, was in conference all Thursday morning with President Von der Ahe, at New Sportsman's Park. Mr. Buckenberger arrived here Wednesday night in response to a telegram from President Von der Ahe, in which his terms were accepted. Mr. Buckenberger will have complete control of the St. Louis Club for the ensuing year, and he is confident he will get satisfactory results out of the team.

"Breitenstein, Hawley and Mason are three good pitchers," said Mr. Buckenberger Wednesday morning, "while Peitz, Miller and Twineham are a trio of excellent catchers. Connor, Quinn, Ely and a good third baseman will hold their own with any in-field in the League. Lyons should fill the gap at third base. He never drank while I was managing the Pittsburg club, and notwithstanding all statements to the contrary, he is not a hard man to handle, when treated properly. His terrific stick work will materially strengthen the St. Louis Browns. I regard young Hogan as one of the coming outfielders. Few men in the League are fast enough to cover the ground he does in the outfield."

MANAGER A. C. BUCKENBERGER.

Mr. Buckenberger managed three penant winning teams in minor leagues, and made his debut in the American Association as manager of the Columbus team in 1889. He remained with Columbus until the Pittsburg management signed him in 1892, and handled the Pirates until released last August.

* * *

When Capt. Billy Joyce walked off the field at Washington last season and left his team without a pilot, the umpire declared the game forfeited and gave it to the opposition by a score of 9 to 0. At the time it was thought Capt. Joyce had gotten the Washington Club in a bad hole. The League rule providing for a fine of $1,000 in case a team quits the field before a game is finished was believed to cover the point, and the public in general expected that President Young would collect the fine from the Wagners. Not a cent was ever paid, however, although just how the Washington club escaped doing so was never made public.

"President Young sent for me the next day," says Capt. Joyce, "and demanded an explanation for my action. It didn't suit him, and he said: 'Don't you know that your action has laid the club liable to a big fine? 'Not in my opinion,' says I; 'the Washington team did not leave the field with me, and when the umpire declared the game forfeited my men were on the diamond ready to resume play. The umpire had authority to replace me and because he failed to do his duty, my action should not be misconstrued.' 'That's another way of looking at it,' was Mr. Young's reply, 'and I guess we'll drop the matter,' said he; and that's how Washington escaped paying the fine," added the Senators' captain.

* * *

"I think the League made a great mistake when it increased the pitching distance," says Jimmy Ryan, Chicago's great outfielder. "Not only did it make pitching a hard task, reducing it to a test of strength rather than skill,but it made batting cheap, and thereby made runs cheap. It helped the batting? Yes, but it's a mistake to think that the public wants to see so much batting and running. In just so much as they are made easier they are less appreciated by the public. Under the new rules any man can walk up to the plate and hit the ball. A good eye no longer counts for anything. For the same reason has base running decreased rather than increased."

* * *

The Cincinnati ball team, now playing at New Orleans, includes a number of professionals, who are well-known in St. Louis. After the first game, the Picayune complimented the boys in the following manner:

"Denny Lyons, whose aldermanic proportions somewhat hinder him while playing, moved about third base like a frisky colt and scraped some hot hits. As a runner Lyons would not win the first prize, but then he is not as slow as some with much less flesh.

"Big Jack Boyle, the renowned first baseman and captain of the Philadelphia team, is a born ball player. He works with such ease and coolness that it seems impossible to rattle him. As a batter he is first class, and his general playing is noteworthy.

"The enthusiasts gave 'Shorty' Fuller, the famous old Pelican shortstop, a fine reception when he appeared on the diamond. Fuller fielded and batted in great style, and those who knew him in the old days are free to admit that he has not gone back a day, and on the contrary, fields his position better."

BILLY THOMPSON ARRESTED.

Charley Mitchell's Old Manager in Trouble at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 3.—W. A. Thompson, well known as Charley Mitchell's manager, and who has been handling a pure food show, which collapsed, was arrested to-night on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, the complainant being J. R. Allen, who bought 5,000 tickets on a speculation, being promised that they would be good for exhibitions held throughout the South. Thompson says the money was turned over to Morris Sachs of Cincinnati, the financial backer of the show.

* * *

Ever since the Coney Island match was declared a draw Young Griffo has borne hard feelings towards Jack McAuliffe. The two pugilists met in New York Monday night and their draw at Coney Island soon became the subject of conversation.

The discussion became a very hot one.

"It was a draw, but I can change the result now," said McAuliffe.

"No, you can't," responded Young Griffo. "It would take a better man than you to do that."

A quick exchange of blows followed. McAuliffe caught Young Griffo on the side of the head and received in turn a clander on the forehead. Young Griffo next swung the right, but the blow only caught McAuliffe's hat, which went sailing into the crowd. By this time the men were pulled apart by their friends.

* * *

Larry Curtis, who is backing Jim Hall, the Australian pugilist, is confident that the embargo against boxing in the Crescent City will soon be raised and that in a short time the sport will be re-established on its old-time basis. He had a long talk with Dominick O'Malley, who assured him that the Attorney-General would soon set aside the injunction hanging over the Olympic Club. It is expected that this will be done in time to allow the club to give a fistic carnival during Mardi Gras week.

* * *

Alec Greggins says he has got backing for $1,000 against Dan Creedon. Kid Lavigne is reported to have said that he was anxious to take on Jack McAuliffe, and speaks of Griffo as very small potatoes indeed. Harlem's "Coffee Cooler" has been presented with a gold repeating watch at the Bedford Music Hall, London. Tom O'Rourke's efforts to bring together Joe Walcott and mysterious Billy Smith have been crowned by failure. Shadow Maher, the Australian middleweight, is out for Jack Dempsey, if the Ryan and Dempsey go fizzles out.

Pugilistic Pointers.

Fred Morris, the "black cyclone," is the latest boxer to express an inclination to go to England. Morris is at present residing in Washington.

To prevent a repetition of the deaths which have occurred of late in the ring, the authorities of Boston will insist on having all the rings padded carefully before any of the clubs are permitted to hold boxing tournaments.

When and if Bob Fitzsimmons starts to train for his fight with Jim Corbett, Asbury Park is the spot that he will probably select to stay at. It is said that he will have Jack Dempsey, Charley White and one of his own brothers to look after him.

PLUCKY FRED HOEY

Will Represent America in the Shooting Festival at Monte Carlo.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Four representative American pigeon shots were to have sailed for Europe on the Majestic. Frank Work, Edgar Murphy, L. S. Thompson and Fred Hoey were going. They had mapped out their plans and were dreaming of big winnings, but Hoey was the only one who finally concluded to go. Hartman & Hubbard declined to give Murphy a leave of absence, while Work and Thompson found that business would retain them. So Hoey started alone. After some preliminary work in England, he will go to Monte Carlo.

PRESIDENT LUSCOMB RETIRES.

The L. A. W. Executive Is Not a Candidate for Re-election.

President Luscomb of the League of American Wheelmen has signified his intention of retiring as an office-holder in the L. A. W. This announcement, coming at this time, when it was thought that Mr. Luscomb had aspirations for another term as President of the L. A. W., is a big surprise and lessens the number of candidates for the L. A. W. Presidency. The L. A. W. ticket will likely be as follows: For President, A. C. Willison of Baltimore; First Vice-President, George Perkins of Boston; Second Vice-President, J. Billingsley of Chicago; Treasurer, H. Morgenthaler, Ohio; Secretary, Abbott Bassett, Chicago; Chairman of the Racing Board, George D. Gideon, Philadelphia. This slate will be presented to the meeting which will be held in New York during the first week in February, and since all the available candidates in the field have been seriously considered it is likely that little or no opposition will develop.

Track Talk.

J. M. Murphy has signed Newcom to ride for him next season.

Billy Barrick has lost his 2-year-old Dentface. Boniface was suffering from pneumonia on arrival at New Orleans.

The recent Melbourne Cup race is said to have been witnessed by 80,000 persons. If this is correct it probably is the biggest attendance on record at a "gate-money" meeting.

A judgment has been entered in a Kentucky court against Col. Jack Chinn in favor of Mrs. Betty L. Crawford. Mrs. Crawford's late husband was at one time partner in Chinn's stable, and the widow claims an interest in the division.

Sporting Notes.

A cocking main for $300 a side took place at Dubuque, Io., Wednesday night. Seven battles were fought. The "Down Towns" won four and the "Eagle Points" three.

The shooting tournament of the Piper City Gun Club at Piper City, Ill., closed Wednesday. Over twenty matches, both at live birds and Peoria black birds were contested.

A large party of St. Louis dealers will visit the Chicago cycling show, Jan. 7 to 12.

The promoters of cycling race meets in Italy have prohibited betting at their meetings.

George Gould will probably fly the commodore's pennant of the Atlantic Yacht Club next season.

Walter Sanger, the Milwaukee wheelman, will continue racing next season. Sanger expects to go South the latter part of February and begin training for the early spring meets.

The N. C. V. of England gave licenses to about sixty professional riders in England during the past year. In England the professional races were not very successful last season.

Lord Dunraven will not use aluminum in the construction of the yacht which is to be sent over here to race for the America's Cup. It has been found that the material will not stand the action of the salt water.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

Labor Items.

The President of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor in New York has offered to provide $10,000 to be paid to the needy cloakmakers at the rate of $1 a pay for shoveling snow and cleaning the streets.

Twenty members of the Pittsburg Railroad Coal Operators' Association have declared war on the Miners' Union.

Fifteen hundred blast furnace men are now out at the Carnegie works at Braddock, Pa.

Two hundred men employed in the 123-inch mill at Homestead, Pa., have struck because of a reduction in wages.

Charles W. Mowbray, the English anarchist, has been indicted in Philadelphia for making seditious speeches.

Prevent the Grip

By building up your system, and purifying and vitalizing your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. The victims of the grip are almost always those who are run down and debilitated by impure or impoverished blood, and whose systems are unable to resist the attacks of disease. Begin now and save long illness and great expense.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills prevent constipation. 25c.

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AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—Mr. John Drew.
GRAND—Thos. Q. Seabrooke.
THE HAGAN.—"Fantasma."
HAVLIN'S—"The Bandit King."
STANDARD—Reilly and Woods.
POPE'S—Continuous Show.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

POPE'S—Continuous Show.
STANDARD—Reilly and Woods.

The Post-Dispatch at one cent is a "snap."

At Jefferson City it isn't the office, but Uncle Filley, who seeks the man.

There is nothing that serves a great city more than an afternoon train service.

The sublimity of cheek was aptly illustrated when Platt called Parkhurst "bossy."

Missouri Democrats will be surprised to learn that the State Capitol did not fall down yesterday.

Emperor William may force us to take his sugar, but we cannot promise to yield in the matter of his poems.

Perhaps Mr. Morgan's protest against Secretary Carlisle was meant as a fair political return for financial favors.

With his vanquished rivals escorting him, Benjamin Franklin Russell marched with "invincible tread" to the Speaker's chair.

With Boss Filley running the Missouri Legislature and Boss Platt the New York body, reform seems about to burst upon us.

If Standard Oil Flagler should find the way from Florida to Texas well greased, other trust people may take a slide too.

The number of Armenians massacred is now placed at 15,000. The Turk is doing his best to put an end to Armenian outrages.

The resolution in the Maine House to adopt Reed's rules has been tabled. Has Mr. Reed opposition at home as well as Mr. McKinley?

There is a Bible on the table of the new Mayor of New York, though it is not clear that it was put there at Mr. Platt's suggestion.

Only eight persons were injured in a Chicago saloon by an explosion of sewer gas. Is it possible that the Chicagoese have been swearing off?

The boy's cat rifle claimed another victim yesterday and it could hope to rival the unfendered trolley car if it worked all the year round.

If Grover Cleveland would "sass" the New York bankers and sit on some of them occasionally his lost popularity in the West might be to some extent recovered.

When the new members of the Missouri House were sworn in, the silence was oppressive. It was not, however, so oppressive as the talk coming later on is likely to prove.

There are Democrats in Florida who are not ashamed to stand by the Standard Oil monopoly. That sort of business should be left to the Republicans. They are in bad company.

When Benjamin Franklin Russell hears himself styled the Thomas Reed of Missouri, it only makes him kick himself the more for not having sufficient confidence in his own prophecy to run for Congress.

"The finances of the State are in excellent condition," says Gov. Morton of New York in his inaugural message. It is to be hoped that the Republicans will keep them so, but they don't do that way with national finances.

When Senator Brice can secure the Marine Band for his reception there should be no trouble in getting it for the celebration in honor of the author of America. But perhaps in Washington patriotism does not have as strong a pull as sugar.

How necessary foreign markets are to us is emphasized by the announcement that the National Live Stock Exchange has issued a letter to every stock exchange in the West calling attention to the importance of prompt and vigorous action in the matter of relieving German, French and Belgian imports from tariff taxation.

As Byrnes has resigned, why not put Dr. Parkhurst at the head of the New York police? He has views as to how the force should be reorganized, and who could carry them out better than himself? He could be spared from the pulpit long enough to remodel the police system so that some other good man could handle it properly.

NO PADRONES FOR ST. LOUIS.

Two padrones have organized for their own profit two gangs of hired newsboys, with sluggers to beat, terrorize and drive off the streets any boy who attempts to sell papers without joining one of the gangs. "The Two Mikes," as they are called, are paid salaries by certain newspapers, and the boys they control are hired to work for the profit of the padrones and are not otherwise in business for themselves. The padrones have formed a newsboy trust to monopolize the sale of papers on the streets and are paid to compel the public to pay 5 cents for the Post-Dispatch and take with it two other papers that are sold to the padrone trust for less than half a cent each.

The Post-Dispatch will not be a party to this conspiracy to extort an involuntary tribute from every man who buys it on the street and to levy a tax of 4 cents on every copy sold. It will not be sold to any dealer who refuses to sell it to readers for 1 cent. The public may be unable to get the paper otherwise than from carriers or news-stands for a few days. But this condition will not last long, and its effect will be healthy. Meanwhile the circulation is booming as never before.

If independent newsboys, free to sell the Post-Dispatch for 1 cent, without fear of any padrone or his thugs, cannot be found in St. Louis, they will be brought here from other cities. There is going to be free trade for newsboys in the sale of St. Louis newspapers, and no trust tax on the reading of the Post-Dispatch.

A FAIR TEST.

The cropping out of more evidence of pernicious activity on the part of Circuit Attorney Zachritz in the Troll bribery cases gives a sharp point to the question of what is to be done to make good the work of election purification.

Is Mr. Zachritz to be permitted to nullify the substantial results of the recent Grand-jury investigation and block all efforts to punish election rascality without any endeavor to checkmate his partisan game?

The Citizens' Safety Committee was organized to discover election crimes and bring the offenders to punishment. It claimed and gained the support of the people of St. Louis on the strength of the these promises and purposes. Is it consistent with the duty of this committee and its attorneys to stand idly by apparently indorsing the defeat of the object for which it was organized and is supported by the people? Is Zachritz master of the committee? Rascality in shielding election offenders is more disastrous to the community than the original crime. That must be crushed down before anything else can be accomplished.

The conduct of the Troll cases will be a fair test of the worth of the election fraud investigation.

AN INCREDIBLE STORY.

The verification of the report that the New York bankers have demanded the dismissal of Secretary Carlisle from the Cabinet would be a fortunate thing for that eminent Kentuckian. It would tend to regain for him some of the esteem of the West and South of which he had so full a measure at one time, but which he has lost since he became Mr. Cleveland's financial puppet.

But it is difficult to credit the story. It is impossible to understand why Wall street should ask for Mr. Carlisle's retirement. There can be no doubt that Wall street would ask this favor at Mr. Cleveland's hands if any advantage were to be gained by it. Wall street has assurance enough to ask anything, and has received sufficient tender consideration from the Administration to warrant the belief that there is no limit to its complacence. Nor would Wall street hesitate to kick a man who had truckled to it if it had reason to suspect a change of attitude. It never lets gratitude stand in the way of greed.

The fact is, there is no reason that Wall street should ask for Mr. Carlisle's retirement. It would be hard to find another man so thoroughly suited to the purposes of the New York bankers—a representative of the South and West who would be so pliant an instrument in securing their ends. Mr. Carlisle has never failed to consult them before taking any step. He has stuck to the gold-redemption, bond-sale policy which has put millions in their pocket and made the national Treasury their financial orange. Although he may have sprung his currency plan a little too soon, yet he has shown gratifying eagerness to amend it to fit the wishes of the banks.

As Secretary of the Treasury Mr. Carlisle is too valuable a man for the New York bankers to lose. The story of their enmity is fishy.

THE SLOW WORLD.

Nearly half a century ago Mrs. Amelia Bloomer, whose death is announced, started a woman's dress-reform crusade and gave her name to a new garment designed to meet all the requirements of health and ease.

The "bloomer" costume became an apparent issue. It was discussed in the parlor, the press and the public assembly and was squibbed by the newspaper wits. It has been more or less of an issue since. The reform has risen and fallen, been brought to the front with renewed zest and relegated to the rear when public interest flagged. Organizations have been formed to promote it, and a few women have suffered social martyrdom in its behalf. The bicycle has put new life into the movement and the debate is still progressing, with the end not in sight and with little hope of a favorable conclusion.

No doubt Mrs. Bloomer and her associates thought that they had put forward a great reform which the world would eagerly welcome. For months they looked every day for the signs of revolution, but the days lengthened into years, two generations of people have passed away, the authors of the movement are gone, but the abused skirt is still here and is good enough for the majority of women.

We are fond of saying when a new idea is started that "the world moves," but it moves slowly. To reformers there is nothing so discouraging and inexplicable as the apparent inertness and imperviousness of the mass of men and women.

The sovereign State of Ohio and the sovereign State of Kentucky are making faces at each other. Ohio is sheltering negro criminals from Kentucky and Kentucky is threatening to shelter all kinds of criminals from Ohio. Kentucky's threat of retaliation is altogether unwise. A Kentucky criminal in Ohio will be a criminal still, and will commit crimes. While it is true that he deserves punishment in Kentucky, he is likely to get it eventually in Ohio, whose felons are not unfrequently lynched or even punished by course of law. If Kentuckians are really enraged at Ohio injustice, they may get all the vengeance they really need by shipping their criminals to Ohio cities of refuge.

A syndicate composed of New York, Boston and Michigan capitalists has completed the purchase of 800,000 acres of timber lands in Nova Scotia. Thus will our enterprising people be blessed by free lumber. Under the McKinley law they had to pay a tax to get lumber into this country.

There are some mighty mean Republicans in West Virginia. They are about to publish the record of Steve Elkins, in order to defeat him in his race for the Senate. It is a serious matter when so stalwart a champion of our "American industries" as Steve Elkins is in danger of being turned down.

The solitary but undaunted Donovan of the Michigan Legislature will cast his vote for Democrats for the two Senate places to be filled. By keeping the colors high up and always in sight, Statesman Donovan may live to see his political foes as discouraging a minority as he now finds himself.

The Crown Prince of Italy asks the Italian Government to pay him $70,000, the amount of his expenses in attending the funeral of the late Czar, though the funeral would have passed off tolerably well if he had remained at home. Europe is extremely patient with its absurd and useless royalty.

Millionaire Morgan's explanation that there have been steady withdrawals of gold from the Treasury by banks and others to replace gold loaned to subscribers for the bonds is about as damning to the syndicate bond policy as anything the wildest Westerner could say.

In excavating for the Chicago filth canal a piece of ice was found eight feet below the surface, and the Chicagoese have sprung the glacial theory to account for it. The climate of the Chicago of to-day is, however, sufficient explanation of subterranean ice.

It is false as well as foolish to deny pension abuses. Everybody with eyes knows that a great amount of rascality has been practiced by persons not entitled to pensions. Because all these persons have not been exposed it is absurd to say that they do not exist.

Consumers of hard coal will be interested in the new scheme by which the Eastern railroad companies and the mine owners propose to restrict the output. The consumers have no scheme ready to restrict the consumption to meet the output restriction.

Financier Upton proposes an export tax upon all Government gold leaving the United States, this being France's method of maintaining a reserve. We might also call out the troops and keep all gold from going aboard any foreign-bound vessel.

The man whose character was said to "cast a mellow shadow over the wickedness of Judas Iscariot" was a United States Senator, but he did not get into the present Congress. What a leader he would have been for the sugar forces!

Of $38,000 fines imposed in Chicago justice courts only $4,000 are collected. The bitter winds from the Great Dismal Lake have given Chicago justice a severe case of sore eyes in addition to her ordinary blindness.

A Northern syndicate has been formed to open up Kentucky. We understand the job will be done with an immigration company instead of a bowie-knife.—Chicago Dispatch. Why not try a corkscrew?

Dr. Tubbs is the friend of the colored man. If every Missouri Republican had the Tubbs sense of justice a Missouri colored Republican would do the praying for the new House at Washington.

For several years people all over the country have been packing their trunks to come to St. Louis, and now a great trunk manufactory is moving in on us from a neighboring State.

The story of Dr. Woods' restoration to sight and the finding of his wife and child are told in Post-Dispatch telegrams to-day. And Mrs. Woods will not go back to Kansas City.

The Boston man he "cahn't" do this,
And the Boston man he "cahn't" do that;
The Boston man he "tahks" and "tahks,"
And he doesn't ask you where he's "at."

With their pulque cut off, the Mexicans will indeed despair. It is only a cent a glass and is to the Mexican what his cocktail is to the Kentucky Colonel.

He sighed for the dimpled maiden,
But he never told his love,
For her heart was cold as oil-cloth,
Or a Lindell morning stove.

With an annual shoe trade of $38,257,325 St. Louis appears to be on a substantial commercial footing.

Uncle Filley's Jefferson City puppets dance as prettily as "De Ole Man" could wish.

REV. RAY IS BACK.

Return of the Venerable Editor of the American Baptist Flag.

HAS BEEN SPENDING HIS HONEYMOON WITH HIS BRIDE IN FLORIDA.

Mrs. Ray Will Probably Resume Her Place as Typewriter in the Doctor's Office—The Old Gentleman Has Lost His Voice and Will Not Discuss His Recent Marriage.

Rev. David B. Ray, the 65-years-old editor of the American Baptist Flag, and his 23-year-old bride have returned from Florida, whither they went to spend their honeymoon after their secret marriage in the Recorder's office a couple of weeks ago. Some wag has said the aged groom went to Florida in hope of discovering that miraculous fountain that Ponce de Leon sought for so long, but judging from his appearance this morning he has not yet drunk of the waters that restore old age to youth.

The Rays got back to St. Louis on New Year's Day, and are once more at the office of his religious publication in Lucas place, where Mrs. Ray has presumably resumed her place as typewriter. Despite the comments made on his marriage to a girl who might be mistaken for his granddaughter, and only three months after the death of his first wife, Dr. Ray is not disposed to make reply. A reporter met him with his bride as they were entering the office this morning. The doctor carried a heavy valise in one hand and a hooked cane, very like a pastoral staff, in the other. Mrs. Ray carried a small handsatchel.

She is of medium size and has a habit of smiling even when embarrassed. She has dark eyes and brown hair, high cheek bones, and teeth that are more conspicuous than beautiful. She was dressed in a brown traveling costume.

The doctor did not heed the reporter's congratulatory greeting. Mrs. Ray, however, hesitated and halted, at which the doctor slackened his pace and waited.

"Doctor," inquired the reporter, "have you anything to say to the criticisms which your sons and others have made about your marriage?"

"I am so hoarse I cannot speak," said he in a voice so faint and shrill that he might be taken for a ventriloquist. The reporter drew near and the doctor continued:

"It is nobody's business whether I get married or not."

That's all he would say, and he didn't even explain how he lost his voice.

Dr. Ray's married son, Mr. Dennis Ray, who runs a printing establishment in the rear of the American Baptist Flag office, has told friends that his father looked spry and youthful on New Year's Day, and seemed possessed of an elixir of life. The doctor was very much offended at his son Frank, who wrote letters to him in Florida, reproaching him bitterly for his marriage three months after the death of Mrs. Ray No. 1. The doctor threatened to discharge Frank, who is business manager of the paper, but Frank was at his desk this morning, and was not disposed to speak of his troubles.

CARL SCHURZ'S FRIEND.

The Riches Left an Adopted Daughter by Miser Otto Weibler.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 3.—Dispatches last week told of the death of Otto Weibler, the miser who died in seeming poverty, in a cabin on Pointer Creek, Kan. His daughter, Margaret Weibler, arrived in St. Joseph Sunday night.

She remained at the Union Depot Hotel over night and Monday set about the task of finding herself a home in this city. As far as she is aware she has no relatives. From her was gleaned the following interesting story:

Weibler was ill for two months before he died and his sole attendant was his adopted daughter. He refused both food and medicine and deliberately starved himself to death.

Just before he died he told the girl to dig under an apple tree back of the house and she would find the money he had buried. She thought her father's mind was wandering, but she took a spade and lifted the earth from the spot. A large rock was all that she found, and so she returned to the house. The miser was gasping his life away at that moment and sent the frightened girl back to lift the rock from its resting place. Underneath it she found the money—gold, silver and greenbacks. He died in a short time, after telling the girl the money belonged to her. Trembling with excitement, the young woman went back to the spot where she had found the buried treasure and covered it up again. Then she went in search of help to bury the body of the strange old man who had hoarded up his wealth and found it useless in the end.

Among the relics left by Weibler is a book, written in German, in which he had recorded all the principal events of his life. Weibler, it seems, was a personal friend of Carl Schurz before he came to America, and accompanied Schurz in his flight from Prussia to Switzerland. He was a classmate of Schurz at Bonn. The two left the university together in 1847, and a year later, during the revolutionary troubles, when Schurz commenced the publication of a journal in the interest of the insurrectionists, he was joined by Weibler, who also gave his time and talents to the enterprise. Schurz was forced to flee from Bonn, and Weibler accompanied him. He was with Schurz on the night of Nov. 6, 1850, when the latter liberated his friend and former editorial partner from the fortress of Standau, and together the three wandered to Scotland, and thence to Paris. Weibler soon set sail for America. He landed in New York in December, 1850. He settled near Bradford, Pa., where he engaged in coal mining and was prosperous. During the time he lived near Bradford he is known to have made a small fortune.

His adopted daughter did not know what he did with his money, and had never dreamed that he had a large portion of it buried in the orchard. The money found buried under the apple tree amounted to $51,620, and there is no one to dispute Margaret Weibler's right to it.

To Oust Mrs. Helm.

ELIZABETHTOWN, Ky., Jan. 3.—Congressman Montgomery's demand that one of his henchmen be appointed postmaster at Elizabethtown, in the place of Mrs. Ben Hardin Helm, a sister of Mrs. Abraham Lincoln, may produce a heated contest.

Congressman Montgomery was defeated for re-election. He is said to have the support of Senator Blackburn in this matter and that would perhaps secure confirmation of Mrs. Helm's successor, in case the President yielded to Montgomery.

Mrs. Helm was much younger than Mrs. Lincoln. The martyred President's affection for her was that of a father. She is an ex-Confererate's widow.

In Favor of Hess.

In Justice Somers' court yesterday judgment was rendered in favor of the publishing house of Selmar Hess against M. J. Mulvihill, 124 North Twelfth street, on a contract given by him for the publication entitled Character Sketches. By the terms of the contract Mulvihill authorized the printing of sixty-eight parts at 20 cents each, and agreed to receive and pay for each part as delivered. He afterwards refused to accept the parts on the ground that he had no use for them. The Justice held that the contract was legal and binding.

AGAINST HER WISHES.—Miss Lorena Le Roy, whose picture was given without personal request to be added to the published collection of good-looking girls, asks that the fact be stated that it was not with her consent, and very much against her wishes, to have it appear.

CHEMICAL BUTTONS

Ingenious Method by Which Canine Murderers Kill Pet Dogs.

ONE OF A GANG OF POISONERS HAS MADE A STARTLING CONFESSION.

Says That He and Three Other Negroes Were Hired to Slay Dogs—One Arrest Has Been Made and a Detective Is Hunting for the Rest of the Gang.

The mystery of the sudden death of a score or more of beautiful dogs belonging to prominent citizens of St. Louis is about to be solved. A private detective, hired by men whose dogs have died, and who were anxious to know why their animals had ceased to exist, has found a clew that may lead to the arrest of a gang of four or five colored tramps.

The detective is not quite ready to make the plot known to the public, but he says that one of the gang has been caught and has confessed.

The animals that have so suddenly died have been poisoned by what is known among the fraternity of dog murderers as a "button." It is a chemical composition, having the form of a button and resembling very much a peppermint lozenger of large size. It is thrown to the dog, and as soon as the animal swallows it he chokes. The button sticks in his throat and he is then taken with a violent desire to have some water or something wet. Very often he goes after some grass that helps the button to pass through into his digestive organs, where it dissolves, and, being a deadly poison, causes immediate death.

Last Monday afternoon the corpse of a dog was found in the neighborhood of Twenty-third street and Washington avenue, and not far from it a "button." The detective picked this up and took it to a chemist, who will hand in his analysis sometime to-day. One of the interesting features of the case is the confession made by one of the gang, who said that they have been paid by several citizens to perform their murderous work.

AMUSEMENT WORLD.

Attractions at the Play-Houses for the Coming Week.

"A Gaiety Girl" will open at the Olympic Monday night. Although from what has been said of it it would surely draw a big Sunday night house, Mr. Augustus Daly, under whose management it is, would not allow it. This piece has had a most remarkable success in New York. The women of fashion and the men about town have voted it a good thing. Extremes have met and liked it. It is described as a harmonious jumble of song, scenery, beauty and wit, and a big week's business is sure to come to it.

Stuart Robson will be seen at the Grand next week in reportoire. Sunday, Monday and Tuesday evenings and the Wednesday matinee he will spear as Dionysius Dimple in Bunstone's comedy, "Leap Lear; or, the Ladies' Privilege." Wednesday evening he will put on "She Stoops to Conquer." Thursday and Friday evenings and Sunday matinee "The Henrietta" will be produced, and on Saturday night an entirely new play will be put on. It is called "The Feet of Venus," and is from the pen of Adrian Barbusse.

Manager Hopkins of Pope's Theater has a great attraction to present to his patrons on Sunday afternoon, in the famous Nelson family of seven people. This talented and well-known family have just arrived from Europe, where they have been for the last two years, and have brought back with them all the new features in their line. In conjunction with them, there will be seven more specialty acts. The dramatic bill will be the highly sensational drama by Frank G. Harvey, "The Wages of Sin," and will give Malcolm Williams the leading man, and Miss Morse, the leading lady, good opportunities to display their dramatic force.

Joseph Murphy, who has not been in St. Louis for two years, will open on Sunday at the Hagan, when he will produce "Shaun Rhue," also Monday and Tuesday nights. Wednesday matinee and night and Thursday night, "The Kerry Gow," and the balance of the week, including Saturday matinee, "The Donagh" will be presented.

Paul Dresser will be the attraction at Havlin's next week in a new play entitled "The Green Goods Man."

The Standard's bill will be Grenier's Lyceum company, a vaudeville organization.

SEABROOKE'S CHANGE OF BILL.—Thomas Q. Seabrook has decided to present his new opera, "Tobasco," every night this week, with the exception of Friday night. His first idea was to put on the "Isle of Champagne" Thursday and Friday nights, but a change has been determined on, and his old opera will be heard only on Friday.

"PRISCILLA" BY AMATEURS.—The operetta, "Priscilla," will be produced at the Germania to-night by a strong company of amateurs, including Messrs. J. E. Stelle, René Papin and Charles E. Mullikin. It will be quite a society event.

FROM THE NOTE BOOKS.

Interesting Incidental Sketches of the Daily Work of Newsgathering.

FREE HOUSE RENT.—"When threatened with ejectment a notorious rent beater made me a novel proposition," said a Chestnut street real estate man the other day. "It was to the effect that I write him out a receipt in full for four months' rent. Unless I did so, he declared, he would live in the house until he was gotten out by law, and that would take time and money. After studying over the matter for a few minutes I sat down and wrote him out the desired receipt. Then the man moved, and I guess he has since worked the same scheme on some other guileless landlord."

THE CHIGNON AND CANE.—"The chignon and the walking cane are the latest fads with fashionable English women," said an Olive street hairdresser to the reporter. "The new chignon is simply a return to the most extreme style of the old-time fad of that name—an immense wad of hair, or imitation of one, stuck straight out from the back of the head. Sometimes a woman, who aims to be ultra fashionable, wears two of these, the one atop of the other, and maybe a little sailor hat perched atop of the wad but not covering her head at all. The inevitable accompaniment of the chignon was the walking cane, and it certainly must be an odd sight to see women promenading with a man's cane."

A $500 HOG.—The man who presented the tattered fragments of a $5 bill at the Sub-Treasury and made affidavit that a pet dog had lunched on the remainder did not have an experience which was unique in the eyes of the Sub-Treasury clerks. Such things occur often. Several years ago a stockman passed a bundle through the wicket and said it was the pulpy remnant of $500 in bills. He had sold a drove of hogs in St. Louis for $500, and when he returned to his home a neighbor proposed a deal in pork "on the hoof." The stockman, with the package of bills in his overcoat pocket, went to the pen, and leaning over, prodded some of the hogs. He did not observe the money drop from his pocket and become food for one of the porkers, but a moment later he missed his wad, and after a diligent search he decided to cut open the hog as a last resort. The animal was quickly dispatched and ripped open, and where corn was to be looked for the partly recognizable mass of money was found and about to be digested. After making many affidavits the stockman was reimbursed.

"JAY AND GRIPMAN."—A farmer, who had just arrived at the Union Station, inquired the way to the Post-office. Being directed, he walked across to Olive street and boarded the grip car of a cable train. A modern institution he had never seen before. He forgot to tell the gripman where to stop, and in consequence was carried right past the Federal Building, which he recognized as his destination. Thereupon he jumped excitedly up from his seat and convulsed his fellow-passengers by agonizingly yelling at the gripman: "Ring the bell, driver; ring the bell."

WHAT-NOT CORNER.

MEN OF MARK.

Vernier, the young French mathematical prodigy, is only 18 years of age.

The monument to the memory of Meissonier, the great artist, which is to be unveiled at Poissy, where he lived, is about completed. It is the work of Fremiet, and is highly praised.

Paris papers say that the property in that city belonging to Cornelius Herz, who was implicated in the Panama scandal, will be sold in a short time. It includes a dozen lots in a prominent street.

William Waldorf Astor rarely visits the Pall Mall Gazette, of which he is owner, but has hours at his home in London where its editors and special writers are expected to present themselves with minute reports and to receive equally lucid instructions.

Capt. McClure, the new vice-admiral of the Chinese fleet, has had a long experience in Eastern waters. He took the Kow-Shing from England to China, and at the opening of the present war his assistance was secured by the Celestials for dispatch and transport work.

LARGE INCOMES.

The daily income of the principal rulers is said to be: Emperor of Russia, $25,000; Sultan of Turkey, $18,000; Emperor of Austria, $10,000; Emperor of Germany, $8,000; King of Italy, $8,400; Queen Victoria, $8,300; King of Belgium, $1,640; President of France, $5,000; President of the United States, $127.

MAXIMS FROM THE TALMUD.

The Talmud contains many maxims such as the following:

A majority of one is sufficient for acquittal, but it requires a majority of at least two for conviction.

A man is his own kin.

A minor has no discretion.

A person deserves not the title of man before reaching the age of 25 years.

A simultaneous and unanimous verdict of guilty acquits.

A single accuser deserves to be treated as a slanderer.

A synhedrion executing one human being in the course of every seven years is a murderous tribunal.

A verdict of conviction may be reversed, but not one of acquittal.

A verdict of guilty may not be rendered on the day of trial.

All evidence must be direct, and not circumstantial nor presumptive.

All Israelites are responsible for one another.

An equal division of the court on a verdict is an acquittal.

As Moses sat in judgment without the expectation of material reward, so, also, must every judge act from a sense of duty only.

Be slow in judging.

By punishing criminals, the world is benefited.

Crimes committed under duress are not punishable.

Cross-question the witness closely.

Death atones for sins.

Divulging the individual opinions of judges is slander.

Drink not, and thou wilt not sin.

FACT OR FICTION.

Bacteria are so small that it takes 100,000 of them placed lengthwise to measure an inch.

Physicians declare that the most nutritious article of diet is butter, and that bacon comes next.

The Mint Register says that there were 19,570 silver dollars coined in 1894. They are now worth $1,000 each.

A woman arrested in Fond du Lac for masquerading in men's clothing had a curling iron in her pistol pocket.

A white panther, an animal never before seen in a menagerie, has just arrived at the Jardin des Plantes, Paris.

During the first three months of 1894 not a single passenger and but one employe was killed on English railroads.

The churches of the town of Enid, O. T., have no bells, and so the town fire bell is rung to remind the worshipers of the services.

The Cairo Museum has seven brooms used by ancient Egyptian women. They are made of straw and closely resemble the same article in use to-day.

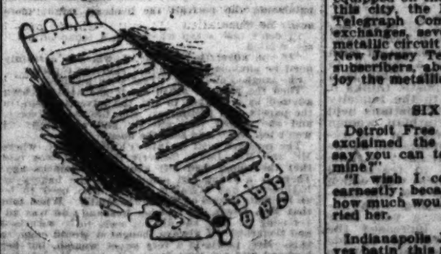
Josephine made handkerchiefs popular in the present century. She had very bad teeth and always held a handkerchief before her lips when she laughed to conceal the deformity.

SPECTACLES.

Spectacles were fashionable in the sixteenth century. They were costly, the usual price being an equivalent of $5. It was believed that the larger the lenses and the heavier the rims the greater the dignity added to the wearer's appearance.

FOR TREATING HORSES.

A hot-water bandage for treating horses is shown in the accompanying cut, the patent of Robert Bustin of Boston. It consists of a pad lined with thin rubber tubes.



The hot water is poured in either before or after the bandage has been strapped to the animal, and circulates through the tubes. The water can be readily renewed from time to time as it grows cool.

AN OLD MANUSCRIPT.

At Essen, Germany, in the archives of the Munsterkirche, a manuscript of the Psalms has been discovered, which, it is believed, as it is believed to the middle of the ninth century, is the oldest version of the Psalms we have. It contains nearly all the Psalms in Latin in three columns, while in the fourth column is a Greek text written in Latin characters. The manuscript seems to be written by the school of scribes established by Charlemagne.

SCOTT'S NOVELS.

The publishers have given out the following table showing the comparative popularity of Scott's novels. The figures indicate the number of each book sold within a given time:

Ivanhoe	100,000	Quentin Durward	100,000
Waverly	100,000	The Pirate	100,000
Rob Roy	100,000	The Abbot	100,000
Kenilworth	100,000	The Maid of Perth	100,000
Guy Mannering	100,000	Peveril of the Peak	100,000
Heart of Midlothian	100,000	Fortunes of Nigel	100,000
Antiquary	100,000	Redgauntlet	100,000
The Bride of Lammermoor	100,000	Tales of the Crusaders	100,000
Old Mortality	100,000	Anne of Geierstein	100,000
The Astrology	100,000	St. Ronan's Well	100,000
Tales of My Landlord	100,000	Count Robert of Paris	100,000
Legend of Montrose	100,000	The Surgeon's Daughter	100,000
The Talisman	100,000		

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

Vassar girls wear black capes and black serge gowns.

Francis E. Willard is the third woman to write Doctor of Laws after her name. Maria Mitchell, the astronomer, and Amelia B. Edwards, the Egyptologist, were the others.

Amelie, the young queen of Portugal, was the favorite child of the late Comte de Paris. She was born at Twickenham twenty-nine years ago, and has been Queen for about five years.

Mrs. Osmer, widow of the paymaster of the Erebus, who died recently in England at the age of 85, was the last survivor of the women widowed by the loss of Sir John Franklin's Arctic expedition.

The Dowager-Empress of Russia has no fortune in her own right, as no settlement was ever made for her. Russian papers say that she is dependent upon her son, the present Czar, who, however, will provide for her handsomely.

AMETHYST IN A DIAMOND.

A lapidary in London found a tiny amethyst imbedded in the very center of a nine-carat diamond which he had been employed to cut. There is no record of any such thing having happened in the history of diamond-cutting.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

Electricity is used for coloring leather.

A single plant of wheat is capable of producing 2,000 seeds in one season.

Wrought keys are rapidly superceding cast iron keys in the lock trade of Great Britain.

Petroleum has been used for some time in Germany as a means of preventing the formation of scale on boilers.

Platinum has been drawn into smooth wire so fine that it could not be distinguished by the naked eye, even when stretched across a piece of white cardboard.

The State Geologist of Georgia reports the discovery of a bed of true marble over sixty miles long. Some of it is of a flesh tint with green and some light gray with black bands.

A recent important discovery regarding the use of aluminum is that it can be readily soldered by first copper-plating the surfaces to be joined. It can then be soldered in the ordinary way, and with ordinary solder; and, if afterwards dipped in potash, the surplus solder (that is, that which is outside the joint) is cleaned off; and the process is said to be a complete success.

A NEW PORTUGUESE NAVY.

The Portuguese Government has decided to construct a navy; and, with this object in view, the sum of $800,000 yearly will be provided for twenty years. Tenders will be invited from shipbuilders in the United States and other countries.

OPPOSED TO HOPS.

Several associations of ministers in Washington and Oregon have protested against the raising of hops and barley, because those products are used in the manufacture of intoxicating drinks. It is now stated that a large acreage in Washington devoted to hops will most likely be put to other use next year.

BRISTOL HARBOR.

It is proposed to make the port of Bristol, England, accessible to transatlantic vessels at all times by damming the River Avon at its mouth and using locks. According to the plans of the engineers, a constant depth of thirty-two feet can be obtained and the necessary docks and breakwaters constructed for $11,000,000.

PROLIFIC WRITERS.

The Indianapolis Sentinel gives the conclusion of an old newspaper worker as to the amount of work a regular writer for a daily paper does in a year. He figures that such a man writes an average of a column and a half every day except for his Sunday paper, when he contributes three columns. This makes twelve columns a week, and, allowing for two weeks' vacation, he has fifty weeks a year, in which he turns out 840,000 words. An ordinary book of short stories contains about 40,000 words, therefore, his year's labor is equivalent to twenty books. At this rate of comparison the feat of Marion Crawford in publishing two books a year does not strike the newspaper man as an incredibly hard task, even allowing for the extra amount of thought involved in story writing. Mr. Howells considers 2,000 words a good day's work. Thomas Janvier is satisfied with 400 words, or a little over a quarter of a column.

A TELEPHONE CENSUS.

From the Electrical Review.

"Within a radius of thirty-three miles of New York city there are 3,350,000 people and 28,000 telephones," said a telephone sharp. "In New York city proper, there are 10,500 telephone stations, 50 per cent of which are equipped on the metallic circuit system. In this city, the Metropolitan Telephone and Telegraph Company operates ten central exchanges, seven of which are entirely for metallic circuit service. The New York and New Jersey Telephone Company has 10,000 subscribers, about 75 per cent of whom enjoy the metallic circuit system."

SIX LITTLE JOKES.

Detroit Free Press—"Oh, Mr. De Spud," exclaimed the fair young maiden, "they say you can tell fortunes. Can you tell mine?"

"I wish I could," responded De Spud, earnestly; because he had been wondering how much would be in it to him if he married her.

Indianapolis Journal—"Fwat th' divil are yez batin' this man for?" asked Officer McGobb.

"Because he insulted my party," said the Populist gentleman. "He asked me in a kind of sneerin' way who I supported on wreckin' the Senate barber shop last week."

Chicago Record—At the soiree:

Mr. Collegeboy (passing through a lonely and deserted corridor): "Hello! What are you doing here, sir? I'm here to save myself from the crowds that kept bombing me."

The Venerable Figure: "I am the distinguished man in whose honor the affair is given. I'm here because I couldn't get anybody to talk to."

From the Atchison Globe—There is an old saying about laying an ambition carry in life and sticking to it. If we all did that we would all be bare-back riders in a circus.

Tid Bits—Professor: "In Russia criminals are often sentenced to be kept awake until death ensues. What is the result? Now, you of course suppose they keep them from falling asleep."

"Little Girl (eldest of a small family): "I expect they give 'em a baby to take care of."

Yonkers Blade—Ralph: "Suppose a fellow's best girl gets mad when he asks her for a kiss?"

Curtis: "Take it without asking."

Ralph: "Suppose she gets mad then?"

Curtis: "Then he's got some other fellow's girl."

ELD A THIEF.

ohia Younker Is the Hero-ine of Market Street.

Found a Robber Going Through Her Employer's House.

LOCKED HIM IN A ROOM AND THEN BOUGHT HIM DESPERATELY.

Grappled With the Thief Until Pat Lorenz Ganz Rolled Down the Back Stairs—The Thief Dashed Out the Front Entrance and Hid in a Coal Shed—Captured and Locked Up.

Sophia Younker has proved herself a brave girl. When she found a burglar in the house, instead of fainting or going into hysterics, she grabbed him by the shoulders and yelled with variations until the whole household was aroused. The burglar broke away from her, but his flight was so delayed that he was apprehended before he had gone two blocks.

Miss Younker is a clerk in the bakery of Lorenz Ganz, 930 Market street. She lives over the shop with the Ganz family. She is a pale, slender young woman and yet she has lots of nerve. Last evening Miss Younker was upstairs in her room, which is situated at the end of a long porch running out along Tenth street. The door opens to the right of the back stairs. She came out of the room and finding the door of the room of Charlie and John Ganz open, with the cold air pouring in, she entered to find out the reason. She saw no one in the room, so she passed on to the middle room, between the boys' room and the parlor in front on Market street.

IN A TRAP.

There she saw a man standing with some of the clothing of the boys' in his arms. She screamed in terror and rushed back to the door of the boys' room, slammed it behind her, grabbed the door knob and shouted with all her might for Mr. Ganz and the boys. She knew that the doors in the front and middle rooms by which the front stairs might be gained were locked. In this position she held the key to the situation. The burglar would have to jump from a second-story window or come through that door to escape.

The man did not know this. He made a dive for the front room. He found the flag of the Bakers' Union stuck across the door and a chair braced under the door-knob to hold it secure from entrance from without. These he snatched aside, shot out the bolt and turned the knob, but the key bolt had been turned and he was foiled.

His only hope was therefore to run the blockade of the girl, so he rushed to the door she was holding. There was a momentary struggle, and then the strength of the frail girl gave way before that of her male opponent. The knob slipped from her grasp and the intruder stood before her, desperate. Even then she did not hesitate. She grappled with him, catching him by the shoulders, still crying out for help.

As they wrestled momentarily to and fro, old man Ganz appeared at the foot of the back stairs. He was pushing his 200 odd pounds of adipose tissue up the steps very slowly but very surely, and the burglar saw he must get away then or never.

He made a last effort. His hat fell off and rolled down the stairs. Mr. Ganz stepped on it, slipped and also rolled downstairs. The girl's strength failed her then and the man broke away. He flew down the narrow hall, fairly hurled himself down the front stairs and started east on Market street.

PURSUED AND CAUGHT.

By this time Charley and John Ganz had been aroused and they took out after him from the front door of the bakery. He ducked around Eighth street and up the alley and hid in a coal shed in the rear of 806 Market street, where he was found a few minutes later and unceremoniously dragged out. Being turned over to a policeman and taken to the Four Courts he gave the name of George Murray.

Investigation at the Ganz household showed that he had succeeded in stealing Charley Ganz's gold watch. Search was made for it in the path of the pursuit, and it was found stuck in a rat hole in the shed where the fellow was caught.

Sophia Younker is inclined to belittle her part in the affair, but her employer says she is the bravest girl in St. Louis.

"I'd have caught him myself," he said, "if it had not have been for that hat, but just as I thought I had him I stepped on the hat and away I went. I tell you Sophia did mighty well and I'm proud of her."

CLOTHING REDUCTIONS.

At this time of the year we take a number of Suits, Overcoats and Pants in our Ready Made Clothing Department and put them on a counter by themselves, marking them at a very low price. Look at these clothing Bargains before you buy.

MILLS & AVERILL,
Broadway and Pine.

Bank of England.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England issued to-day shows the following changes as compared with the previous account:

Total reserve, increase £301,000; circulation, increase £242,000; bullion, increase £543,001; other securities, increase £6,542,000; other deposits, increase £5,378,000; public deposits, increase £2,332,000; notes reserve, increase £342,000; Government securities, increase £900,000.

The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liability, which last week was 63.59 per cent, is now 53.34 per cent.

The Eleventh Census.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The eleventh census will be practically completed within the time allowed by Congress (March 4 next). Col. Wright, the acting superintendent, stated to-day that there was no question of the ability of the office to complete its work by that time. The only volumes whose manuscripts are not yet in readiness for printing are the last volume of population and part of the vital statistics.

Crime in Brief.

Jim Cook escaped from jail at Tahlequah and was recaptured.

Jesse Moore, a Hollilay (Mo.) poultry dealer, was held up at Paris, Mo., Wednesday and robbed of $370.

Joe Dusty, the negro assailant, who, with four other prisoners, escaped from the Buchanan County Jail Monday night, has been recaptured in St. Joseph, Mo.

Four hundred dollars reward has been offered for the capture and conviction of the six bandits who attempted to rob a Cotton Belt train at Buena Vista, Ark., Monday night.

Suicide Notes.

Olive Haward, a pretty brunette, who had been living in Boston with a race-track man, shot and killed herself on the street in New York.

George Galbraith and Charley Pfeffer of Centralia, Ill., quarreled about a woman. Galbraith shot and killed himself.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

CLEARING SALES NOT IN IT!

LADIES' CAPES. Second Floor.

Friday we will sell Ladies' New Double Gendarme Capes of All-Wool Whipcord with strap seams and set-in velvet collars (offered in the "Clearing Sales" at $4.50 to $6.50), for **$2.98**

And the Ladies' New Gendarme Capes with strap seams and applique ornaments (offered in the "Clearing Sales" at $8.50), for **$4.95**

FLANNEL BARGAINS.

Friday we will sell Extra Heavy Wool Filled Gray Skirting Flannel—warranted non-shrinkable and very durable—(such as you'll find in the "clearing sales" at 25c a yard) for **15c**

Friday we offer Free Choice of our Entire Stock of Finest and Best Quality Elderdown Cloakings—embracing fancy striped and solid color Mohairs and 40-inch double faced Lambs' Wool—worth up to $1.00 a yard, for **55c**

CHILDS' CLOAKS. Second Floor.

Friday we offer choice of an assorted lot of Childs' Elderdown Cloaks, trimmed with angora (offered in the "Clearing Sales at 99c to $1.25), for **79c**

Friday we will sell choice of a rack of Childs' Long Cloaks, in six different styles, for ages 4 to 14 (offered in the "Clearing Sales" at $3.50 to $4.50), for **$1.98**

And Childs' Gretchens, made of fine imported silk-mixed Boucle Cloth, made up in the new empire style, for ages 4 to 14 (offered in the "Clearing Sales" at $7.00 to $10.00), for **$3.98**

LADIES' JACKETS. Second Floor.

Friday we will sell Ladies' Three-quarter Jackets, 40 inches long, of wool Melton, with extra full balloon sleeves and coat back, (offered in the clearing sales at $6.00 to $7.50), for **$3.98**

And Ladies' Chinchilla Reefer Jackets, extra long, and with full sleeves, (offered in the clearing sales at $8.00 to $9.00), for **$5.65**

DRESS GOODS AND SILKS.

"Clearing Sale" Prices Not in It With Us.

Friday we will sell choice of

38 pieces 38-inch Silk Finish Worsted Suitings in navy and black grounds, with silver and gold stripes ..... 23 pieces 38-inch silk finish English Covert Suitings in brown and gray mixtures ..... 28 pieces Extra Heavy Twilled Gray mixed Serges ..... 28 pieces 38-inch English Henriettas in all colors, including light blue, pink, cream and black..... Not a piece of these goods obtainable in the "clearing sales" under 22½c to 27½c a yard..... Choice of all Friday..... **15c**

25 pieces Gilbert's 46 and 54-inch All Pure Wool Ladies' Cloth in all colors (offered in the "clearing sales" at 49c to 65c a yard), for **32c**

50 PIECES ASSORTED SILKS in EVENING Shades, comprising All Pure Silk Liberty Armures, Double Warp Surahs, 27-inch Real Habutais, 22-inch Crystal Bengalines, 24-inch Figured Indias, 22-inch Crepe de Chine, (Paraded as "unequaled" bargains in the "clearing sales" at 59c to 79c a yard), Choice Friday for..... **39c**

LOOK AT THE LININGS!

Friday we will sell 200 pieces 36-inch Twilled 8-Leaf Silesias in all the staple colors..... 60 pieces Fancy Printed Natural Back Silesias and 1,000 yards Best Quality Cable Silesias (mill ends), worth 12½c to 15c a yard. Choice of all..... **5c** Yard

FUR BARGAINS.

Friday we will sell choice of a line of Child's White Hare Sets (muff and collar), (in the "clearing sales" at 88c to 99c), for **69c**

ODD LACE CURTAINS. Second Floor.

ANOTHER GREAT OPPORTUNITY!

1,500 Single Lace Curtains (ends) direct from the greatest manufacturer in Scotland, comprising the finest Nottinghams, Scotch and French Guipure and Brussels effects—exact copies of the finest patterns made—mostly all 2¾ yards long and extra wide (if in pairs would be worth up to $1.25 a pair), Friday choice of all..... **25c**

CARPET REMNANTS. Second Floor.

Friday we offer 1000 finest quality Ingrain Carpet Remnants just in from a large Philadelphia manufacturer. These run from 1 to 1¼ yds long—all 1 yd wide—and are of grades worth 45c to 65c a yard. Come early and find enough pieces to make an art square at a fraction of regular cost. Choice of pieces... **19c**

HOSIERY BARGAINS.

Friday we will sell Children's Fine Imported Fast-Black, Fleece Lined, Full Regular Made Cotton Hose, with double heels and toes (the same sort in the "Clearing Sales" at 23c a pair), for **15c**

SLEDS AND SKATES. Third Floor.

Girls' Large Hardwood Sleds, nicely painted—the 75c sort—for **39c**

All Clamp Klipper Klub Skates—all sizes—worth 75c a pair, Friday **49c**

GRAND-LEADER

815-821 N. BROADWAY. —STIX, BAER & FULLER—

Second Floor.

CORSETS.

59c FRIDAY for a regular Dollar Corset (like cut), made of imported Coutille, with extra long waist, boned with unbreakable Kabo, in gray, black and white.

BED COVERING. Basement.

Unexampled Prices.

Friday we will sell good quality 10-quarter Gray Mottled Bed Blankets (the same as are now selling in the "clearing sales" at $1.10 each) for..... **69c**

Just one case Finest Quality Heavy All-Wool White 10-quarter Blankets (you can't touch this grade in the "clearing sales" under $4.00 a pair), for..... **$2.48**

132 Heaviest Bed Comforts, big enough for any double bed, covered with fancy cretonne and filled with best white carded cotton (our own make), worth $2.50 if a cent, Friday for..... **$1.25**

KNIT UNDERWEAR.

No Place Like the Grand-Leader.

Ladies' Extra Fine Imported Swiss Ribbed All-Wool White Vests, with French necks and pearl buttons (would be cheap in any "clearing sale" at 89c a garment), for..... **50c**

$5.00 Ladies' Shoes for... $3.00

When the Grand-Leader Says It, It's True.

Friday we will close out six lines of our Ladies' Genuine Hand Sewed Shoes, all styles, every pair has our name stamped in them and are therefore fully guaranteed. These are our regular $5.00 Shoes and to close the lines we sacrifice all the profit and some of the cost and make them..... **$3.00**

$2.75 Misses' Shoes for..... $1.50

Friday we will close out four lines of Misses' Goodyear Welt Button Shoes, with extension soles and spring heels, every pair fully guaranteed, our regular $2.50 and $2.75 Shoes, for..... **$1.50**

DEEP CUTTING —IN— Grocery Dept.

All our Fancy Mixed Nuts, former price 12c lb; go now for.....	5c
15-lb Water Pails Best Fruit Jelly, regular price 65c each; cut to....	45c
All those nice new Prunes, former price 10c; go now at lb.....	7c
Pint Bottles Best Quality Liquid Wash Blue, old price 10c; now.....	4c
Choice Young Hyson Tea, value 45c; no tea store swindle; per lb.	25c
Genuine Broken Java Coffee; pleases everyone; per lb.....	18c
Fancy Sugar-Cured California Hams, value 10c; our price lb.....	8c
Best Boneless Breakfast Bacon, elsewhere 12c to 14c lb; our price	10c
3-lb Cans Sugar Corn, containing two ordinary cans, value 20c, for	10c
Fancy Gunpowder Tea, value $1.00 lb at tea stores; our price lb.....	50c
2-lb Cans Choice California Peaches; would be cheap at 25c; go at	16c
Our Premium Patent Flour value $3.50 elsewhere; per lb	$3.00

OFFICIAL VERSION.

Correspondence in the Bluefields Case Laid Before Congress.

SECRETARY GRESHAM EXPLAINS THE COURSE OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

Review of the Troubles in the Mosquito Territory—The United States Recognizes the Sovereignty of Nicaragua—Great Britain Has Relinquished Her Pretensions—Arrest of Americans.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.—The President to-day sent to the Senate about 300 pages of correspondence relative to Bluefields, summarized in the following letter from Secretary of State Gresham to President Cleveland:

The Secretary of State, to whom was referred a resolution adopted by the Senate on the 4th ult., requesting the President "if not incompatible with public interest to send to the Senate any reports or correspondence relating to affairs at Bluefields in the Mosquito Territory and also to inform the Senate whether any American citizens have been arrested or the rights of any American citizens at Bluefields have been interfered with during the past two years by the Government of Nicaragua," has the honor to submit the correspondence called for, that the same may be transmitted to the Senate should the President deem it compatible with the public interest to do so. Although the resolution covers affairs at Bluefields during the past two years the events to which it relates occurred within the last twelve months.

In December, 1893, war broke out between Nicaragua and Honduras. In January a detachment of Hondurian troops seized Cape Gracias a Dios in Nicaragua, about sixty miles above the Mosquito strip. The Kearsarge was ordered to Bluefields to protect the interests of American citizens, but was wrecked on the way on Roncador Reef. Early in February the Government of Nicaragua sent a military force to the strip to repel the threatened invasion. On February 11 the Nicaraguans occupied the Blueffs and on the 12th they took possession of Bluefields and proclaimed martial law in the reservation. Against this action Clarence, the so-called Mosquito Chief, protested.

War vessels of Great Britain and later of the United States were sent to Bluefields to protect the respective foreign interests in that locality. The Nicaraguan commissioner to the reservation attempted, with the concurrence of the British Naval and Consular representatives, to organize a provisional government for the strip, in which Nicaraguans and foreigners were to take part, but the endeavor proved abortive. This Government withheld its sanction of the scheme as inimical to the sovereignty of Nicaragua and American interests at Bluefields, and refrained from participating in the proposed administration. British marines were temporarily landed to protect life and property in view of threatened disturbance, but were withdrawn when the necessity for their presence no longer existed, and thereafter an American vessel sufficed for all needs of foreign protection.

In July last a movement against the Nicaraguan authorities was temporarily successful, the socalled Indian Government was for a time restored, the bluff captured with loss of life on the part of Nicaragua and the Nicaraguan garrison of Bluefields expelled. A few citizens of the United States, who were believed to have taken part in this insurrection, left the country. Two Americans, Lampton and Wiltbank, accepted municipal office under the short-lived regime, and they and one or twelve others, mostly English and Jamaicans, were arbitrarily arrested and banished. The urgent remonstrance of this government and its demand that the two Americans be allowed a hearing, and in any event an opportunity to arrange their affairs before expulsion, resulted in permission being given them to return to Bluefields under pledges of good behavior.

With these exceptions, and perhaps that of one Ausburn, whose return was for a short time refused, but afterwards allowed, the undersigned is not advised that American citizens in Bluefields have been arrested. Sundry complaints, growing out of interruptions of trade and use of American vessels by the Nicaraguan authorities, have had proper attention and will doubtless yield to the usual methods of treatment.

During the period covered by the events in question the Nicaraguan Government withdrew the exequatur of Mr. Brooks, the United States Consul at San Juan del Norte on the ground of his alleged unfriendly acts, but it was subsequently restored; but unfortunately threatened for a time to strain the good relations between this Government and that of Nicaragua. One Wilson, an American citizen, having been murdered at Rama by Arguello, the temporary Governor of the town, a demand for the trial and punishment of the criminal and his accomplice was made. Arguello was arrested at Rama, but escaped, with the evident connivance of the local authorities, and his rearrest and detention at Bluefields were followed by a second escape, under circumstances indicating gross negligence, to say the least, on the part of those responsible for his safe custody. He is said to have fled the country, thus baffling the efforts of the proper authorities to do justice in the case. The Nicaraguan Government, however, testified its abhorrence of the atrocious crime by dismissing Torres from the office of Governor of Rama and by sending a commissioner to the reservation in place of Lacayo, who was in command at Bluefields at the time of the second escape.

The facts above stated and incidental references to the treatment of the question of the interoceanic canal by the Government of Nicaragua appear in the correspondence.

It will be observed that from the beginning of the conflicts, which at times were serious, this Government has steadily recognized the paramount sovereignty of Nicaragua over the entire reservation, not yielding to the pretensions inconsistent with that sovereignty.

At no time during the last forty or fifty years has the so-called native Indian Government in the Strip been real. On the contrary, it has been an alien municipal government administered according to alien methods. Although Americans and American interests have some time dominated in the strip, this government, while intervening in proper cases for their protection, has constantly disavowed any right of its own or of its citizens to govern the reservation or participate in the political affairs. Whatever right of self-government the Indians enjoyed under the treaty concluded between Great Britain and Nicaragua was to be exercised by themselves and not by aliens in their name. That treaty contemplated the eventual surrender by the Indians of their strip, and their incorporation into the Republic of Nicaragua on the same footing as other citizens of the republic.

A copy of a convention, concluded on the 20th of November last, is herewith communicated, by which it is declared that the Mosquito Indians, while retaining "special privileges" in accordance with the "customs" and "racial disposition," have "agreed wholly to submit to the laws and authorities of Nicaragua for the purpose of forming part of the political and administrative organization."

Great Britain, it is proper to say, has given this Government the most positive assurance that she asserts no right of sovereignty or protection over the territory, but, on the contrary, respects the full and paramount sovereignty of the Government of Nicaragua. Respectfully submitted,

W. Q. GRESHAM.

Capital Gossip.

The substitute currency bill of Sherry of the Banking and Currency Committee to fund greenbacks with a 3 per cent bond is believed to have been submitted by Secretary Carlisle to the President.

The President will, it is said, discuss the advisability of a special expression on the currency question at the Cabinet meeting Friday.

Secretary of Agriculture Morton has ordered that all the seed at his disposal be sent to the suffering Western farmers.

Owing to an order of the Commissioner of Pensions about fifteen Washington (D. C.) physicians, holding positions as examiners, have abandoned their outside practice.

The nomination of Col. Geodo Norman Lieber to succeed Gen. Swain as Judge-Advocate-General of the Army is expected.

Assistant Postmaster-General Jones has issued strict orders that no mail carriers be allowed to work overtime hereafter.

Experiments with anti-toxine, the new diphtheria cure, will shortly be made at Fort Yates, N. D., with a view of its general use in the Federal army.

Watt's "Love and Life," the painting of the nude order, will hang in the Corcoran Art Gallery.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

President Moraes of Brazil announced that deserters from the navy, army and police force would be pardoned.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY NOTES.

Short Items of Interest From Missouri, Illinois, Arkansas and Texas.

MISSOURI.

Mr. Wm. Roland of Joplin died in California, where he went a few weeks ago for his health.

Hon. Charles H. Morgan of the Fifteenth District will engage in business in the far Southwest on the expiration of his term, but will keep his residence in the district.

Bennis Bristow of Tuckahoe played with a giant powder cap, which exploded and tore his hand off.

Elder J. S. Johnson has been called to the pastorate of the Pierce City Baptist Church.

A negro boy, 11 years old, is in the Boone County jail charged with horse stealing.

The teachers of Missouri did not take holiday as a rule. Most of them were fully occupied with institute and other meetings.

Hillsboro had a thunderstorm and a snowstorm within two days.

The Methodist Church at Republic is having a big revival.

Percy Gideon, son of Judge J. J. Gideon, died at Springfield of consumption.

It is said that the Rev. Ben Deering has driven the devil out of Crawford County.

A number of business houses have been erected in Centralia during the past year, but more are wanted to accommodate the increasing trade.

Hallsville will have a bank with a capital of $10,000.

The demands of the State University do not meet with favor in the country press.

Maysville suffered from a big fire.

W. H. Ridgway and Miss Cadie Wainscott were married at Centralia.

A young lady of Silex, Lincoln Co., name not given, weighs 280 pounds.

Ex-Senator D. A. Ball of Pike County is really in earnest about his candidacy for the Governorship.

J. W. Johnson of Lincoln killed a hog that weighed 800 pounds.

Mr. Julius M. Frink and Mrs. Sue A. Miller of Troy were married.

ILLINOIS.

The Curan Post-office was robbed; loss $100.

Alma Reynolds, aged 17, was burned to death at Quincy.

Notwithstanding the hard times Springfield has enjoyed great activity in building and real estate during the past year.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Knott of Chatham celebrated their fifteenth anniversary.

John Wagner, a small boy, was shot and instantly killed near Collinsville by the accidental discharge of an air gun in the hands of a playmate named Joseph Sauer.

County Clerk George K. Thomas at Belleville issued thirty-nine marriage licenses in December.

Anna is going to have a bottling works on the temperance plan.

The holiday trade at Pana was the largest for many years.

TEXAS.

The citizens of Bryan have petitioned ex-Gov. Ross to remain as President of the Agricultural College and not accept the railroad commissionership.

The Populists of Bastrop County will establish a paper with B. W. Floyd as editor.

The South produces 60 per cent of the world's cotton, and Texas produces about one-third of this, or one-fifth of the crop of the whole world.

J. A. Magee, a prominent stockman of Nueces County, was shot and instantly killed by a couple of Mexicans.

The Texas lumbermen will organize an exchange, with Houston as headquarters.

State convention of Spiritualists at Dallas decided to establish a camp meeting to be held annually.

A writer in the Texas Farm and Ranch claims that drenching cattle with melted hog lard, in quantities of a pint, every few minutes, will, by only a few doses, cure poisoning from second growth sorghum.

ARKANSAS.

The press of Arkansas does not take kindly to the new constitution agitation, as it is claimed the only purpose is to increase taxation.

The Hot Springs Graphic proposes Col. S. W. Fordyce for President of the United States.

Prof. Wilson Southerland, a prominent educator, died suddenly at Springdale.

The Confederate veterans have been called to meet at Little Rock Jan. 15.

There were eighteen marriage licenses issued in Washington County last week, breaking the record.

The Penitentiary Board has leased the convicts to work a cotton plantation.

"Grandpa" Palmer died at his home near Diamond Springs after a long illness, aged 78 years.

Dr. W. R. Brooksher of Gellorth has been appointed United States Jail physician at Fort Smith.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

Wigs and Costumes

For theater and masquerade balls for rent and made to order. Ladies' and gent's street wigs. A. FUEGEL, 521 Walnut st.

ECZEMA, PIMPLES, FRECKLES,

Skin Diseases and Facial Blemishes removed. Regular Physicians. Consultation free; office or letter. John H. Woodbury Dermatological Institute, Union Trust Building, St. Louis. Branches in New York, Boston, Phila., Chicago. Inventor of Woodbury's Facial Soap.

OUTSIDE THE CITY.

General and Personal News From Missouri and Illinois Towns.

CHESTER, Ill., Jan. 2.—Hypolite Derousse of Prairie du Rocher wound up a debauch Christmas morning by accidentally setting fire to his dwelling. The house belonged to his father, Edmond Derousse, and was consumed with all its contents, involving a loss of over $2,000, with no insurance. The elder Derousse and his son's wife have employed H. Clay Horner to bring suits for damages against the Prairie du Rocher saloonkeepers, A. E. Palmer and L. M. Vincent, who sold him the liquor.

The City Council will meet in regular monthly session next Monday evening.

The County Clerk issued 20 marriage licenses during the past year, being two less than in 1893.

James Nix and Mollie Kennedy, both of Lincoln County, Mo., were married here last Sunday. The bride was a widow, only 17 years old, and was accompanied by her infant child.

Monday while Channing Smith attempted to climb over a fence to stab a hog which his father had shot, he slipped and fell, the knife which he had in his hand entering his right breast, but fortunately striking a rib was deflected upward and did not penetrate the cavity, besides an ugly gash, a fractured rib was the only injury sustained.

R. W. Jackson has sold his residence property and will remove to Washington, Ia., where he is superintendent of a new pipe organ factory.

Nine claims for 238 sparrows killed were filed in the County Clerk's office during the month of December.

The January term of Probate Court will convene next Monday.

The river is frozen solid from the mouth of the Kaskaskia to St. Mary's, the water in the old channel being very shallow.

Marriage licenses: James A. Tuteral, aged 23, and Miss Mary J. Owens, aged 16, of Sparta; James Nix, 27, and Mrs. Mollie Kennedy, 17, of Lincoln County, Mo.; Jacob Clemens, 22, and Miss Mary A. Wolf, 18, of Evansville.

Etta May, 10-year-old daughter of Officer Fred Schoenfeld, of the prison, while skating on the river Monday afternoon, fell on the ice and broke her leg.

Sheriff McFarland reports the following tax collections up to Jan. 1: Kaskaskia, $181.62; Rockwood, $40.46; Bremen, $90.65; Palestine, $282.95; Blair, $1,379.86; total, $2,802.58.

The proprietors of the Chester Tribune are building an addition to their office, and will put in a Babcock power press.

RAMSEY, Ill., Jan. 2.—J. W. Tull & Son of Kinmundy have bought the hardware and furniture store of Col. S. C. Morrison and have begun business.

A large dwelling house owned by E. B. Stokes and occupied by Hon. Leonard Rush was totally destroyed by fire last night. Loss on house fully covered by insurance; nothing on contents.

The work of securing a renewal of coal leases is progressing rapidly and the new company organized is expected to begin active work within the next week or two.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE TO KANSAS CITY

HAIL TO THE NEW YEAR!

McNICHOL IS WITH YOU STILL!

Riches and wealth may fade away,
Youth and its pleasures fly;
But we are never all bereft;
Some treasure lingers high.
Some faithful heart remains to bless,
Some dream of hope to cheer;
Thus may we all encouraged be
To greet the glad New Year!

If home is left, the sacred flame
Which never should die down,
Then we may smile at poverty—
And fate—why, let her frown.
But woe to those who wander,
Uncared for and alone,
Without that calm, domestic peace
That man should call his own.

But surely there are none so sad,
You answer to these rhymes;
There never were such chances
As in these—one later times.
McNichol aids the friendless one;
The stranger him may seek;
And make the sweetest home on earth
On payments by the week!

It takes no heavy purse to start—
Requires no cash. You can—
Become the happiest dweller here
On Mac's installment plan.
Be wise—time passes—life demands
Our comfort while we're here;
So make your mind up, make a home,
For this, the glad New Year!

All are invited. Do not feel timid or afraid that you cannot do it. Thousands have and are blessed to-day. See

(Trade Mark) **The Only McNICHOL,**

1015, 1022-1024 Market st., St. Louis.

P. S.—Think not to find poor things because they are cheap. No dealer on earth can give you better, finer goods. The best Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Pictures, Dishes, Clocks, Lamps, Bedding, Kitchen and Laundry articles, Refrigerators, Baby Carriages, Coal, Gas and Oil Stoves, Images, Brass Goods, Willowware, Tinware, Ranges, at the lowest rates, easiest terms.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by careful application of fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

RADIANT HOME

Base Burner Stoves.

RINGEN STOVE CO.

414 N. BROADWAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

HAVLIN'S—TO-NIGHT
MATINEE SATURDAY.
JAMES H. WALLICK,
—IN HIS NEW—
BANDIT KING.
Night prices, 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.
Sunday Matinee—A GREEN GOODS MAN.

OLYMPIC
ALL WEEK.
Matinee Saturday at 2. Evenings at 8.
JOHN DREW,
In Guy Carleton's Comedy,
THE BUTTERFLIES.
EXTRA—Seats on sale for George Edwards' Company, from the Prince of Wales Theater, London, in
A GAIETY GIRL.
Direct from Daly's Theater, New York.
Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1 and $1.50.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
MATINEE SATURDAY.
SEABROOKE
—IN—
TABASCO.
N. B.—"ISLE OF CHAMPAGNE" Friday Night Only.
Next week—STUART ROBSON.

STANDARD—To-Night.
REILLY & WOODS.
Biggest Specialty and Spectacular Combination in America.
All New Features.
Next Week—Lyceum Theater Co.

HOPKINS' POPE'S THEATER.
Continuous Show, 1 to 11.
Dramatic Co. in The Plunger.
10—All-Star Variety Acts—10
Prices—10c, 20c and 30c.

THE HAGAN Hanlon Bros.' **FANTASMA**
Matinee Saturday—25c and 50c.
Next week—Joseph Murphy. Tel. 771.

CRYSTAL MAZE.
Ninth and Olive sts.
Admission reduced from 25c to only 10c.

BRYANT'S THEATER,
Sixth and Spruce.
THE BEST ATTRACTIONS OF
Vaudeville Stage.
Matinees—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, Sunday. ADMISSION FREE.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

WYMAN INSTITUTE
Western Military Academy
UPPER ALTON, ILL.
Sixteenth Year. An old and thoroughly prosperous school with graduates in Yale, Princeton and Cornell. Cadets prepared for college or business.
Address Col. WILKS BROWN, Supt.

ELECTION NOTICES.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 8, 1894. Election Notice.—The regular annual election for eleven directors of this National Bank of the Republic of St. Louis will occur at the banking house on Tuesday, January 8, 1895, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Transfer books will close on Tuesday, January 8, 1895, at 2 p. m. and reopen on Thursday, January 10, 1895, at 10 a. m. No. 214 North Fourth street. Polls open from 10 a. m. to 12 m. (2220) WM. D. GRAVES, Cashier.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS for Piles, Brush and Stone—United States Engineer Office, Custom-House, St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 21, 1894.—Sealed proposals in duplicate, for furnishing piles, brush and stone during fiscal year 1895, will be received here until 12 m. Jan. 7, 1895, and then publicly opened. All information furnished on application. CHAS. J. ALLEN, Major, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A.

F. C. BONSACK, ARCHITECT
ROOM 610,
CHEMICAL BUILDING, ST. LOUIS.

Barr's (St. Louis,)

Great $30,000 Sale of Ladies' and Misses' Muslin Underwear, Corsets, Tea Gowns, House Wrappers, Etc.,

Begins To-Morrow, Friday, Jan. 4, 1895.

☛REMEMBER, NEW, FRESH, CLEAN GOODS. NO OLD, WORTHLESS TRASH, NOTHING BUT BRIGHT, NEW GOODS.

☛Not a Single Garment in the Entire $30,000.00 Purchase Ever Shown Before Anywhere.☚

Now For It!

Commencing to-morrow we propose to sell $30,000 worth of

☛ALL BRIGHT, FRESH, CLEAN, NEW GS

Muslin Underwear, New New Corsets, Tea Gowns, New House Wrappers, ETC.,

All made expressly for our exacting trade—for actually less money in many instances than the bare cost of the materials. For example:

Ladies' Muslin Night Gowns.

All Fresh, Clean, New Goods.

At 69c.
Ladies' good Muslin Night Gowns, full large and long, V-shaped neck, cambric ruffle, fine tucks and Hamburg insertion—a gown such as you'd ordinarily pay 60c for. Now and here only, 39c.

At 68c.
Ladies' extra good Muslin Night Gowns, round yoke of narrow tucks, Hamburg edge around neck, down front and at sleeves; usual price for such gowns, 90c. During this sale, 68c only.

At 79c.
Ladies' very good Muslin Night Gowns, square yoke with tucks, hemstitching and Hamburg insertion; really worth $1.00. During this sale, only 79c.

At 85c.
Ladies' Muslin Night Gowns, square yoke of fine Hamburg insertion and tucks, trimmed all around with deep cambric ruffle, full cambric ruffle collar and sleeves, entirely different from anything yet shown; actual value, $1.35. During this sale, only 85c.

At 98c.
Two very pretty styles of Ladies' fine Cambric Night Gowns, square and round yokes made of narrow tucks, full cambric hemstitched and tucked ruffle, particularly attractive styles; actual value, $1.35. During this sale, only 98c.

At $1.15.
Very fine Muslin Night Gowns, square yoke of fine Hamburg and narrow tucks, Hamburg collar, ruffle and sleeves; real value, $1.50. During this sale, only $1.15.

Other Gowns at $1.18, $1.25, $1.48, $1.68 up to $3.50. All new, fresh goods; all greatly below real value.

N. B.—All these gowns are full large and long, and all have the new large full sleeves, which you will not find in old goods.

Ladies' Muslin
Drawers,
All Fresh, Clean, New Goods.

At 18c
Just 100 dozen good Muslin Drawers, all new, in all sizes, deep hem, with cluster of fine tucks, yoke band; usual price 25c; special sale price 18c. (Not more than 4 pairs to any one customer.)

At 25c
Another 100 dozen Muslin Drawers, all new, made of particularly good Muslin, with two clusters of narrow tucks. Just what thousands of you would readily pay 40c for, and they're worth that. This lot at 25c. (Not more than 4 pairs to any one customer.)

At 39c
Ladies' Good Muslin Drawers, with deep cambric tucked ruffles and clusters of tucks above, all new. The quality that ordinarily sells at 50c. Special sale price 39c.

At 50c
Four styles of Ladies' Drawers, all new; two in fine Cambric, two in fine Muslin, all beautifully made and trimmed with fine Hamburg edges, with fine tucks above. These would be considered extra good value anywhere at 75c. During this sale only 50c.

At 68c
Several particularly good styles of fine new Muslin Drawers, trimmed with very carefully selected patterns of fine Hamburg Embroidery. These qualities ordinarily retail at $1.00. During this sale they will sell at 68c.

At 98c
Ladies' extra good quality of new Muslin Drawers, beautifully made and trimmed with fine Hamburg Embroidery. This quality ordinarily sells at $1.25. During this sale only 98c.

☛Other new styles in Drawers at other prices, all equally as attractive in price and quality.

Ladies' Cambric
Corset Covers,
All Fresh, Clean, New Goods.

At 18c
Ladies' Cambric Corset Covers, high or low neck, Hamburg trimmed and plain, usual price 25c; sale price, 18c.

At 48c
Ladies' Cambric Corset Covers, 3 new styles, high or low neck, V and square shape, fine Hamburg embroidery and tucks, usual price 65c; sale price, 48c.

At 68c
Ladies' Cambric Corset Covers, five new styles, all very good, lace and embroidery trimmed, V, square and round necks, usual price for such good styles is 85c; sale price, 68c.

At 95c
Ladies' Fine Cambric Corset Covers, low neck, trimmed with pretty Cluny lace, usual price, $1.25; sale price, 95c.

Other New Styles of Corset Covers, All at Much Less Than Usual Prices.

Ladies' Muslin
Underskirts,
All Fresh, Clean New Goods,

At 48c
Ladies' good Muslin Underskirts, in several different styles, all new, deep hem, with tucks above; exceptionally good. Usual price, 65c; special sale price, only 48c.

At 68c
Ladies' Muslin Underskirts, deep cambric ruffle, tucked yoke band. Usual price, 85c; special sale price, 68c.

At 85c
Ladies' Muslin Underskirts, wide ruffle of Hamburg Embroidery, in choice patterns, all new, tucks above. Usual price, $1.00; special sale price, 85c.

At 98c
Ladies' extra good Muslin Underskirts, three different styles, all new, all exceptionally good, with fine wide Hamburg ruffles and tucks. Usual price, $1.25; special sale price, 98c.

At $1.15
Ladies' Muslin Underskirts, with very fine Hamburg ruffles of Embroidery, with tucks above; extraordinary value. Usual price, $1.35; special sale price, $1.15.

☛Other New Styles of Muslin Underskirts at other Prices, all worth coming for immediately.

Ladies' Muslin
Chemise,
All Fresh, Clean, New Goods,

At 43c
Ladies' Muslin Corded Band Chemise, extra good quality of muslin, very carefully made, usual price for this style in not as good material, 50c; sale price, 43c.

At 50c
Ladies' good Muslin Chemise, square yoke of fine Hamburg insertion and tucks, cambric ruffle around neck and sleeves, usual price 65c; sale price, 50c.

At 68c
Ladies' good Muslin Chemise, round yoke of fine Hamburg insertion and tucks, Hamburg edge around neck and sleeves, usual price 85c; sale price, 68c.

At 85c
Fine Cambric Chemise, beautifully trimmed with fine Platval lace, mull ruffle around neck and sleeves, edged with lace, usual price $1.15; sale price, 85c.

☛Other Chemises at other equally as attractive prices.

Misses' Muslin UNDERWEAR.
(All Fresh, Clean, New Goods.)

MISSES' GOWNS at 45c, 50c, 55c, 65c, 70c up.

MISSES' DRAWERS at 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c up.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS IN

CORSETS.

☛*All fresh, clean New Goods, remember.*☚ *We've given you some rare values in Corsets in times gone by, but surely nothing ever so good as these.*

75c Corsets for 45c
$1.25 "W. B." and "C. B." Corsets, all colors, for 75c
$2.25 P. D. Corsets for $1.50
$3.50 P. D. Corsets for $2.50
$5.50 P. D. Corsets for $3.50
$6 and $7 P. D. Corsets for $4.00
75c Misses' Corsets for 45c

Big bargains in Nursing Corsets.
$1.25 Corsets for 50c

Extraordinary Bargains IN Ladies' Tea Gowns and House Wrappers

All fresh, clean, new goods and styles, made expressly for this great sale.

$1.00 Wrappers for 98c.
$1.75 Wrappers for $1.25.
$2.00 Wrappers for $1.50.

And a great lot of Flannel, Cashmere and Eiderdown Tea Gowns and Wrappers at lower prices than we've ever offered them before.

Rare Values in New Styles of Children's Gingham Dresses.

☛Entirely New Styles—only received from the manufacturers the day before yesterday. Prettier than any heretofore shown.

(For ages 1, 2, 3 and 4 years.

At 48c, At 68c, At 75c, At 85c, At 98c, At $1.25.

☛The materials alone, to say nothing of the pretty style and making, is worth more than the price asked. And all fresh, clean, new Dresses, remember.

Sixth, Olive and Locust Streets.

THE WM BARR DRY GOODS COMPANY.

BUSINESS CENTER, ST. LOUIS.

HIS LAST DAYS.

Robert Louis Stevenson the Uncrowned King of Samoa.

Touching Devotion of the Natives, Who Adored Him.

JUST BEFORE HE DIED HE GAVE THEM A VAST FEAST.

How Thanksgiving Was Celebrated in American Style—His Influence in Samoan Affairs—Events of the Day of His Death—Graphic Description of His Burial on the Mountain Top.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

APIA, Samoa, Dec. 5.—As the telegraph, on the arrival at San Francisco of the steamer which carries this—two weeks hence—will have told you, Robert Louis Stevenson is dead and rests in a lone grave on the very summit of Mount Vaea, overlooking his former home.

Coming almost by chance to these islands in a general tour of all the islands of the South Seas in a prolonged search for health, which he scarce hoped to find, he discovered here a climate exactly suited to him and one that undoubtedly added several years to his life. He found more. He found a singularly fine people, but untaught in modern ways and peculiarly helpless. That which appeared to him their impending doom, which no good reason demanded, excited his profoundest sympathy. Seconded and urged in all his efforts for their benefit by the strong character and enthusiasm of his wife and the youthful earnestness and great capacity of his stepson, Lloyd Osbourne, he threw himself into their affairs, and, as Byron did in Greece, made the country's cause his own.

GOVERNMENT A FIASCO.

Mr. Stevenson was too much the genius to become an adept in statecraft. He was far too volatile and spontaneous for the slow, cold game of politics. Soon after becoming deeply interested in the affairs and future of Samoa he met and contracted a deep and genuine friendship for Mataafa. He could see no two sides to such a question. He was impressed and greatly influenced by the high character and genuine ability of the popular chief. Through him he could see, he thought, the union and welfare of the Samoan people. As he became more closely united to him he became proportionately hostile to Malietoa, whom he cordially despised for his weak, insincere and generally unattractive character. Mr. Stevenson undoubtedly hoped to make for himself a place in history of the heroic kind. Above this, he hoped to secure the independence of his chosen country; too wise to believe that child milder race could preserve it if secured. He saw through British annexation a guarantee for the future of what he came to regard as his own people; he would have hailed American protection or annexation as equally advantageous to the country and next most desirable to him, as I so well know; but for this he did not allow himself to hope. He thought he saw this fair sky on every hand overcast by lowering, destructive storm-cloud of approaching German domination. He regarded the existing treaty as but leading up to German acquisition; he looked upon the present miserable fiasco of a government under that treaty as but a chair warmed for the Germans, to give way to a German "protectorate," when the measure of its failures should be full. Therefore, regarding the Government of the feeble and well-named Laupepa (or sheet of paper)—for that name well suits him, as it is said that he will sign any paper handed to him—with aversion and mistrust, he drew closer his relations to Mataafa and became in consequence an object of suspicion to the treaty powers, bound to maintain Malietoa, and thus narrowly escaped arrest and deportation.

HIMSELF THE UNCROWNED KING.

Still Stevenson, through his established hold on the domain of letters, had the hearts of the reading, and consequently the intelligent world with him. His statements were received by the world as the truth, which all official contradiction could not shake or affect. The governments were, in fact, afraid of him, and after the deportation of Mataafa he reigned the uncrowned King of Samoa, the pivot of its social life, the center of its hospitality, its one greatest and most imposing figure.

It was at the point just touched upon that Stevenson made, apparently, his great mistake. He became identified with a faction. He ceased to be the head of a section rather than of an entire people. He made, so far as can now be seen, no effort to unite the Samoans. So it appears, at least. Perhaps no one, under the conditions, could have done otherwise. It may be that in the tribal and factional divisions, in the absence of all hope of union, he had to choose one or the other.

THE HOUSE AT VAILIMA.

Mr. Stevenson's home was, to use the vernacular of the place, in the "bush," i. e., in the woods or country. Every little plot of ground, if these volcanic boulders, covered with accumulated vegetable mould and tropical vegetation, can be called ground, has its particular name. Mr. Stevenson's place is called Vailima. Vai means waters; lima a hand of five, either, because there are five fingers on the hand. Hence Vailima signifies "five waters." The place, containing upward of 400 acres, but a small part of which is cleared, occupies the beach land at the foot of the mountain, sweeps on to the river, as the mere brooks are dignified in this country of small streams, and on the side reaches up to the top of the mountain. The house itself is, of course, of wood, as are all the houses in this country. It was built at different times by successive additions, is large and irregular in form, two stories in height and surrounded on three sides by the verandas so necessary in the tropics. A good roadway of recent construction leads perhaps half way up the hillside from Apia to Vailima; the remainder of the way is a mere bridle path, strewn with ragged boulders in places, and along which all the timbers employed in building the roomy house, and all the mass of handsome furniture which fills it—some being glorious old carved oak pieces from England and Scotland—was laboriously transported on pack-horses or carried by hand.

Mr. Stevenson was never so happy as when presiding as a host.

THE LAST GREAT FEAST.

He had just completed his 44th year. In celebration of the event he gave perhaps the largest feast ever which he ever presided on Nov. 14, his birthday. It was on a large scale. There were from 250 to 300 persons present, all Samoans (many of them chiefs), with the exception, perhaps, of a dozen white persons, mostly officials, and his own family. The feast was spread in the afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Samoan fashion. In all the preparations for festivals of this character, which involved great labor, he had the voluntary assistance of scores of Samoans, who were glad in this or any other way to manifest their affectionate regard for him.

As is the custom in this country, a framework of poles was erected, for all the world like a grape arbor, and this was thickly roofed over and walled part of the way down the sides with cocoanut palms, the supporting poles being trimmed with vines and palms. This arbor was 140 feet in length and 12 feet in width, reaching from near the front veranda down and away from the front of the house. The entire ground in the interior was thickly carpeted over with banana leaves. Along the center the whole length upon this verdant carpet, occupying half the width, was piled in one long heap, as is the native fashion, vast quantities of the delicacies so tempting to the Samoan appetite—cold roast pigs, chickens and fish, each, great or small, having a mat of flowers spread over it; yams, taro, palusami, sea biscuit, mangoes, pineapples and cocoanuts by the hundreds, thousands I might say; countless tins of salmon and many other articles of food. On either side on the banana leaves the guests sat in long rows, Turkish fashion, the highest in rank towards the head. Mr. Stevenson, the picture of gratification, sat, with Mrs. Stevenson at his side, in his shirt sleeves and bare feet, as was his delight, with a wreath of small flowers around his neck. As each guest arrived an "ula," or wreath of flowers and red berries, was hung about his neck, in accordance with the ways of this land of flowers. When one set of guests had eaten they gave way to another, until the perhaps twenty-five or thirty pigs and heaps of edibles had disappeared—much going into the convenient basket which a Samoan always sees it necessary to take with him to a feast.

After the feast a "siva," or native dance, with all the adjuncts of bodies bathed in cocoanut oil, men with blackened faces and a real funny man, continued until near dark to delight the simple-minded natives, and at intervals to throw them into roars of applause and screams of delight.

THANKSGIVING A L'AMERICAIN.

I have been a frequent guest at Mr. Stevenson's, and was, I may say, perhaps, the special guest at the last entertainment he ever gave or at which he was present. It became to all the company unexpectedly impressive; it soon became memorable to all of us, as in so brief a time after the shadow of death fell upon him and overwhelmed the same company, the same scene, in mourning. Mrs. Stevenson, Mrs. Strong and Mr. Osbourne are American citizens, and the two ladies had told me at a dinner party some ten days or so beforehand that we must have a genuine American Thanksgiving dinner on Nov. 29. The dinner was in exquisite taste. There were but five guests outside of the family, and of these three were Americans. W. L. Chambers of Alabama, member of the Land Commission, was one of them. The only other person invited was Mr. Haggard of the Land Commission, brother of H. Ryder Haggard, but he was not well enough to be present.

The feature of the dinner was the surprising presence of the traditional turkey, with the regulation cranberry sauce. Where and how a turkey and such a one could be had on this island, I am at a loss to know. Mrs. Stevenson, during the dinner, after hearing the guests express perfection of the cranberry sauce, confessed that she had improvised it from a native berry found in the bush, upon which she had been experimenting. I can say that in this case the imitation was equal to the genuine article. When dessert had been fairly discussed, not midway between the sherry and the champagne, but well into the champagne, I surprised Mr. Stevenson by proposing his health, touching upon the idea that it was a thanksgiving in fact and spirit; that we, in this far-away island, has cause to thank him, an English subject, and our country-woman, his poor wife, that they had made for us a genuine thanksgiving, which brought to us the memory and atmosphere of our distant homes, etc.

LAST TOAST AND LAST SPEECH.

Mr. Stevenson was a timid man and easily embarrassed. He was taken by surprise and he showed it. He was ordinarily not fluent in speech. He arose from his place at the foot of the table, for that was his favorite place. The occasion evidently impressed him, and after acknowledging the compliment, he grew fluent, deeply impressive and singularly deliberate. It was the last toast to which he ever responded; the last speech that he ever made. He said that he had often admired the Christian motive that lay at the root of the American Thanksgiving Day, and the American people for its observance; that he had partaken of, perhaps, several Thanksgiving dinners, but that the genial glow, the beauty of the American custom, its home-like flavor and religious sense of gratitude had never before so deeply impressed him. He then, in a low and earnest tone, amid the deepest silence, went on to speak of how much reason he had to be thankful and how really full of gratitude his heart was; that the measure of his happiness, looking back over the past, seemed to be full; that everyone who held a place in his family circle was present; that his mother, from whom he had so often been separated, was by his side, in what he characterized as a glad hour; that his wife gazed into his eyes, from the head of a happy table, in unchanged and unchanging affestion; that the stalwart man and the good woman who were more than son and daughter to him were on either side, and that nothing might be wanting, he continued (referring to the presence of Mrs. Strong's little son Austin), he could be even grateful for the sound of the voice of a child in the house.

After referring to the friends around him, with a fixed look of intense earnestness on his face, which seemed flushed yet set in its expression, turning his eyes upward, he said, with a peculiar slowness and emphasis: "With all these blessings to be grateful for, I can in gratitude meet the end when it comes."

In the music and songs, in the melody and romp of the "Suwanee River," "The Old Kentucky Home," "John Brown's Body," "Mollie and I and the Baby" and "Daisy Bell," as these and many others alternated, and in which he at times joined after the coffee, the brandy and the cigarettes, the evening stole into the midnight, and the serious speech was half forgotten until its prophetic character was recalled by his untimely death in almost exactly ninety hours afterwards.

HOW THE END CAME.

On the day of his death he continued at his table until 4 o'clock in the afternoon, and he then came down and was with the family about the place and on the verandas until dinner time. It was after 6 o'clock. He had been feeling unusually strong and well during the day and expressed a wish for a salad at dinner. Mrs. Stevenson prepared it, and it was passed to him as he sat in his place at the table. For a rarity quite remarkable no one was present save members of the family. He was pouring from a cruet into the salad when he suddenly stood erect in his place, placed his hand on his forehead and said:

"I do not know what is the matter; I cannot see."

Then he sank down in his seat. From that he was carried to his bed and, without pain, without further consciousness or an additional word, at 8:30 o'clock, despite the efforts of two physicians who reached the villa in less than an hour after he was stricken, the busy brain was at rest and the wizard of the South Seas had passed away. The "Ebb Tide" had drifted him out forever. The cause of death was apoplexy; the lesion of a blood vessel of the brain.

In this ardent climate burials are but little delayed; they cannot be. Mr. Stevenson was buried on about the 17th of the 4th inst., the funeral being of the simplest character and strictly private, on one being present save those specially invited.

The distress of the Samoans was deep, earnest and sincere. The appreciated their loss, and well they might be the champion of their rights for right's sake. To one unselfish friend who could hold the ear of the world in their cause, had passed away. God help them! They brought their fine mats, of such priceless value in their esteem, in which to wrap the body; they offered their willing hands for any service. The Protestants among them gathered about the slender little body and prayed in groups; then the Catholics in their turn poured out their prayers in the soft and musical language he loved so well.

THE TOUCHING BURIAL.

The hour for the funeral was fixed for 1 o'clock. Heavy rains had drenched the mountain and highlands during the morning. It was a dull and heavy day. Not a breath stirred. On the very topmost point of the tree-covered mountain, 700 feet above the level, where the house stands, a party of natives made the grave—difficult work in this land of lava stones. During all the forenoon a great force of Samoans, at the same time, with ringing axes and bush-knives, cleared a roadway up the mountain side, which in some places is almost perpendicular. Large trees were felled and removed; all the mass of tropic undergrowth had to be cleared away. All was done in good time.

The coffin was of wood of the old primitive style, covered with black velvet, with silver trimmings. At 12:30 o'clock, before the arrival of those invited, the coffin, like that of a half-grown boy, was swung upon two stout scantlings lashed together, and about sixty natives, barefooted and bare-legged, well used to the brush and the mountain, bore it, by literally lifting and passing it on, rather than carrying it to the outer box above the yawning grave, the English ensign draped about it.

At 1 o'clock the few persons invited to be present began the toilsome ascent over the newly cleared pathway, stumbling up the wet and slippery mountain. One gentleman gave way, exhausted. The ascent was accomplished at last by literally pulling one's self up by means of the vines and saplings, with frequent rests.

Mrs. Strong, Mrs. Stevenson's daughter, was the only woman present at the interment. Aided by two stalwart Samoans, she made the ascent, and I am at a loss to understand how, even with this aid, she accomplished the undertaking; much less am I able to conceive how these children of the bush ever bore the coffin to its place. Reaching the top at last all wet and muddy and exhausted, the mourners took a breathing spell, and then the services were begun.

The Rev. William B. Clarke of the London Mission read the funeral service of the Church of England. The Rev. Mr. Newell of the same mission delivered the service in Samoan. The coffin was lowered into the outer case at the bottom of the grave, upon which the cover was then placed, the English ensign was thrown about and over it; the grave was half filled with flowers, brought by natives and sent by sorrowing friends; the wet earth, more than half stone, rattled in, and, bedewed with tears, hid the flowers that covered the form of Robert Louis Stevenson from mortal eyes forever.

MAY SING ON.

Decision of the Massachusetts Court in the D'Arville Case.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 3.—Camille D'Arville, the prima donna, may sing on. The full bench of the Supreme Court has dismissed the bill in equity brought by Edward E. Rice to restrain her from singing in the United States or Canada except under his management. This injunction was asked as an enforcement of a negative covenant on the contract between the songstress and manager. The contract was made Nov. 20 and Miss D'Arville was engaged as prima donna for a season of thirty-five weeks. For this he agreed to pay her $450 a week when in New York or Boston, and $500 a week elsewhere; he also to pay steamboat and railroad transportation, but not carriage hire.

Mr. Rice in July, 1894, notified Miss D'Arville that he expected her in New York at the rehearsal of the "Little Christopher Columbus." She declined to go. The decision is important as bearing upon the enforcement of a negative covenant in a contract for personal services.

AFTER CRISPI.

Rudini Means to Force the Premier to Resign His Post.

ROME, Jan. 3.—At a meeting of followers of the Marquis Di Rudini, ex-Premier, it was decided to commence a vigorous campaign with the purpose of forcing Crispi to resign and bring about the formation of a cabinet composed entirely of senators.

FREEMAN—STONE.

An Interesting Wedding Ceremony at St. Peter's Episcopal Church.

An important event of to-day will be the celebration of the nuptials of Mr. Thomas W. Freeman and Miss Bessie Carroll-Stone, at 6 o'clock p. m., in St. Peter's Episcopal Church, Rev. Mr. Short, the rector, officiating.

The bride, the eldest daughter of Mrs. S. Innes Stone, is a typical Southern girl, with soft brown eyes and graceful, willowy figure, whose winning manners have made her many friends in this city, where she has spent most of her life. The church will be prettily decorated with palms and white roses.

Prof. C. J. Dunster, the organist, will accompany the choral service, which will be rendered by the choristers of St. Peter's in compliment to the bride, who formerly belonged to the choir of young girls who sang at St. Peter's two years ago.

The bride will be attended by her only sister, Miss Julia Stone, as maid of honor, Misses Julia Husbonds, a cousin from Paducah, Ky., Laura Taylor and Nellie Stockton as bridemaids.

Mr. Will T. Graham will be the groom's best man, Messrs. William M. Prather, United States Attorney for the Western District of Missouri, George Bothwell and James W. Anderson, the groomsmen. Messrs. W. F. McElroy and James G. Burr will serve as ushers. The bride will wear a lovely robe of cream-tinted gros de Tendres, the skirt made perfectly plain, fitting smoothly about the hips, the back laid in large hollow plaits, which gradually expand with the length of the train. The bodice is round-waisted, and high in the neck, with a slight fullness across the bust, fastened in the back with a butterfly bow of the silk. The neck is finished with a Cesarina collar and a wide flat ruff of point lace, sleeves a gigot finished about the wrists with dainty fullings of lace. The long tulle veil will be fastened to her dark hair in the shape of a coronet caught in the center with a rosette of tulle and sigrette of orange blossom. She will carry a bouquet of Augusta Kaiserin roses, fringed with lilies of the valley.

The bridemaids will all wear gowns alike, the bodice made of corn-flower blue velvet, cut square in the neck, with immense balloon sleeves reaching the elbow, and sixteen of white tulle and lace, the skirt fastened upon the shoulders. The skirts are made of cream-colored taffeta silk, cut dancing length, fitting smoothly over the hips and flowing at the bottom. They all wear bridamaid's veils of white tulle fastened to the hair with corn-flower pompons and white sigrettes, and they carry huge bouquets of white carnations tied with corn-flower blue ribbon. There will be a reception of the bridal party only at the residence of the bride, 4064 Morgan street, after the ceremony.

Mr. and Mrs. Freeman will leave this evening for a bridal tour and upon their return to St. Louis will be located at 3648 Washington avenue. Mrs. Freeman will receive Wednesdays in February, with her mother and sister, at their home on Morgan street.

Postmasters Appointed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.—Postmasters appointed to-day:

Illinois—Latham Park, Winnebago County, T. G. Stevens, vice Thos. Wilson, Jr., resigned.

Missouri—Lemasters, Wayne County, Charles County, T. L. Matthews, vice Raymond Weis, resigned.

Michael Flynn's Will.

The will of Michael Flynn was probated with Thomas Flynn as executor without bond. His bequeaths to his sister, Mrs. Bridget Allen, wife of Thomas Allen, of Jacksonville, Ill., $50 and the remainder to his son, Thomas Flynn. The estate is valued at $7,000.

PUT CARLISLE OUT.

The Modest Demand on Cleveland by Eastern Bankers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.—J. Pierpont Morgan has made known to the President the dislike of New York bankers for Secretary Carlisle and their demand for his removal.

This is the information that comes from Secretary Carlisle through a Southern member of Congress. Mr. Morgan was in Washington a few days ago, it is said, and represented to the President that the bankers were dissatisfied with Carlisle's course on the currency question. He painted a lurid picture of approaching disaster, and predicted an advance of gold to a premium if a change were not made in the management of the Treasury. It is believed that the private complaint of the bond syndicate that Secretary Carlisle was proposing to destroy the market for their holdings by his currency bill also found its way to the President's ear.

The President's reply is not known. However, he assured Secretary Carlisle of his intention to stand by him. They had a full and frank conversation on the subject Tuesday.

Secretary Carlisle declined to discuss the matter for publication. His manner showed that he felt complimented by enmity from Wall street. Southern and Western Democrats that saw him were inclined to be congratulatory, expressing the hope that the Administration would at last cut loose from exclusively Eastern influences. The game Eastern bankers are playing to force interest-bearing obligations from the Government for their own enrichment, regardless of public danger, has soured them on Eastern advice.

However, there is no probability that war will be declared on Wall street even if the Administration does take a more independent stand.

MORGAN'S DENIAL.

Says the Story of the Bankers' Demand Is Absurd—Was Not in Washington.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Banker J. Pierpont Morgan says the story printed here this morning that he called on President Cleveland and demanded the removal of Secretary Carlisle is absurd.

"I have not been in Washington for some time," said Mr. Morgan, "and it has been so long since I last saw Mr. Cleveland I've almost forgotten what he looks like. The story is absurd on the face of it."

Mr. Morgan gave it as his opinion that the yarn grew out of the controversy between the Stewart bond syndicate and tweet the Secretary of the Treasury on the currency question, but of this he would not speak. A member of the Stewart syndicate who did not wish to be quoted, said the best of feeling did not prevail between the Secretary and the bankers interested in the recent bond issue. He denied emphatically that any banker or number of bankers had had the hardihood to dictate to President Cleveland. He did not believe the story had any foundation in fact. He added:

"I don't think people who took bonds from the Secretary the last time have any particular ground for complaint, as the day he sold the market for their bonds a rise in gold has happened since the bond issue to explain the decline in bonds caused by steady withdrawals of gold from the Treasury by bankers and others to replace the bonds issued to subscribers for the bonds."

If you want the pen-pass newspaper Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal card addressed to the Post-Dispatch, St. Louis.

Semi-Annual Clearing Sale Under New Management.

Sonnenfeld's

419-421 NORTH BROADWAY.

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!

Sonnenfeld's Under New Management!

Know Ye All by These Presents:

That the Sonnenfeld Millinery Co. has this day changed hands, and will from this date on be under the able management of MR. LEOPOLD ACKERMAN, who, with his assistants, will infuse NEW LIFE, NEW BLOOD, NEW VIGOR INTO THE CONCERN, and have decided to clean out the entire stock now on hand. They have therefore inaugurated a CLEARING SALE that will astonish all St. Louis. The new proprietors and managers purchased the entire stock at LESS THAN HALF ITS ACTUAL COST, and have placed everything in this sale at most ridiculous slaughter prices. Absolutely nothing must remain—the entire stock must be sold in 30 days. The new management propose to start this spring with absolutely nothing but new fresh goods. This CLEARING SALE will be the cleanest sweep and the cheapest sale ever inaugurated in St. Louis. JUDGE THE NEW MANAGEMENT BY THIS SALE. ENERGY, PUSH, ABILITY AND AMBITION will be the combination that will surely forge the new concern into far greater prominence than the old establishment ever dared. WATCH THE NEWSPAPERS. Watch the new management. Watch the great changes that will soon take place. Nothing will be left undone by the new managers to place the SONNENFELD MILLINERY CO. foremost in the rank of the great stores of St. Louis. This GREAT CLEANING OUT, SLAUGHTER, CLEARING SALE begins to-morrow, Friday, Jan. 4, 1895. Extra salesladies have been engaged to help out in the great rush.

COME PREPARED TO GET THE GREATEST BARGAINS YOU EVER DREAMED OF. YOU WON'T BE DISAPPOINTED.

CLEARING SALE PRICES. KNIT UNDERWEAR.

Children's White and Natural All-Wool Union Suits.
Reduced from $1.75.
Clearing Sale price..... $1.00

Ladies' Finest Swiss Ribbed Vests, all-wool, low neck and sleeveless, silk tape in neck and arms, colors white, natural, pink, yellow and light blue.
Reduced from $1.00.
Clearing sale price..... 50c

Ladies' White and Natural All-Wool Swiss Ribbed Vests, high neck and short sleeves and low neck and sleeveless.
Reduced from $1.25.
Clearing Sale price..... 69c

Children's All-Wool Silver Grey Vests and Pants, extra fine quality, sizes 16, 18, 20, 22 and 24.
Reduced from 65c.
Clearing Sale price..... 39c
Reduced from 75c.
Clearing Sale price..... 50c
Sizes 26, 28, 30, 32 and 34.

Ladies' Superior Ribbed All-Wool Silk Mixed Vests, high neck and long sleeves.
Reduced from $2.50.
Clearing Sale price..... $1.50

Ladies' Ribbed All-Wool White Vests, high neck and long sleeves.
Reduced from $1.50.
Clearing Sale price..... 75c

Ladies' Finest White All-Wool Swiss Ribbed Vests, high neck and short sleeves, high neck and long sleeves and low neck and sleeveless.
Reduced from $1.48.
Clearing Sale price..... 75c

Ladies' White All-Wool Finest Ribbed Union Suits.
Reduced from $5.50.
Clearing Sale price..... $3.75

Children's Natural Wool Vests and Pants, all sizes, 18 to 34.
Reduced from 50c.
Clearing Sale price.....

HOSIERY.

Ladies' All-Wool Ribbed Hosiery, regular made, merino heels and toes.
Reduced from 35c.
Clearing Sale price..... 19c

Ladies' Fast Black Seamless Cotton Hosiery.
Reduced from 20c.
Clearing Sale price..... 9c

Men's All-Wool Heavy Shaker Sox.
Reduced from 35c.
Clearing Sale price..... 19c

Ladies' Fast Black All-Wool English Cashmere Hosiery.
Reduced from 65c.
Clearing Sale price..... 35c

Children's Extra Heavy Superior Cotton Hosiery, fast black, double heels and toes, all sizes, 6 to 9½.
Reduced from 50c.
Clearing Sale price..... 29c

25c Manhattan Playing Cards..... 10c
10c Enameled Playing Cards..... 5c

10c Bottle Household Ammonia.
Clearing Sale price..... 5c

CLEARING SALE PRICES. MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

You will find it impossible to match these prices:

Ladies' Splendid Muslin Drawers, with cluster of tucks;
Clearing Sale Price..... 20c

Ladies' Good Muslin Drawers, ruffle of Hamburg Embroidery, cluster of tucks.
Reduced from 45c.
Clearing Sale Price..... 25c

Boys' Best Quality Muslin Night Shirts, 4 to 10 years.
Reduced from 65c.
Clearing Sale Price..... 37c

Ladies' Finest Muslin and Cambric Drawers, deep ruffle of Hamburg embroidery, cluster of tucks.
Reduced from 69c.
Clearing Sale Price..... 48c

Ladies' Good Muslin Drawers, ruffle of Hamburg embroidery, cluster of tucks.
Reduced from 55c.
Clearing Sale Price..... 39c

Ladies' Finest Muslin Gowns, yoke of fine tucks and embroidery, three plaits in back, embroidery around neck and sleeves.
Reduced from $1.35.
Clearing Sale Price..... $1.00

Ladies' Good Muslin Skirts, embroidered ruffle.
Reduced from 58c.
Clearing Sale Price..... 39c

Ladies' Good Muslin Gowns, yoke of embroidery.
Reduced from 59c.
Clearing Sale Price..... 39c

Ladies' Fast Black Sateen Skirt, with deep ruffle.
Reduced from $1.35.
Clearing Sale Price..... 89c

CORSETS.

Enormous reductions in our Corset Department:

Ladies' Extra Long Perfect Fitting Corsets, slightly soiled.
Reduced from 75c.
Clearing Sale Price..... 25c

Sonnenfeld's Extra Long, Perfect Fitting Corsets, double side steels, silk flouncing.
Reduced from $1.00.
Clearing Sale Price..... 49c

Choice of every H. & S., Ball's, Sonnette and J. B. $1.25 Corset in our house for 73c

Infants' Embroidered Long Cloaks

Infants' $3.00 Long Cloaks..... $1.98
Infants' $2.50 Long Cloaks..... $2.25
Infants' $4.00 Long Cloaks..... $2.98
Infants' $4.50 Long Cloaks..... $3.25

50 Gross Genuine Baby Skin Toilet Soap.
Reduced from 10c.
Clearing Sale Price, (per cake)..... 5c

CLEARING SALE PRICE. GLOVES.

Fine Kid Gloves actually slaughtered in this sale.

Ladies' 4-Button, 5-Button Length Mousquetaire and Biarritz Glace and Suede, real French Kid Gloves; colors, Tans, Blacks, Browns, Purple and Slates.
Reduced from $1.00 and $1.25.
Clearing sale price..... 50c

Ladies' 4-Button and 5-Hook real French Kid Gloves; sizes, 5½ and 5¾.
Reduced from 89c.
Clearing sale price..... 39c

Ladies' 8-Button Length Pearl Mousquetaire Undressed Kid Glove, just the thing for evening wear.
Reduced from $1.50.
Clearing sale price..... 89c
Reduced from $1.25.
Clearing sale price..... 69c

Ladies' Pure Silk Mitton.....
Reduced from 45c. 22c

Ladies' Fine Cashmere Mittens.....
Reduced from 15c. 5c

Infant White Wool Mittens.....

Laces and Embroideries.

1,000 pieces Hamburg Embroideries.
Reduced from 5c yard.
Clearing sale price..... 2½c

All 7c Hamburg Embroidery for 3c yard.
All 8c Hamburg Embroidery for 4c yard.
All 10c Hamburg Embroidery for 4c yard.
All 20c Hamburg Embroidery for 10c yard.

Ruching and Chiffon.

50 pieces Fancy Silk Ruching, 3c yard.
Reduced from 25c.

25 pieces Silk Feather Ruching, 10c yard.
Reduced from 35c.

50 pieces Embroidered Lace Chiffon, 5 inches wide.
Reduced from 35c.
Clearing sale price..... 7c

20 pieces Double Embroidered Chiffon Lace.
Reduced from 75c.
Clearing sale price..... 25c

All Torchon Laces in our house at one-half the regular price.

5,000 yards Colored Veiling.
Reduced from 25c and 35c yard.
Clearing sale price..... 5c

3,000 ounces Finest Triple Handkerchief Extracts, all odors.
Reduced from 35c.
Clearing sale price..... 15c

CLEARING SALE PRICE MILLINERY.

ALWAYS IN THE LEAD.

Our enormous stock will be put on sale Friday morning at exactly half price of our former popular prices.

535 Trimmed Hats, put on sale at half price

Entire stock of Wool Felt Hats in all shapes and colors..... 29c

Entire stock of Imported French Felts, in all shapes and colors..... 59c

40 doz 75c, 98c and $1.23 Sailors At..... 29c

Our entire stock of Tips and Plumes at half price.

Our entire stock of Birds' Wings and Fancy Feathers at half price.

50 gross of English Wood Violets, 27 violets to the bunch, for..... 6c Bunch

50 doz Boys' Caps, always sold at 50c and 75c; only..... 28c

27 Infants' Caps, formerly 69c, 89c and 98c; at..... 39c

2,500 pieces No. 5, 9 and 12 all-silk, satin and gros-grain Ribbon;
Clearing sale price..... 5c

1,600 pieces No. 20 all-silk, satin and gros-grain Ribbon, worth 30c,
Clearing sale price..... 14c

HANDKERCHIEFS.

100 doz Ladies' and Gents' Linen Hand Embroidered Initial Handkerchiefs.
Reduced from 20c.
Clearing sale price..... 10c

50 doz Gents' Japanese Silk Initial Handkerchiefs.
Reduced from 50c.
Clearing sale price..... 25c

10 doz Gents' Cream Silk Mufflers.
Reduced from 90c.
Clearing sale price..... 45c

Ladies' Colored Border Hemstitched Handkerchiefs.
Regular price 8 1-3c.
Clearing sale price..... 4c

Ladies' fine Swiss Embroidered Scalloped Handkerchiefs.
Reduced from 25c and 35c.
Clearing sale price..... 18c

Ladies' Swiss Embroidered Scalloped Handkerchiefs.
Reduced from 15c.
Clearing sale price..... 7c

5,000 Bottles Witch Hazel.
Reduced from 15c.
Clearing Sale price..... 15c

Sonnenfeld's 419-421 N. Broadway

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARING SALE

CLOAKS, SUITS AND FURS!

The enormous stock we have on hand must be gotten rid of at once. The all-powerful king of convincers—PRICES! LOW PRICES!! SLAUGHTER PRICES!!!—will be the mighty lever that will move them quick.

CLEARING SALE PRICES THAT WILL INTEREST YOU

Ladies' Jackets.

LOT 1—Consisting of all our $3.00, $3.75 and $4.00 Jackets, black, blue and mixtures,
$1.98

LOT 2—Consists of all our $5.00 and $6.00 Jackets, all colors,
$2.75

LOT 3—Is a choice lot of black and blue Jackets, 32 inches long, former prices $7.00, $7.50 and $8.00,
$3.98

LOT 4—A splendid assortment of Reefer Jackets, including Beaver and Chinchilla Coats, former prices $9.00 and $10.50,
$4.98

LOT 5—A nobby selection of 40-inch Coats, black, blue and tan, former prices $10.50 to $15.00,
$7.48

Cloth Capes.

LOT 1—An assortment of Triple and Golf Capes, former prices $4.00 and $5.00,
$2.25

LOT 2—A splendid selection of Cloth Capes, all styles, former prices $6.00, $7.00 and $8.00,
$4.95

LOT 3—All our Cloth Capes that formerly sold for $9.00, $10.00 and $12.00,
$7.45

Plush Capes.

LOT 1—A lot of fancy satin-lined Velvet Capes, fancy colors, former prices $10.00, $12.00, $15.00 and $18.00,
$4.95

LOT 2—A full sweep Seal Plush Cape, satin lined, former price $12.50,
$7.45

LOT 3—A selection of Seal Plush Capes, satin lined, former prices $15.00 and $18.00,
$10.45

Ladies' Suits.

LOT 1—Your choice of 25 Suits that were $8.00 and $10.00,
$4.95

LOT 2—All o ur Tailor-made Suit that were $11.00, $12.00 and $13.50,
$6.45

LOT 3—All our tight-fitting Suits that were $15.00 and $18.00,
$7.95

LOT 4—All our finest Suits in the house, former prices $18.00 to $22.00,
$10.00

Fur Capes.

LOT 1—French Coney Capes, 27 inches long, satin-lined, former price $8.75,
$4.75

LOT 2—French Coney Capes, 30 inches long, satin-lined, former price $15.00,
$7.75

LOT 3—Electric Seal Capes, 24 inches long, satin-lined, former price $20.00,
$9.95

LOT 4—Genuine Astrachan Fur Capes, satin-lined, 30 inches long, former price $15.00,
$8.95

LOT 5—Electric Seal Cape, 30 inches long, Marten trimmed, former price $25.00,
$14.50

Small Furs.

Ladies' Black Muffs, former price 50c,
25c

Ladies' French Coney Muffs, former price $1.00,
45c

Ladies' Electric Seal Muffs, former price $2.50,
$1.00

Ladies' Mink Neck Scarfs, former price $3.75,
$2.75

Ladies' Astrachan Neck Scarfs, former price, $3.00,
$1.45

Your choice of any Child's Fur Set in the house, some worth up to $5.00,
98c

Children's Cloaks.

LOT 1—All Children's Cloaks that were $2.50 and $2.75, $1.00
LOT 2—All Children's Cloaks that were $3.50, $4 and $5, $2.75
LOT 3—All Children's Cloaks that were $6 and $7..... $3.75
LOT 4—All Children's Cloaks that were $8 and $9..... $4.75
LOT 5—All Children's Cloaks that were $10 and $12..... $5.50

Ladies' Wrappers.

Your choice of any Wrapper in the house, former prices $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00,
98 Cents

SONNENFELD'S, 419-421 N. Broadway. 506-508 St. Charles St.

EDISON'S ADVICE.

Electricity's High Priest Talks to Aspirants in the Craft.

PLENTY OF ROOM AT THE TOP, BUT THE FACTS MUST BE LEARNED.

One of the Most Remunerative Professions, but Only for Those With the "Sand" to Master It—Rule 1, Never Mind the Clock.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—Thomas A. Edison, who is what is known as a "self-made" man if ever there was one, was induced to talk one day last week about electricity as a profession. At the time he was on a train running up through the Orange Mountains to his iron mine.

Lately Mr. Edison has experienced much trouble in procuring capable lieutenants, and this perhaps made him particularly anxious to air his opinion on electricity as a profession. His remarks will be valuable to the young man starting out, and they will also interest the veteran as coming from one who is the high priest of his craft.

Young as is the electrical profession, Edison has discovered that its requirements differ little from those of other callings. "We find," he said, "that what is true of all professions since professions existed is true of electricity. The ranks are full at the bottom and almost empty at the top. Young men are not willing to thoroughly master the rudiments, and hence they are not prepared for the greater things that follow. A man should thoroughly know what has gone before or he can never hope to be up to date, and no man can anticipate the future unless he is up to date.

"I hear a great deal about the chances for a man's success having been greater in the past than in the present. I think, however, that chances were never so great as they are at present. The very fact that there is such little competition after a man has climbed up should be a great incentive to advancement."

"But," he was asked, "is not a man often handicapped by circumstances not within his control? For instance, his temperament, his aptitude, or inclination might be against him."

"I will admit that great natural inclination will help a man much," he replied, "but that has nothing to do with the dogged perseverance which is the keystone of success. That and that only has placed me where I am. The capacity for hard work is what always wins the battle. I do not believe much in temperament. It might play a large part in music, painting, or their kindred arts, but in the workshop of science a man of the sanguine, 'sandy' kind comes out ahead.

"Indeed, as the years go by; the amount of intelligence increasing by necessity as industrial processes and machinery are constantly growing more intricate.

"Suppose you were entirely ignorant of science but wanted to become proficient, what lines would you pursue, and how would you go about it?"

"I would read all the simple text-books on the subject and get into some 'going' establishment. I think this practical method the only way after all. Horace Greeley had a theory that self-educated men were better than college graduates. I think he was right. A man leaves college head full of theory, but has not an atom of practice. We have them coming to our mine every day, and they have to start in and literally relearn what they think they have learned. My experience is that 'theory' generally comes after practical men have worked out the thing practically. There are just two things a man should do: Obtain an education in a live concern at anything, and never mind the clock. The last is an axiom he should ever keep in mind. He may miss many social engagements, but it is a sure road to success.

"Unless a man means to be successful as an electrician, he had better keep out of the profession altogether, for it may be said as a general thing that the rates of compensation are diminishing because of the over supply of men who have scarcely the rudiments and no experience to carry them along. A man has to rise to make it pay. Electricity has its business side as well as its scientific, and the masters of technical industries will always be the captains of the proletariat. It behooves a man to become a master. Men of affairs, of technical knowledge and executive ability will command great salaries. They do now, but not until they have climbed the ladder.

"I think the chances for a man's success are greater in this country than anywhere else. In England, for instance, the electrical profession is divided into two great branches, the business end and the scientific end. It leads to tremendous commercial blunders which do not so easily happen in this country, where the lines run into each other more, and where men filling both positions of scientist and business men are extraordinarily successful.

"As to trade-unionism in the profession, I think the idea is good if carried on within the laws of society. I should say the union is beneficent if there are plenty of policemen to it. Individualism is the thing. A man's individuality ought to carry him forward. This brings forward the socialistic end of the question, but I think that what I said of men who are masters of technical industries being captains in line ought to answer that."

"On what lines will electricity be most developed hereafter?"

"On chemical lines, decidedly. It is in this direction that a man should work to anticipate the future. The great discoveries of the past have been in the line of chemistry. Chemistry is closely related to electricity, but it is sadly neglected because of the difficulties encountered. I find that electrical investigation is one long course of snags. A man does not have to look out for them; they are always cropping up. There are, I should say, about two hundred and fifty snags to every fact.

"We often hear of electricity being a dangerous occupation, but the records are small, and accidents only occur from ignorance or carelessness. A man has no business to be careless. His wits should be constantly employed, and if they are he will not suffer much."

"How young should a boy begin to study?"

"The younger the better. In fact, he could not begin too young. The earlier the sense of instinct of scientific investigation is made part of his education the better for his after success. Our early habits continually crop out in our after lives. Nearly all great men show it. They began their career early. There is a period in everyone's life after reaching which the course of their existence cannot be remodeled. I would not advise a man of advanced years to embark in the electrical profession.

"How much capital? Well, I think there is as much capital embarked in the business as there are competent men to handle it properly. As I said before, it is the lack of good men. There is capital enough to employ them all, if they but come forward. The good men are scattered. If we could get them together in one concern, there would not be much competition. It would be a powerful concern, of course, but the particular line it was investigatig might be wonderfully developed."

"What is your idea of the perfect electrician?"

"One who understands clearly the laws of the science up to date and their application to electrical machinery for industrial uses."

"What picture do you draw of the future of electricity?"

"It has a great future and everything appears bright to those who reach the higher planes. America will develop faster; Europe slower, but better."

OUT OF PRISON.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

way toward the street, with Hardy well in the lead.

On arriving at the picket fence which divides the field from the roadway, Hardy bounded over it like a deer and darting down the street, jumped into a buggy that stood at the end of the Work-house grounds and seizing the whip, pounded the horse and drove rapidly away. He drove south on Broadway, two blocks to Osceola where he turned west, still beating the horse, which, by this time, was in a wild gallop. That was the last seen of him.

The three other prisoners, on arriving at the fence, were apparently fagged out by their rapid flight, and seeing that the guards were rapidly gaining on them, gave up the attempt to escape and quietly allowed themselves to be recaptured. A buggy containing two guards was at once dispatched in chase of Hardy, but after several hours' hunt, they were forced to return without having been able to trace him.

WAS WELL PLANNED.

Everything in connection with the escape shows the affair was carefully planned and that aid was rendered by outside parties. According to the Workhouse officials, Hardy was the prime mover. They are of the opinion that some former prisoner in the institution who has lately been released arranged with Hardy to loosen one of the boards in the fence, marking it in a way that Hardy could readily tell which board it was, and in that way give him a chance to escape, and that a buggy would be in waiting for him in which to drive off.

The officials are positive that the former part of the programme was carried out on New Year's Day, as on that day none of the men were working in the quarry and it was wholly unguarded.

Anyone could on that day have easily walked up through the quarry from the railroad track and tampered with the fence at any point along the line without being discovered. This theory is borne out by the fact that the board that was loosened and the one next to it were marked plainly with lead pencil, undoubtedly the signs made by Hardy's confederate as to which boards had been fixed for his benefit.

The presence of the buggy in waiting by the aid of which Hardy escaped, also goes to show that he had friends to help him. When the buggy first appeared on the scene it contained two men. They stopped at the extreme southern end of the Workhouse grounds, where one of the men got out and walked about a block south, where he stood in waiting. The other man remained in the buggy. The vehicle was a common, covered, single seated buggy, to which was attached a dingy looking gray horse.

HARDY'S CONFEDERATE.

As soon as the escape was attempted and the four prisoners were seen hastening across the field in his direction, the man in the buggy stood up and became an intensely interested spectator in their race for liberty. When he saw Hardy leap over the fence in safety and dash down the street toward him the man in the buggy waited until Hardy was in a few feet of him, when he jumped out of the vehicle, and throwing the lines to Hardy, made his escape south on Broadway.

At this time the street in front of the Work-house was filled with vehicles and pedestrians, and for some time the wildest excitement prevailed, occasioned by the shots, the sight of the fleeing man and the hoarse shouts of their pursuers. When the man who had been waiting in the buggy in which Hardy escaped jumped to the ground, he was seized by two bystanders, who attempted to hold him. He jerked himself loose, however, and dealing one of the men a heavy blow on the head with his fist, he dashed away and was soon lost to view.

As Hardy is as well known to the police, it is thought that it is only the question of a short time before he is recaptured.

DESERTED FARMS IN ENGLAND.

County Essex Gradually Becoming a Prairie Waste.

SIGNS OF RUIN AND DECAY EVERYWHERE.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—It is a truth, I believe, of universal application, that providence has not yet discovered the exact proportions of heat and cold, of rain and drought, which are calculated to appease the perennial discontent of the average agriculturist. Over here in England the farmer grumbles under all possible climatic conditions as surely as the sparks fly upwards, and, whether his yield be plentiful or whether it be stinted, he seems to take an equally lugubrious view of the situation. The consequence is that when a period of depression really occurs the public, unlearned in the arts of agriculture and regarding the agriculturist as an incorrigible wailer, is apt to discount somewhat too literally the statements that emanate from him.

This accounts, possibly, to some extent for the fact that a county, one extremity of which actually includes one of London's long-drawn-out suburbs, during the last ten or twelve years has been steadily slipping into a state of seemingly irremediable distress, without a fractional part of the public attention being given to it which would be devoted to the collapse of a comparatively trifling industry of any other kind than agriculture.

NATURAL FACILITIES.

Essex County has an area of a million acres, the tenth in point of size of the counties of England. It has a population at present of three-quarters of a million, a considerable falling off from the last census. It is practically a wholly agricultural county, having no manufactures to speak of, except those on its southern fringe, in the district which is virtually a part of London. In Essex you encounter in an aggravated form all the results of that depression from which the landed interests have been suffering here since imported corn has dominated the market. The soil is specially adapted to the growing of wheat, for which a handy and profitable market was found in London. In summer the luxuriant fields a few years ago were a sea of waving corn, its county towns were bright and bustling on market days, its landlords got their rents and the tenants were as near being satisfied with the dispensations of Providence as any members of the genus were ever known to be.

UNTENANTED HOMESTEADS.

To the uninformed observer the county even now presents none of the outward appearances of the bankruptcy and ruin that have descended upon its population. Its vast pastures look cheerful and attractive, while its solidly built and comfortable red tiled homesteads so far disclose few traces of emptiness and dilapidation. However, it is the melancholy fact that most of these fine old farm-houses are either untenanted or are being cared for by some aged couple who were too feeble or too poor too join in the exodus from this blighted country side. The substitution of grass lands for tillage, which is the prevalent feature of the county, is the damning evidence of the disaster that has overtaken it. The greater part of this pasture is untrodden by the foot of cow or sheep, but is undergoing a steady process of degeneration to a state of nature. From the heights of Langdon Hill, only twenty miles from London, where on a clear day it is possible to see St. Paul's, the spectator may look down upon an extensive plain, 75,000 acres of which has actually gone out of cultivation, while the whole of the remainder is gradually drifting into the same condition.

THOUSANDS OF ABANDONED FARMS.

It is now some thirteen years since this deplorable change began to manifest itself in the county of Essex. Then it was that American, Indian and Russian corn first seriously depressed the value of the home-grown article, to the great advantage of the British workingman, who was thus enabled to get good bread cheap for the first time. In those thirteen years 62,000 acres of land in Essex which were formerly devoted to wheat have passed out of cultivation, and 54,000 acres have ceased to be broken up for tillage in rotation, but are kept permanently under grass.

Twenty years ago less than one-fifth of the entire cultivable area of the county was under grass permanently; last year 231,000 acres, or nearly one-third of the whole had arrived at this state. In 1873 corn crops occupied one-half of the cultivable area; they have now receded to two-fifths, and wheat, which covered one-quarter in 1873 was only one-seventh in 1893. The direct cause of this state of things becomes plain enough when the decrease in the value of wheat is taken into consideration. In 1873 it was $13 a quarter; in 1893 it had fallen to $8 and in 1894 it touched $5.

It is this steady drop which has driven what are called in Essex the "clayland" farmers out of existence. It is no longer a case of profits annually shrinking, it is a case of chronic losses which are apparently impossible to stop. It has been estimated that between 1879 and 1891 the landlords of Essex lost half their rents and the tenants half their capital.

VALUES RUINED.

At present over great tracts of country the green fields and splendid woods, though seemingly at a distance well cared for, do not bear close inspection. Gates are falling off their hinges, hedges which were formerly kept trim and neat are straggling into the middle of the road and growing up irregularly in rank and neglected luxuriance; fields are overrun with weeds, and it is not uncommon to find a spacious farm with houses and buildings which formerly accommodated a prosperous yeoman farmer who paid $3,000 a year rent, and who employed fifty hands, gradually going to ruin for want of a tenant at a fifth of their rent all.

The landlords are actually glad to let their farms on condition that the tenants pay the taxes, and many instances even could be cited in which land recently worth $10 an acre is now let for $1.50, and even at that the landlord is still out of pocket when he has paid his rates and taxes. Meanwhile the land is deteriorating.

Not merely the landlord and farmer of this ill-fated country are face to face with ruin. The laborers who were dependent on them and the shopkeepers in country towns who lived on their custom have all shared the general depression. Chelmsford, the chief town in Essex, was as business-like and prosperous an agricultural town as could be found in England. Its corn market was a center of activity. The millers who frequented it have now disappeared, and only on rare occasions are one to be seen there doing a little business in a listless way. The laborers live for the most part gone to swell the ranks of the unemployed in London, or have emigrated to America or Canada.

NO SOLUTION.

Efforts of various kinds, individual and cooperative, have been made by the landlords and by the remaining farmers to stem the tide of ill-fortune, but with no appreciable good result. Scotch farmers—the same race who tried to compel the waste land of Mayo and Achill to yield them a living—have been attracted to Essex by the nominal rents demanded by the landlords. They have taken land for grazing and have in some cases paid their way by sending milk to the London market. But of late years fast trains have widened the area from which London draws its milk supply, and, though the consumer does not feel the benefit, the profits of the producer have been reduced by competition to the lowest possible point.

The Scotch are the most capable farmers to be found anywhere, but the stiff clay of Essex has proved too much for them. Trials have been made of aggregating farms and working them on a large scale, the land has been cut up into small farms, poultry farms have been essayed and stock farms have been established all with the same disastrous consequences to those concerned. Parliament has been implored to intervene time and time again, but no one has been able to frame a practicable scheme which affords any reasonable prospect of succeeding. The bulk of the landlords have ceased to derive any return from their land, and are now threatening to refuse to pay their taxes, and it seems highly probable that within half an hour's journey of the wealthiest city in the world, owing to the ruthless operation of economic laws which the wit of man has so far been powerless to resist or modify, what was only a few years ago one of the fairest and most smiling of English agricultural counties will before long have reverted to a condition of primeval unproductiveness.

BURNING BLOCKS.

Uncontrollable Flames Ravaging the Business Part of Coffeyville.

COFFEYVILLE, Kan., Jan. 3.—Fire started in the Masonic block at 3 o'clock this morning, soon destroying that structure, which is the finest in the city, and is still raging. As Coffeyville has no water works or fire department, the loss will be great. It cannot be estimated at present.

LEAVING GEORGIA.

African Emigration Societies Formed in Stewart and Other Counties.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 3.—Reports from Stewart County are to the effect that in that and adjoining counties African Emigration Societies are being organized. Every colored tenant on a Stewart County farm has joined an emigration club with the avowed intention of going whenever and wherever their leaders say.

Blacks in that section are turning everything they have into money with a view to sailing for Liberia as soon as possible.

Presidential Nominations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.—The President to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate: Herbert W. Bowman, to be Consul General of the United States at Barcelona, Spain.

Andrew J. Patterson of Tennessee, Consul at Demara, British Guinea.

T. Frank Clark of Florida, Attorney of the United States, Southern District of Florida.

To be Commissioner of Immigration, Walter P. Stradley of California, at the port of San Francisco.

TURNER PRESENTATION.—Chas. Turner, the Sergeant-at-Arms of the City Council, was surprised by his friends and children, who made him the recipient of two presents. New Year's Day was the thirty-seventh anniversary of Mr. Turner's birth. His friends, with Chas. W. Frantes as spokesman, presented him with an elegant overcoat and his children with a gold watch charm. Col. Bill Dye was master of ceremonies, and a feast followed the presentation.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

DEADLY GAS.

One Dead and Three Unconscious From Inhaling Its Fumes.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 3.—Raphael Mareno, 23 years old, was found dead in bed and Raphaelo Mareno, his cousin, and Raphaelo Sireno, Sr., and Raphaelo Sireno, Jr., were found unconscious in their rooms to-day from inhaling illuminating gas which had escaped from a leaky main in a tenement house at 270 North 8 street.

TO PROFESSIONAL FRIENDS.—One of the handsomest calendars of the New Year has been issued by the Anzeiger des Westens as a greeting to editorial friends. It is an artistic arrangement of the months, arranged with valuable information as to holidays, feasts, eras and cycles and issued in gilt and white, making a useful and handsome parlor ornament to Editor Daemer's "prost."—Geshundheit.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

THREATEN HIS LIFE

Letter Received by Lee Nance, Colored, of Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 3.—Post-office Inspector Stuart has been asked to take some action in regard to a communication received recently by Lee Nance, colored, from unknown persons in Columbus, O. The letter refers to the murder of Nance's father in Newbery, S. C., twenty-six years ago, and contains threats against Nance's life. A portion of the letter is as follows:

COLUMBUS, O.

To Lee Nance, the Second, Chicago, Ill.:

Fifteen years ago you appeared in Newbery, S. C., with the avowed purpose, as it was reported, of avenging the death of the radical leader, Lee Nance, Sr., your father, but you skipped out like a coward before any arrangements could be made. You had no need for lack of prominent white friends. You called at the office of a local paper, and its editors, in the presence of Maj. Nance and Col. Robert Holman, gave you assurance of their good will and friendship. They had all been your father's friends, even boldly frustrating the plans of our faithful followers on more occasions than one, but in 1868 we succeeded in our determination to kill the hated radical leader, because we all believed he was mainly to blame for the murder of one of our bravest men named Ward.

We have never heard much of you since you hurried out of Newbery in 1880, until lately, when, by chance, a book fell into our hands evidently written by you, in which several pages are devoted to a description of "a murderer's plight." Notwithstanding the fact that you refrain from mentioning the death of your father, we think the "murderer" meant is some one of us. Furthermore, we have learned that you were at the bottom of the church meeting held in Chicago just a week after the election, whereat Sheriff Cook of Fayette County, O., was indorsed and praised for his work of killing white men for trying to lynch a nigger. When you came to tell of your old man's death you grew wildly excited and said, if we have it straight: "So help me God, I would not prove a recreant son should I meet with the vile murderers."

Now, you shall not keep this up, and we don't believe you had ought to live, anyway. But we intend to give you a chance. Some of us will be in Chicago the first of the year, when an arrangement can be made for settling the old score with rifles or otherwise. There are several of us, father, son and grandsons, but only one of us can be accused of the crime of twenty-six years ago. Yet we are all abettors of it and are agreed as to you. Therefore, be not surprised to see soon

THE ABETTORS (Two or More).

Mr. Nance said that he did not know the authors of the letter. The man, he said, who murdered his father was named Fitzgerald. He had heard nothing of him except that Fitzgerald had moved to Fayette County, O.

Mr. Nance says he has received many letters of a similar character, but has never paid any attention to them until he received the above.

ORANGES GOING UP.

Now $2.50 Per Box in California and Talk of $3.

SAN BARNARDINO, Cal., Jan. 3.—The rise in the price of oranges of 50 cents a box, which was registered by the Red Lands Growers' Association on Monday, has been followed by all the other associations in the valley, and now oranges cannot be bought in quantities for less than $2.50 a box, and from later reports growers and shippers are inclined to think that the quotation is too low. There is every indication that the bulk of the crop will bring $3 in the orchard.

Officers of the Red Lands Association are in communication with dealers in Florida, and private telegrams received from them yesterday say that 85 per cent of the crop is a total loss and will be worthless, except what can be sold at once before the frost affects the fruit. This has served to strengthen the prices here, and the orange men are already talking $3 per box for their fruit, a price they have not realized for several years.

VICE AND CORRUPTION

Are to Be Fought by San Francisco's Civic Federation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 3.—Plans for a crusade against vice and corruption, private and public, in this city have been developed by the formation of the Civic Federation of San Francisco on the same lines as the Chicago Civic Federation.

War is declared by the federation against dives, side entrances to saloons, gambling and municipal corruption. A legislative committee similar in scope to the Lexow organization is a possible outgrowth of the association. The federation was organized by Rev. James Cummings Smith, pastor of Trinity Presbyterian Church.

PINS IN ITS MOUTH.

North Carolina Woman Sentenced to Death for Child Murder.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 3.—At Durham a year ago, Eleanor Wood, a young woman, murdered her infant by putting pins in its mouth and causing the child to swallow them. She was tried and convicted of murder. On an appeal the Supreme Court affirmed this decision, and when this fact was certified to Gov. Carr he isued a warrant for her execution on Feb. 8. Efforts will be made to secure a commutation, as there is some sentiment against the execution of women.

MEXICO AND GUATEMALA.

Formal and Specific Demands by the Mexican Government.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 3.—It is rumored that Emil de Leon, the new Guatemalan Minister of Mexico, will shortly return home owing to new complications in the boundary dispute. The Mexican Government has made a formal and specific demand on Guatemala, indicating the amount of damages inflicted by the invading Guatemalans. The total indemnity asked is $1,863,544.14. The names of the claimants are Bilnes Bros., Rolnao & Co., Col. Palicarpo, Valenzuela, Terueco & Co. The injured lumbermen have made a complete list of their losses for use in the present negotiations, which are the data on which the Mexican Government bases its claims for prior settlement, after which it is willing to consider the wishes of Guatemala on the Dieguese-Mariscal Convention and other points it holds to be of minor importance.

Virgin Mary's Apparition.

PRAGUE, Jan. 3.—Six thousand peasants gathered in a wood near Branent to witness the apparition of the Virgin Mary, it having been reported that she had been seen.

Foreign Happenings.

The City of Mexico is threatened with a pulque famine, because of the fact that it does not pay producers to ship it into the city.

Farwell's Plan.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.—Ex-Senator C. B. Farwell of Illinois makes the following financial suggestions in a letter to Chairman Springer of the Banking and Currency Committee:

"Let the Government fund its floating debt and refund its bonded debt in the 2 per cent 50-year bonds, and retire from the currency business altogether.

"Allow the national banks to use these bonds at par as a basis for their circulation, exempting them from all Federal taxation, except just enough to pay for printing their notes.

"Repeal the Sub-Treasury act and let the revenues of the nation be deposited in the national banks where collected.

"Congress may discuss this question for the next six years, but will finally adopt the above propositions, because they are the only ones that will accomplish the desired end."

BRANDT'S ANNUAL CLEARING SALE,

THIS WEEK FINE SHOES LESS THAN MANUFACTURERS' COST,

BARGAINS FOR EVERYBODY TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION

SEE OUR PRICES BEFORE YOU BUY.

J. G. BRANDT SHOE CO. COR. BROADWAY AND LUCAS AVE.

YOUNG TO SUICIDE.

Thirteen-Year Old Son of a Farmer Hangs Himself.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Jan. 3.—A report reached this city last night of a most sensational suicide. A young son of Jerome Hall, a farmer, living in what is known as Peastown, a small settlement near the town of Windsor, was found dead Monday forenoon hanging from a beam in the barn. The boy was only 13 years of age, and it is alleged that the cause was cruelty on the part of the father, who, it is said, was most brutal, inflicting a severe flogging without cause.

Sentiment runs high and much indignation is aroused toward the parent. It is of rare occurrence for one at this age to take his own life, and the conclusion is that the boy was of extremely sensitive temperament. The affair has caused a decided sensation in the town of Windsor, and some of the neighbors are loud in their demands for an investigation. Hall bears a good reputation and his friends scout the idea that cruelty drove his son to suicide. The lad is said to have been very bright for his years.

MRS. FAY'S STORY.

Married Her Latest Husband Purely Through Gratitude.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Mrs. Stella Fay, who is in Yorkville Prison awaiting examination on the charge of kidnapping her own child, made the rather surprising announcement last night that she was the widow of a near relative of old Commodore Vanderbilt, and that her child was heiress to a considerable income from the Vanderbilt family. But more startling and romantic was the story of her second marriage to Truckman Fay. Mrs. Fay, who is about 35 years old, and bears the traces of beauty and refinement, said she had placed her child with a family where she will be well taken care of, and that no power would compel her to reveal the hiding place. She said that her father, whose name she refused to give, had been a General in the Union Army, and fell at Gettysburg.

She was then at a boarding-school. She met Girard Bryant, a cotton broker, residing at Plainfield, N. J., and ran away to marry him. Bryant, on his mother's side, was related to the Vanderbilt family, from which his mother had an income. They had one child, Katie, when Bryant died, ten years ago, the little one was 3 years old. She was to inherit the bulk of the Bryant estate, worth some $60,000. The girl, however, disappeared one day. The widow spent all the money left to her by her father in a vain search to locate her. She then removed into cheaper quarters and continued the search.

The truckman who moved the furniture was John Fay, who fell in love with the widow. He said he would find the child if she would marry him. She consented, and a month later Fay placed the little heiress in her arms, and she became his wife, purely from gratitude. Mrs. Fay will be examined to-day.

Off for Havana.

Mr. W. C. Schutz, Vice-President of the F. R. Rice Mercantile Cigar Co. of this city, will leave for Cuba to-morrow to purchase the stock at Havana that will be used this year in the manufacture of the now celebrated brand of "Mercantile" cigars. The sales of the "Mercantile" have grown so rapidly that the company has been compelled to increase their manufacturing facilities every year since this popular brand has been before the public.

It is said that the Parisian Cloak Co. is about to close a big deal with a hustling Broadway house, in which the former will close out to the latter its departments handling ladies' muslin underwear, corsets, baby caps, ladies' waists, wrappers, dressing-gowns, tea-gowns and dressing-sacques. It only remains to add that the purchasing firm is said to be that of D. Crawford & Co. and in all probability there will be more said about the matter in a few days.

Gov. Evans' Announcement.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan. 3.—Gov. Evans has officially announced that he will not appoint policemen in the cities of the State, as he is empowered to do under an act recently passed, so long as cities show a disposition to enforce the dispensary law. This determination on the part of the Governor relieves much anxiety, as it was considered that the enforcement of the police law would cause no end of trouble and probably bloodshed.

Beauty Is a Precious Gift,

And faultless teeth in a lovely mouth is one of its greatest charms. Be careful of your teeth, and preserve them by using SOZODONT, that charming dentifrice which is perfectly harmless and absolutely indispensable for the toilet.

Large Eagle Captured.

CLAY CITY, Ill., Jan. 3.—F. R. Black and Christopher Brummett while out hunting rabbit, succeeded in wounding and capturing an American eagle measuring 8 feet from tip to tip. The bird is now on exhibition at Doherty Bros.' drug store. It will be embalmed so as to be kept in a perfect state of preservation. It is supposed it came from the mountains in the East and was on its way to the Rockies.

Coughs.—Use "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" They possess real merit. *Sold only in boxes.*

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

THE LEADING AND EXPERT SPECIALIST.

DR. OLIN D. WHITTIER.

ADVICE FREE, Call or Write. (Office Hours, 9 to 1 and 3 to 8. Sunday, 10 to 12.) 514 WASHINGTON AVE., ST. LOUIS, MO. (ESTABLISHED IN 1860), SPECIALIST IN

NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST MANHOOD, EXHAUSTING DRAINS, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, from Indiscretion, Excess or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Dark Circles, Self Distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples, Loss of Ambition, Lack of Energy, Tire Easily, Gloominess, Despondency, Melancholy, Backache, Unfitness to Marry, etc., treated with success and fully restored. BLANK 1 AND DICTIONARY SEALED, FREE, EXPLAINS.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Cures for Life, Blood Poison and Taints, affecting the Body, Nose, Throat, Skin and Bones, Mucous Patches in mouth, Scrofula, Eczema, Acne, Warty Growths, Herpes, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Piles, etc. BLANK 2 AND DICTIONARY SEALED, FREE, EXPLAINS.

URINARY AND BLADDER Ailments, as Painful, Difficult, Too Frequent, Milky or Bloody Urine, and private matters relating to Urinary Passage, promptly cured. BLANK 3 AND DICTIONARY SEALED, FREE, EXPLAINS.

MEN'S SPECIAL SURGERY, whether congenital or acquired, successfully attended to.

"DON'T HIDE YOUR LIGHT UNDER A BUSHEL." THAT'S JUST WHY WE TALK ABOUT SAPOLIO

THE GOLD RESERVE.

It Will Soon Be Again Reduced to the Danger Point.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Gold to the amount of $2,200,000 has been engaged for early shipment to Europe, and the Treasury will be reduced below $85,000,000. Lazard Freres will send $1,000,000; Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co., $700,000, and Ladenburg, Thalman & Co., $500,000. Gold amounting to $1,800,000 has been entered at the Treasury. Foreign bankers were agreed that shipments would continue with some short interruptions, perhaps, for many weeks, and the opinion was expressed by some New York bankers that the movement would be so extensive that the gold reserve would be reduced to what is considered the danger point. Ex-Comptroller A. B. Hepburn, President of the Third National Bank, said of the situation:

"Nobody can tell whether President Cleveland will come out in a manifesto urging non-partisan action on the currency question or not. Congress in its present session will put no banking law through. Silver Senators will prevent the passage of a measure. It looks as though the President would have to call an extra session. Whatever is done, however, there will probably be no sufficient increase in the Government's revenue to meet the expenses which it will incur before the gold reserve is carried down to a very low figure. Gold exports may amount to $30,000,000 or $40,000,000, and unless something develops in the meantime there seems to be no way out of the situation except through a bond issue. The Government is poor, and unless it can make it in some way, money must be borrowed."

Silver Shipped to Mexico.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—M. Guggenheim Sons of New York City have during the last few days shipped large quantities of bar silver from Omaha, Kansas City, Aurora and New York City to the City of Mexico for coinage by the Mexican Government mints into Mexican dollars. This is like carrying coals to Newcastle. They state that inasmuch as the transaction involves an expense of nearly 7 per cent, consisting of transportation and mintage charges, it may be considered as a strong illustration of the effect which the low price of silver is having on the trade of silver countries.

Mexico exports large quantities of coined silver and the only condition which would make the reimportation of bar silver for coinage purposes possible would be a very large diminution of imports, coupled with large increases of exports of merchandise. This is actually happening in Mexico. It is significant as illustrating the tendency on the part of silver countries so far as their supply of manufactured goods is concerned, and also the stimulus which low silver had given to the exports from silver countries.

The Mexican silver dollar is at a premium of about 7 per cent and foreign exchange in Mexico is at a discount of about 7 per cent, a condition the reverse of that which now prevails in the United States.

Countries on a silver basis are prospering under the low price of silver, while gold-basis countries are suffering.

Animal Extracts Prepared according to the formula of Dr. WM. A. HAMMOND, in his laboratory at Washington, D. C. The most wonderful therapeutic discovery since the days of Jenner. Dose, 5 drops. Price (2 dr.) $1.00. At all druggists or from the Columbia Chemical Co., Washington, D. C. Send for book. 114

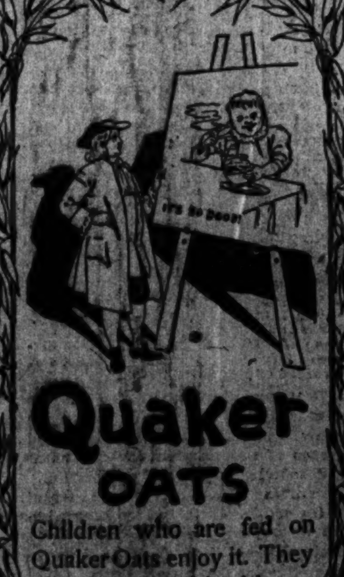
In Abject Poverty.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Marquise Mathilde De Greville, widow of Gen. De Greville, who was a member of Maximillian's staff and was killed in Mexico in the Franco-Mexican war, died in abject poverty in her comfortless apartments in this city. The mother of the deceased woman was a direct descendent of Louis XVI. and her father of a royal Belgian family, one of the sons of which was at one time chief adviser to the King of Belgium.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

Scanlon Not Dying.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The rumor that Actor William J. Scanlon was dying is untrue. Inquiry at the Bloomingdale Asylum last night elicited the information that Scanlon was confined to his bed, but was no worse than he had been for two or three weeks past and was in no immediate danger.



Quaker OATS

Children who are fed on Quaker Oats enjoy it. They also enjoy good health.

Sold only in 2 lb. Packages.

Converting Woolens Into Cash.

Made-to-Order Garments *at the Price of the Materials* and making.

Observe the large reductions and rely on Nicoll's good tailoring, irrespective of the low prices.

$20 and $25 Suits and Overcoats reduced to.... $15

$28 and $30 Suits and Overcoats reduced to... $20

$35 Suits and Overcoats reduced to........... $25

$40 and $45 Suits and Overcoats reduced to ... $30

Pants to Order, $4, $5, $6 and $8, reduced fully One-Third.

Coat and Vest Remnants greatly reduced.

712 Olive. Nicoll THE TAILOR 712 Olive.

LEGAL.

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis. December term, 1894. Wednesday, December 19, 1894. Sarah C. Curtis vs. (98,335) Charles R. Curtis—Now at this day comes plaintiff, by attorney, and presents to the Court her petition, duly verified by affidavit, from which it appears that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri and cannot be served with process in this State in the manner prescribed in Article Four (4), Chapter Thirty-nine (39) of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, 1889. Wherefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the grounds that defendant wholly disregarding his duties as the husband of plaintiff, has absented himself from plaintiff for the space of one year and more before the filing of the petition herein, and unless he appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 20th day of December, 1894.

(Seal of Court.) 2384 PHILIP H. ZEPP, Clerk.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—The undersigned, Assignee of Henry Funk & Son, will, by order of court, sell on

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 9TH, 1895,

beginning at 11 a. m., at the store, No. 611 Pine street, St. Louis, the following described property: 220 parcels of cloth goods, buttons, linings, button machine, several ready-made garments, one safe, double cutting table and all stock in trade, furniture and personal property in tailoring establishment of assignors. Terms, cash.

Property may be inspected on premises.

HERMAN A. UHL, Assignee.

2480 Room 602, Commercial Building.

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

OFFICE German American Bank, Fourth and Franklin avenue, St. Louis, Dec. 31, 1894.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, a dividend of six dollars ($6.00) per share was declared out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on and after Jan. 2, 1895.

C. E. KIRCHER, Cashier.

DIVIDEND NOTICE—BREMEN BANK, St. Louis, Dec. 31, 1894.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day a semi-annual dividend of four ($4.00) per share was declared out of the earnings of the past six months, payable to the stockholders on demand.

J. C. GERICHTEN, Cashier.

FIRM CHANGES.

THE style of our firm is this day changed to Fink, Nasse & Gildehause. FINK & NASSE.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 24, 1894—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Wear & Boogher Dry Goods Company will be held at the office of the company, s. w. corner 6th and St. Charles streets, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, on the 9th day of January, 1895, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of voting upon the proposition then and there to be submitted to increase the Board of Directors from the present number, 5, to that of 7.

(Seal) JESSE L. BOOGHER, President.

V. O. SAUNDERS, Secretary 2416

ST. LOUIS, Mo., December 12th, 1894—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Laclede Gas Light Company, for the election of directors and for the transaction of any other business which may be properly brought before it, will be held at the office of the company, in St. Louis, on Monday, January 21st, 1895, at 9 a. m. The transfer books will be closed December 28th, 1894, and will be reopened January 22d, 1895. By order of the board.

EMERSON M'MILLIN, President.

A. ROSS, Secretary. 2401

WASHINGTON Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Rooms Nos. 310 and 312, third floor, Bank of Commerce Building, 421 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 26, 1894.—The annual meeting of the members of this company and the election of three (3) directors will be held at the office of the company, on Monday, the 14th day of January, 1895, at 9 o'clock a. m. Polls will be closed at 12 o'clock m.

PHILIP GRUNER, President.

LOUIS J. BEHRENS, Secretary. 2420

ST. LOUIS, Mo., December 19, 1894.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mound City Paint and Color Co., for the election of directors, will be held in the office of the said company, Nos. 406 and 408 North Second street, on Monday, January 21st, 1895.

NORRIS B. GREGG, President.

F. H. DYER, Assistant Secretary. 2403

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Farmers' Elevator Company will be held on Monday, January 14, 1895, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 12 m., at the office of the company, Madison street and Levee, St. Louis, Mo., for the purpose of electing seven (7) directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

W. T. ANDERSON, President.

JAMES T. BIRCH, Secretary.

St. Louis, Mo., December 31, 1894. 2454

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the National Cereal Co. will be held at the office of the company, 206 N. Commercial st., St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, Jan. 7, 1895, at 9 a. m., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year.

P. L. GARRITY, President.

B. D. GARRITY, Sec. Pro Tem.

St. Louis, Dec. 31, 1894. 2461

ST. LOUIS, Mo., December 19th, 1894.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Harland Patent Can Co., for the election of directors, will be held in the office of the said company, Nos. 406 and 408 North Second street, on Tuesday, January 22d, 1895.

WM. H. GREGG, JR., President.

F. H. DYER, Secretary. 2402

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Fox Bros. Manufacturing Co., for the election of three (3) directors, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company in St. Louis, Mo., on the fourteenth day of January, 1895, at 9 a. m.

GEORGE C. FOX, President.

Attest: EDMOND A. THOMAS, Secretary. 2460

OFFICE Shultz Belting Company, corner Bismarck and Barton streets, St. Louis, Dec. 26, 1894—The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company, for the election of five (5) directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company, on Tuesday, January 8th, 1895. Polls open from 9 a. m. until 2 p. m.

JOHN A. J. SHULTZ, President.

E. C. ALVORD, Secretary. 2415

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Emile S. Guignon by his certain deed of trust for purchase money, dated the second day of December, 1892, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 1113, page 415, also in the Recorder's office of St. Louis County, in Clayton, Mo., in book 71, page 135, conveyed to the undersigned, as trustee, all the following described real estate, situate partly in the city and partly in the county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit.:

First. A parcel of land containing three and sixty one hundredths (3 and 61-100) acres, more or less, bounded north by Delmar avenue, on the east by the Wabash Railroad, south by lot number five (5) of Jerre W. Clemens' Rosedale subdivision, and on the west by Rosedale avenue, and being lot number four (4) of said Jerre W. Clemens' subdivision of Rosedale; that part of the above lot lying east of Rosedale avenue, south of Delmar avenue (or the Olive street road), and west of the city limits of triangular form, and containing about ten one hundredths (10-100) of an acre, is included in the herein above described lot four (4).

Second. A parcel of land containing four (4) and ninety-two one hundredths (92-100) acres, more or less, bounded north by the south line of lot number four (4) of the aforesaid subdivision, east by the Wabash Railroad, south by the north line of lot number six (6) of the same subdivision, and west by Rosedale avenue, and being lot number five (5) of said subdivision.

Which conveyance was made to the undersigned in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described; and, whereas, default has occurred in the payment of one of said notes.

Now by virtue of authority vested in me by said deed, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will on

MONDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D., 1895,

Between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, proceed to sell the above described real estate at the east front door of the Court-house in said City of St. Louis, at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of executing said trust and satisfying the expenses of said sale.

WILLIAM L. WRIGHT, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., December 18th, 1894. 2372

ESTATE of Lucy Dowdy, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of Lucy Dowdy, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 10th day of December, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 10th day of December, 1894.

GEORGE B. JONES,

2382 Administrator.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE—Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the St. Louis Creamery Co that I will, on the 21st, 22d and 23d days of January, 1895, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. on each of said days, at my office in the Jefferson Bank, corner of Franklin and Jefferson avenues, in the City of St. Louis, Mo., proceed publicly to adjust and allow demands against the estate and effects assigned to me by the St. Louis Creamery Company, for the benefit of its creditors.

WILLIAM E. BERGER,

Assignee of the St. Louis Creamery Company.

2383

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, on Friday, January 11, 1895, or as soon thereafter as he can be heard in the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, intends to make application for a discharge from his trust as assignee of the Phoenix Candy Co.

2301 CHARLES J. MALICEK, Assignee.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of William A. W. Galt, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

HENRY D. LAUGHLIN,

Administrator of the Estate of William A. W. Galt, Deceased.

St. Louis, Dec. 12, 1894. 2335

ESTATE of Maria Homelsen, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Maria Homelsen, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 20th day of December, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated, this 20th day of December, 1894.

2422 IGNATZ F. MUELLER, Executor.

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss., in the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, December term, 1894. Monday, December 17, 1894.—The Lytle Safe and Lock Company, a corporation, vs. Charles Baughman, Norman Baughman, et al. (98,381.) Attachment.

It appearing to the Court from the petition duly verified by affidavit, heretofore filed herein, that the defendants, Charles Baughman and Norman Baughman, are non-residents of this State, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney, it is ordered, that the defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and others for the sum of two thousand seven hundred and eighty-three dollars and thirteen cents for goods sold and delivered and moneys advanced to defendants, for which promissory notes were tendered and not paid, and that their property has been attached, and unless they appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against them and their property sold to satisfy the same. And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness, my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 18th day of December, 1894.

(Seal of Court.) PHILIP H. ZEPP, Clerk.

MILLS & FLITCRAFT, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

2428

RECEIVER'S NOTICE—In pursuance of an order made by the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis on December the 31st, 1894, in the case of M. T. Chestnut vs. Montesano Park Company et al., the undersigned, Receiver, will receive sealed bids up to 9:30 o'clock a. m. on Monday, January the 7th, 1895, at his office, rooms 1109 and 1110 Union Trust Building, for the personal property described in the inventory on file in said case. Said bids may be for the whole of said personal property in bulk or for any portion thereof. All bids received will be subject to approval or disapproval of the Circuit Court.

DORSEY A. JAMISON, Receiver.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 2, 1895. 2492

LEGAL.

ASSIGNMENT of Charles W. Alsmeyer—Pursuant to an order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, I, the undersigned, assignee, will expose for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, at noon, Friday, the 4th day of January, 1895, the following real estate, to-wit:

A lot of ground in city block No. 2401 of the City of St. Louis, Mo., fronting thirty-nine feet ten and one-fourth inches (39 ft. 10¼ in.) more or less on the east line of Twenty-third street by a depth eastwardly along the south line of Angelica street of one hundred and twenty-eight (128) feet and one (1) inch to an alley, said lot being located in the northwest corner of said block, No. 2401. The sale will be subject to the approval of the Court.

R. D. KRIBBEN,

Assignee of Charles W. Alsmeyer.

St. Louis, Dec. 20, 1894. 2388

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss., in the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, December term, 1894, Saturday, December 22, 1894. Max E. Thomann vs. Florence L. Thomann. (133 Feb., T. 95.)

It appearing to the Court from the petition herein verified by affidavit that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri and that her whereabouts are unknown to plaintiff, on motion of said plaintiff by attorney it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between said parties, on the ground that said defendant on or about July 12, 1892, left and deserted plaintiff without a reasonable cause and has continued to absent herself and still continues to absent herself from plaintiff without a reasonable cause for more than the space of one year and unless she appear at the term of this Court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 26th day of December, 1894.

(Seal of Court.) PHILIP H. ZEPP, Clerk.

2423

ASSIGNEE'S SALE—Pursuant to an order of the Circuit Court, made and entered on December 21st, 1894, in the matter of the assignment of Julius Horn, the undersigned assignee hereby gives notice that he will, on

SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1895,

at the east front door of the Court-house in the City of St. Louis, Mo., between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, all the right, title and interest of the assignor in and to the following described real estate, lying and being in the City of St. Louis, to wit.: Lot No. 24 in block No. 7 of Scott's Addition to the City of St. Louis, Mo., and in city block No. 1718 east of said city, containing a front of 25 feet on the north line of Atlantic street, by a depth northwardly of 125 feet to an alley 15 feet wide; bounded on the east by lot 25 and on the west by lot 23 of said block and addition, on the south by Atlantic street and on the north by said alley.

FRANCIS NOHL, Assignee of Julius Horn.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 31, 1894. 2452

SPECIAL Commissioner's Sale in Partition—Pursuant to an order of sale of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, made on the 10th day of December, 1894, in cause No. 97,542, in Room No. 3, wherein Robert L. Rhines and Mary Jane Rhines are plaintiffs, and Eugene Rhines is defendant, the undersigned Special Commissioner will, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 5, 1895,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell the real estate below described at public auction to the highest bidder; terms, cash; said sale to be subject to the approval of the said Circuit Court.

The property to be sold is described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered eight (8) and nine (9), in block number one (1) of Grand Addition, Plat A, to the city of St. Louis, Missouri, (a plat of which addition is now on file in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri), in city block number 3741 of said city of St. Louis, Missouri, each of said lots containing a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the south side of Page avenue, by a depth southwardly of one hundred and sixty-two (162) feet and six (6) inches to an alley 20 feet wide; bounded on the east by lot number seven (7), on the south by said alley, on the west by lot number 10 of said block and on the north by Page avenue. Said lots will be sold separately.

DE LACY CHANDLER, Special Commissioner.

John F. Green, Attorney, Room 810 Bank of Commerce Building.

Dated at St. Louis, Mo., this 14th day of December, 1894. 2356

SPECIAL Commissioner's Sale in Partition.—Pursuant to an order of sale in the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, made on the 11th day of December, A. D., 1894, in cause No. 88,571, in Court-room No. 1, wherein Margaret Sikemeier and Henry Sikemeier, her husband, and Nellie Conway and Frank J. Conway, her husband, are plaintiffs, and Mary Elizabeth Galvin, John D. Galvin and Elizabeth Galvin, his wife, Mathew J. Galvin and Mary Galvin, his wife, are defendants, the undersigned Special Commissioner, will, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 19TH, 1895,

Between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell the real estate below described, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on the following terms, to wit: One-third cash, and the balance in one and two years, the deferred payments to be secured by deed of trust on said property, to bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, with privilege to the purchaser of paying all cash, provided he elect to do so before the approval of the sale by the Court.

The property to be sold is described as follows, to wit: "A lot or parcel of ground with all the improvements thereon, situated in city block No. one hundred and forty-nine (149), having a front of twenty-two (22) feet and six (6) inches on the east side of Seventh street, and running back eastwardly of the same width eighty-two (82) feet to a private alley four (4) feet wide, on which premises is erected the building known as No. [illegible] South Seventh street, which said property is more fully described as follows, to wit: A lot or parcel of ground in city block one hundred and forty-nine (149) of the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, containing a front of twenty-two (22) feet and six (6) inches on the east line of Seventh street, by a depth eastwardly between parallel lines eighty-two (82) feet, more or less, to a private alley four (4) feet wide, bounded west by Seventh street, east by said alley, north by a line forty-seven (47) feet and six (6) inches south of the south line of, and parallel with, [illegible] street. CHARLES J. DUNNERMAN,

Special Commissioner,

No. 702 Chestnut street.

MILLS & FLITCRAFT, Attorneys,

No. 304 North Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

Dated at St. Louis, Missouri, this [illegible] day of December, A. D., 1894. [illegible]

Remnants of DRESS GOODS.
Dress Goods..... 8c
Dress Goods..... 10c
Dress Goods..... 25c
$1.00 Dress Goods..... 50c

MEN'S UNDERWEAR.
About 50 dozen Men's Heavy Ribb Wool, Double-Breasted Camel's Hair and Heavy Fleece-Lined Shirts and Drawers, sizes a little broken, worth $1 to $1.50 per garment, choice Friday for..... 59c

LACE CURTAINS.
100 pairs Nottingham Lace Curtains, taped edges, regular price 85c pair, To be closed out at 39c
50 pairs Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, slightly soiled, were used as samples, regular price $2 to $3 pair. Will clean them up at 95c
100 pairs Nottingham Lace Curtains, 4 yards long, worth $2.50 pair, Closed out at $1.69
200 Window Shades, spring rollers, complete, worth 25c each, Closed out for 10c

REMNANTS OF TRIMMING BRAIDS.
5c Braids all go at..... 2c
10c Braids all go at..... 5c
20c Braids all go at..... 10c

REMNANTS OF EMBROIDERIES.
5c Embroideries at..... 2c
10c Embroideries at..... 5c
15c Embroideries at..... 8c

REMNANTS OF LININGS.
5c Kid-Finished Cambrics..... 3½c
8c Crinolines..... 3½c
8c Fancy Sateens..... 7½c

REMNANTS OF SILKS.
75c Colored Silk Velvets..... 39c
50c Silk Bengalines..... 25c
$1.25 Brocaded Silks..... 69c

REMNANTS REMNANTS

OCEANS OF THEM MUST GO ON FRIDAY!
Our Stock-Taking on SATURDAY. Not a REMNANT will go on the Stock Book. They are to be sold. THEY WILL BE SOLD. PRICES will be IRRESISTIBLE.

DAMAGED GLOVES.
5000 pairs Men's heavy Lined and Unlined Gloves in Buck, Goat, Calf and Dog Skins, mostly all for right hand, worth $1.00 to $2.00 a pair. Choice Friday for 10c

Winter Skirts.
Lot of Ladies' Melton Skirts, actual value $1.00; for..... 49c
Lot of Ladies' Quilted and Embroidered Flannel, worth $1.50; for..... 69c

Handkerch'fs
Lot Ladies' Initial Handkerchiefs, some slightly soiled, worth 12½c. For..... 5c
Lot Gents' Initial Handkerchiefs, some slightly soiled, worth 20c. For..... 10c
Lot Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs, some soiled in decorating at Christmas, worth up to 25c..... 10c

Mittens.
10 dozen Children's Black Wool Mittens, worth 25c..... 9c
5 dozen Ladies' and Children's Kid Mittens, lined fur top, worth 75c. For..... 50c

Penrose and Tertles
BROADWAY S.W. Corner of FRANKLIN AVENUE

SHOES.
FRIDAY SPECIALS.
720 pairs Ladies' Black Cloth Overgaiters, sizes 1 to 6, worth 60c, Special Price..... 29c
400 pairs Ladies' Lamb Wool Slipper Soles, sizes 3 to 7, worth 25c, Special Price..... 15c
600 pairs Ladies' Dongola Button or Lace Shoes, square toes, patent tips, heels or spring heels, worth $2.00, Special Sale..... $1.39

FASCINATORS
17 dozen Wool and Chenille Fascinators, worth up to 75c..... 25c

Silk Mittens.
10 dozen Ladies' Black Silk Mittens, fancy back, worth 85c..... 48c

BLANKETS.
CLOSING OUT.
100 pairs 10-4 Blankets, white and gray, regular price $1, closing out at, per pair..... 39c
100 pairs 11-4 Blankets, white and gray, worth $1.75, to be closed out at, per pair..... 99c
55 pairs All-wool Blankets, slightly soiled, regular price $4.50, will close out at, per pair..... $2.49

Special Dress Goods Bargain.
50 pieces 38-inch All-wool Scotch Cheviot Suitings in small checks, mixtures and fancies, worth 50c, per yard, a Friday bargain at only $1.75 per dress pattern..... 25c

CLOAKS
ALL REDUCED.
Fine Plush Capes. Fine Fur Capes. Fine Cloth Capes. } All Reduced
Fine Beaver Capes, worth $8.50, Friday..... $4.95
100 Jackets, 40 inches long, Finest Beaver, worth $12.50..... $7.95
200 Misses' Cloaks, 10, 12, 14 years, worth $6.00 to $8.00..... $4.50
100 Children's Coats, for 2, 3 and 4 years, worth $1.00..... 49c
50 Dark Calico Wrappers, worth $1.00..... 25c

Our Mid-Winter Sale OF Fine Suits AT $12
Attracts the Trade.
Why shouldn't it? Such stylish and handsome Suits at that price are without precedent.
They are New, Stylish, Nice.
Not old, unsalable goods or job lots bought to sell at 100 per cent profit, but our own make from the latest patterns, bought at Free-Wool Prices.
These elegant Suits are in Cutaway and Single and Double Breasted Sacks. Our guarantee goes with every Suit, and we guarantee you will get no such value in St. Louis as you get in these Suits at
$12
Browning, King & Co.
Manufacturers and Retailers,
Cor. Broadway and Pine

$10.00 A WEEK
Can Be Earned for Working
4 Hours A DAY!
Men and Boys WANTED
To Sell
The Post-Dispatch.
Reasonable Profit Guaranteed to Good Boys.
Apply to Circulation Dept., POST-DISPATCH.

GAVE IT UP.

E. C. Kehr's Discouraging Attempt to Be a Commuter.

Bought a Home at Barrett's Station, on the Missouri Pacific.

BUT FOUND HIMSELF ISOLATED IN CONSEQUENCE OF POOR TRAIN SERVICE.

The Service Was Better Twenty Years Ago Than It Is Now, Says Mr. Kehr—He Shows What the Missouri Pacific Has Lost by Their Policy of Giving as Few Trains as They Can—What the Service Should Be.

Attorney E. C. Kehr owns a country place at Barretts, sixteen and one-half miles out on the Missouri Pacific railroad. He has owned the place since 1868. When he first obtained possession of it he decided to fix it up and live there, summers at least. About twenty years ago he tried it for two summers. The train service was a little better then even than it is now. As time wennt on it became worse for suburban dwellers on the Missouri Pacific anywhere west of Kirkwood, and Mr. Kehr had to give it up. He still owns the place, but it is used simply as a farm, and the family living there doesn't come to town more than about three or four times a year.

Mr. Kehr used to come in every day. The rate for commutation tickets as sold now would make it cost Mr. Kehr $8.50 a month. In the twenty years since Mr. Kehr moved out there, with anything of a decent service, there would without doubt be twenty families now located in and about Barretts, the head of which would have come to town daily. These would be paying the Missouri Pacific $175 a month, $2,100 a year, just from Barretts. Each other station on the road for fifty miles out would have been doing as well. Judging from the crowd that comes in daily from Kirkwood, some of them would have been doing better. The suburban travel, that is commuters, west of Kirkwood to-day is practically nothing.

CANNOT LIVE WEST OF KIRKWOOD.

"It is utterly impossible, as the trains are now," said Mr. Kehr to a Post-Dispatch representative, "to live the other side of Kirkwood and do business in the city. I tried it two years and had to give it up, and the train service was better then than it is now. You can only get to town twice a day, once leaving there at 7:13 in the morning and then again at 5:13 in the evening. I don't know but there is a train comes in along about 5:00 in the morning, but that's too early to count. I do occasionally when I go out utilize the Frisco trains, as it has a pretty fair service out as far as Valley Park, and I can get that road's trains by going three-quarters of a mile to the station.

"The country out west of Kirkwood hasn't settled up any, except with farmers, during the past twenty years. I imagine that there are fewer people living west of Kirkwood now—that is, people having business connection in the city—than when I lived out there. I know it's so around Barrett's. What it needs to build it up is an improved train service, with earlier trains home in the afternoon and later ones in the morning. A man living in the suburbs governs and regulates his entire life by the trains. If those trains do not run at reasonable hours he must give up living in the suburbs. St. Louis is badly served in this respect. As I say, there is no living west of Kirkwood with the present service."

Now the question is, why should Kirkwood be the western terminus of the suburban system out of St. Louis on the Missouri Pacific? Why not make it Webster or Glencoe, or any other station? Presumably, Kirkwood was taken because it was thought at the time the service was inaugurated that a few persons might be induced to go that far. Since the time the territory between here and Kirkwood has settled up so it is a good portion of the distance like it is within the city limits. The same service were extended to Pacific the same result would follow. Not so quickly, perhaps, but it would follow in a much shorter time than the railroads are willing to admit.

SERVICE THAT SHOULD BE GIVEN.

On the Missouri Pacific, which claims to be the most progressive and wide-awake road in the west, there should be a suburban service to Pacific at least, with one accommodation train in the middle of the forenoon and one in the early afternoon as far as Jefferson City. But the public is not crying for any such elaborate service as this. It is, however, demanding a better service. Suburban dwellers would be satisfied with an early afternoon train through to Jefferson City, returning at a reasonable hour in the morning, and then a later through accommodation as far as Pacific. This would be but reasonable and such a service could be inaugurated at comparatively no additional expense, as it would be but an extension of the present service. The Frisco is acting in the right direction, but it, too, should extend its service. The Iron Mountain afternoon train schedule should be so arranged that the Arcadia train would leave about 2:30 and by the time this was done the other roads would fall in line. The Burlington has a new afternoon service in contemplation, and if the first start could only be made speedy improvements in all directions might be expected.

IT IS NOT CRUEL.

Humane Society Will Not Interfere With Blood Serum Culture.

The inoculation of horses at Quarantine in order to obtain blood serum for treatment in cases of diphtheria has caused numerous inquiries as to whether the Humane Society would allow the inoculation to continue without trying to prevent it, on the ground that the fever and loss of appetite which is invariably undergone by the animals after the process is cruel. When questioned regarding the matter as to what course the Humane Society intended to adopt, Supt. John H. Holmes said: "I do not think the process is one which we could consistently proceed against. It seems to me identical with the process of taking vaccine from a calf, which is used as a preventive to consumption, and no one ever heard of that being called cruel. There are several leading physicians who are members of our society and we have frequently talked the matter over and have come to the conclusion that it is perfectly proper and that there is no more cruelty in it than in vaccinating a child. I do not think any court in the State would sustain any action we might bring against the process."

STEPHEN ROPER.

The Author and Engineer at the City Hospital.

A 72-year-old patient who entered the City Hospital last Friday under the name of Stephen Roper, suffering from nephritis, says he is the author of Roper's "Engineer's Hand-book" and several other standard works on engineering subjects.

According to his story, he was born in the village of Rathduff, near Athlone, Ireland, Dec. 15, 1823, was educated at Belfast and came to Bristol, Conn., at the age of 16. There he learned the wooden clockmaker's trade. In 1859 he moved to Philadelphia and soon became the most prominent engineer in that city. "After the war," said he, "I wrote and had published a series of books touching on engineering subjects that had never been treated before by any American writer. My works took from the start, but my publishers failed and so I lost the 10 per cent of the sales I was to get. Then the Spring Garden National Bank, in which I had $1,000, failed and I lost all. Then I became an engineer on a steamboat and an accident deprived me of the use of my right hand, foot, eye and ear for life. Now, after spending several years looking for a grandchild who ran away from home I wind up here in the City Hospital."

The unfortunate Roper, who is a portly and venerable looking man, is anxious to get to Baltimore, where he has friends.

HARBOR DEPARTMENT.

Annual Report of the Harbor and Wharf Commissioner.

The annual report of the Harbor and Wharf Department is as follows:

Arrivals from the Upper Mississippi River—Packets, 422; boats, 565; barges, 253. Tonnage, 403,550.

Lower Mississippi River—Packets, 377; boats, 1,024; barges, 795. Tonnage, 850,825.

Missouri River—Packets, 11; boats, 32; barges, 3. Tonnage, 9,350.

Illinois River—Packets, 101; boats, 35; canal boats, 11; barges, 72. Tonnage, 53,497.

Ohio River—Boats, 12; barges, 80. Tonnage, 18,105.

Tennessee River—Packets, 63; boats, 8; barges, 21. Tonnage, 23,817.

The receipts of lumber by rafts and barges were as follows: White pine, 87,338,323 feet; shingles, 35,778,000; laths, 31,354,350; pickets, 1,368,500; logs, 16,411,105 superficial feet; cotton wood lumber, 16,119,758 feet; cypress, 844,757 feet; sycamore, 30,141 feet; ash, 1,352,991 feet; oak, 2,302,180 feet; walnut, 176,430 feet; gum, 250,490 feet; maple, 7,000 feet; hickory, 41,320 feet; cherry, 3,400 feet; yellow pine, 6,668 feet.

Corbett Inquest.

The inquest on the remains of Thomas Corbett resulted in a verdict that the deceased came to his death from an injury of the spinal cord, due to being shot by Michael Dickson. The shooting occurred on Christmas night on Broadway, near Vulcan street.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

December Weather.

Weather Prophet Frankenfield's monthly bulletin shows the lowest temperature during last month to have been 1 deg. on Dec. 28 and the highest 66 degs. on Dec. 21. The total precipitation for the month was 2.73 inches.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

WAS DANCED AWAY.

How the Old Year Closed in Fashionable Society.

A NUMBER OF ENTERTAINMENTS GIVEN NEW YEAR'S EVE.

New Year's Night Was Also Very Gay—The Small and Early and Columbian Club Balls—Second Ball of the Bachelors' Club—Mrs. Thompson's Reception—Society News.

The last day of the old year passed away in a blaze of glory so far as society was concerned. There were New Year's Eve fashionable functions galore. A dance, with tableaux-vivant, was given on Monday night by Mrs. Dean Cooper in compliment to her son, Mr. Thomas A. Cooper, and his young friends, Mr. Lister of Philadelphia, Mr. Koppert of Galveston and Mr. W. Parker, who are home with him for the holidays. This was for the very young people, schoolgirls and college boys, and it was thoroughly enjoyed.

A ball was given on Monday evening by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Buel at their home, on South Grand avenue, in compliment to their daughters, Miss Rosalind Buel and Miss Marie Buel, a demoiselle home for the Christmas holidays from Monticello.

Mrs. Anderson Gratz, at her home, in Kirkwood, celebrated the going out of the old year and the coming in of the new with a ball in compliment to her niece, Miss Emmeline Hough, who had quite a bevy of St. Louis friends out to enjoy it.

The "Small and Early," one of the most exclusive of the club organizations, had its holiday ball on New Year's Eve.

A brilliant New Year's function was the annual New Year's ball of the Columbian Club, in its handsome new club-house.

For Tuesday, New Year's Day, there were innumerable receptions, followed by dances. The largest were those given by Mrs. William H. Thomson and her daughters at their home, on Lindell boulevard. They were assisted in their hospitable duties by a charming bevy of matrons and maidens, Mrs. Grace January, Mrs. Harvey Mudd, Mrs. Henry C. Kelly, and Misses Nina and Sallie O'Fallon, Isabel January, Nina Robinson, Frances Cabanne and Virgie Conn.

Mrs. Wayman Cushman's reception, in compliment to her cousin, Miss Minnie Semple Scott, in her new home, in Westminster place, was another one of the fashionable functions of the day, as was also the dance given by Mrs. G. M. Maverick in compliment to her daughter, Miss Rena Maverick.

The second ball of The Bachelors made a fitting and brilliant close to the festivities of New Year's Day.

For Wednesday, Mrs. John Scullin's ball, at the St. Nicholas, introducing her daughter, Miss Lemore Scullin, was a superb affair. Mrs. Scullin was assisted by her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Harry Scullin. Mrs. Scullin wore black satin, en traine, and richly embroidered in silver, the corsage studded with diamonds. Mrs. Harry Scullin's gown was a lovely confection in the opaline tints, with broideries of silver. The young debutante was gowned in pure-white satin, also enriched with silver embroidery, and trimmed with fine laces. Miss Frances Cabanne and Miss Lucille Papin were also of the receiving party.

Miss Virgie Sanford's masquerade party will take place this evening, having been postponed from New Year's Eve.

The Myrtle and Marroon Club of the Washington University, whose object is to stimulate interest in the study and performance of the drama, will give an entertainment on the 14th of January at Germania Theater and will present a comedy in four acts by M. Henri Dumay of the university, under the patronage of the following ladies: Mesdames G. D. Barnard, W. H. Chaplin, F. G. Chapman, G. O. Carpenter, Jr., J. M. Dixon, W. G. Elliot, W. E. Fischel, J. Green, E. J. Glascow, Jr., O. Heller, H. Hitchcock, M. C. Holden, H. C. Ives, J. E. Johnson, G. B. Leighton, E. D. Meir, M. S. Snow, C. M. Woodward and Mephan.

Miss Maude Emilie Davies, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Davies, gave a progressive euchre party on Tuesday in honor of the Misses May and Agnes Feehan, who have returned from their convent school in Chicago to spend the holidays. The decorations were violets and the prizes, which were handsome, were won by the Misses Marguerite and Susie Henderson, Cora Young, Nellie Albert and Messrs. Fischer. Among the guests were the Misses Mary O'Connor, May and Agnes Feehan, Anatolie Albert, Beatrice Steinhoff, Blanche Sheehy, Amanda Caskie, Edna Alderman, Bessie Ruggles, Katharine Martin, Maude Fruteh, Hattie Fagan, Fannie S. Ryan, Rose Heffderson, Clara Wandell, Laura Schnell, Adelaide Lynch and others. Afterwards a dance was indulged in.

Mrs. A. Waldheim of Hotel Beers gave a large children's party on Tuesday, the parlors being decorated with blossoms of various hue, narcissus, violets and carnations being predominating. The guests of entertainment were music, dancing and games. There were present Misses Nina Bauman, Erna Rice, Sarah Weiner, Selma Altheimer, Adele Meyers, Jessie and Hasel Rothschild, Clemens Sanwick and others.

Two little daughters of Mr. E. W. Garrett, Misses Virginia and Gladys, gave a "Cap" party to their little friends on Monday evening. Among those present were the following boys and girls: Marion and Davis McMillan, Ruth and Sam Scott, Blanch and Grace Rodie, Maggie and Archie Cousin, Richie and Arthur Spencer, Mary and Willie Wall, Bessie and Frances Harvey. After the little folks had adjourned several musical selections were rendered by Mrs. Garret, Miss Stassi and Mrs. Rudolph.

Mrs. M. P. Morrall of 3624 Olive street gave a chocolate function on Saturday morning to fifteen little girls.

Misses George and Willie Bowman of Danville, Ky., who have been spending a couple of weeks with their cousin, Mrs. William P. Bradshaw, of Edwardsville, have returned to the city, and will visit their brother, Mr. Charlie Bowman, for several weeks, after which they will probably go to San Antonio, Tex., for the remainder of the season.

GOSSIP.

Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Rowe are domiciled at Hotel Beers for the winter.

Miss Wadsworth, the pretty and popular belle from Ontario, Canada, who spent last winter with St. Louis friends, arrived on Sunday morning to spend several weeks visiting Mr. and Mrs. Louis Lawnin.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Lawnin, who occupied their son's home in their absence, moved Jan. 1 to Hotel Beers, where they have a suite of apartments for the remainder of the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Swartz have returned from the East, whehe they have been spending several weeks in New York and Boston.

Mrs. C. C. Myers has gone to Chicago for a visit of a week or two.

Miss Eliza Edwards left after New Year's to return to Denison, Tex., after spending the vacation with her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Humphrey Hawes of Westminster place have been entertaining during the holiday season, his cousin, Miss Armstrong, from Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Cushman have returned from a visit of several days to Chicago.

Mrs. Homer Beier, who, with her children, spent several weeks with her mother, Mrs. Annie Rapley, of Locust street, has returned to her home in the West. They have recently moved from their ranch in Colorado to Trinidad, N. M., where they will reside in the future.

Mrs. Houston T. Force of West Morgan street is entertaining for a few weeks her niece, who arrived a few days ago from Tennessee.

Miss Pearl Fisher, who now resides with her mother in Rockford, Ill., will make a visit of several weeks to her numerous St. Louis friends, arriving early this month.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Fisher have been spending Christmas week in Chicago and have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. George C. Kinsman of Decatur, Ill., are expected soon to make a little visit to their St. Louis relatives.

Mrs. H. Goodman has returned from Cincinnati, where she spent last week with her relatives.

Miss Stella Nedderhut will leave to-morrow to spend a fortnight visiting friends in Chicago.

Miss Lizzie Whitmore is spending this week with Chicago relatives.

Mrs. W. C. Richards of 4532 Cook avenue entertains the Scoop Club this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Liggett will leave with the excursionists for Old Mexico on Jan. 15. After making the trip they will go to Lower California to visit their daughter, Mrs. Mitchell Scott, and will also spend some time with Mrs. John Fowler, who is spending the winter at San Antonio.

Mrs. Mary Cable, who has been spending some time with her son, Hon. Ben Cable, and family, at Rock Island, has returned to the city, and is with her daughter, Mrs. George Castleman, of Lindell boulevard, and will accompany her when she leaves on Jan. 15 for her winter home in Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Hinckly have returned from a visit of a few days to Chicago and Milwaukee.

Miss Irene Rives has returned home after a visit to her brother, Dr. Rives, at his suburban home.

Mrs. M. Newman and her daughter, Miss Eulalie eNwman, spent last week in New York City, and from there will go to Europe, where Miss Newman will devote a year or two to the completion of her musical studies.

Miss S. E. Shelly returns next week from Holyoke, Mass., where she spent Christmas with her relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Felix Stark of Salt Lake are making a visit of a fortnight to Mrs. W. C. Breckinridge of 4001 Morgan street.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Cornwall, formerly Miss Mollie Dixon, have returned from their wedding journey, and will be at home to their friends on Thursdays in January.

Miss Gertie Pishon is spending the holidays with her relatives in Bloomington, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hess returned yesterday from a visit of ten days to their parents, who reside at West Superior.

Mrs. I. N. Love has with her her pretty young daughter, Miss Delphine Love, for the midwinter vacation. She will return with her to New York the first of next week, when she will resume her studies.

Mrs. Martin L. Clardy has taken a house, No. 3804 Delmar avenue, and will bring his family to the city this week to make St. Louis their home in the future.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Wilson have been spending the holiday season with her mother, Mrs. Birrell. They will return to their home in Memphis, Tenn., next week.

Master West Chipley, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Chipley of Clemens place, who met with a severe accident resulting in an injury to his eyes, is now much improved.

The Misses May and Agnes Feehan, nieces of Archbishop Feehan, have returned from their school in Chicago to spend the New Year holidays with their parents, Dr. and Mrs. Edward Feehan, of Garrison and Franklin avenues.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Friede have returned to Hotel Beers after spending the holidays with friends in Chicago.

Mrs. J. W. Sanford of 3744 Olive street is visiting friends in Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Breck have returned from their wedding tour and are located at Hotel Beers.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis Browne, of Alton, accompanied by the Misses Class, are visiting friends at the Hotel Beers.

Mrs. Thomas Halpin and her sister, Mrs. Mullally, and debutante daughter, Miss Mary Belle McBride, of 3602 Olive street, have selected Friday for their day "At Home."

Mr. Harry S. Conrad has gone to St. Joseph, Mo., where he was summoned by the death of his younger brother, Mr. Frank Conrad.

Mrs. D. D. Fassett nee Ruth Gaty, of 5833 Julian avenue, will not hold any formal receptions as was announced, and has changed her "At Home" day to Tuesday.

Fraulein Thekla Burmeister of Searcey, Ark., is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. T. E. Burrell, of 518 North Spring avenue, having come to spend the holidays with them.

Miss Mina Ritchie, who spent several months in Chicago, the guest of friends, returned home for the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Davis of the Planters' Hotel are rejoicing over the birth of a handsome little daughter.

Mrs. C. E. Chapin will entertain the Sub Rosa Progressive Euchre Club Friday afternoon at 1714 Lucas place.

Miss Bessie Wall, who left the city in [illegible] her daughters at [illegible]s at her home yesterday morning, spraining her ankle severely.

Miss Nora Dalton of East St. Louis is visiting Miss Mary Fogarty of 2817½ Rauschenbach avenue, this city.

Miss Mildred Bassett has returned to school, after spending the holidays with her parents, on Lucas place.

Miss Mae Foley and her friend, Miss Emma Dagville, entertained their friends on New Year's Day at the former's home, 1240 Bayard avenue, from 2 to 8 in the afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Benj. Guerard are living on a farm.

Mrs. Mitchell Meyberg of Sarah street is entertaining her sister, Miss Emma Messing, from Indianapolis, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Long leave shortly for Hot Springs for the benefit of the latter's health.

Mrs. H. Sonnenfeld will be at home to her friends on Tuesdays, afternoon and evening.

Miss Susie Slattery gave a party to her friends on New Year's evening.

Miss Nonie Glenn has gone to Louisiana, Mo., to visit Mrs. E. B. Forle.

Mrs. Houston Force of 4345 West Morgan street has issued cards for Friday afternoons of this week, next week and the week after from 3 to 5 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Buckner of Mexico are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Duncan, of Morgan street.

ABOUT TOWN.

STOLEN WIRE.—George Wirth was arrested on the charge of having stolen 800 pounds of copper wire, worth $70, from the St. Louis Electric Railway Co.

JOHN BOTZ ARRESTED.—John Botz was arrested on the charge of stealing two boxes of cigars and a quantity of whisky from Gus Greenagle's saloon, 1602 South Third street.

CHARGED WITH THEFT.—Lester Zuntz was arrested Wednesday on the charge of stealing $21.50 from the money drawer of his employer, Joseph Schweppe, a butcher, at 917 South Fourth street.

ON SUSPICION.—Samuel Curry, colored, was arrested Wednesday on the charge of having stolen a watch and chain from Peter Dunn of 1517 Clark avenue. Curry had an overcoat which he said he got from Chester Freeman and Emanuel Brown, both colored. They were arrested on suspicion.

BROKE HER HIP.—Mrs. Kate McKracken, 70 years old, residing at 1421 North Nineteenth street, slipped and fell on the sidewalk in front of 1004 North Twelfth street. Her left hip was fractured, a very serious injury for a person of her age. She was conveyed to her home in an ambulance.

ENGINEERS' CLUB.—The Engineers' Club met last night at 1600 Lucas avenue and listened to a paper on "Chimneys and Chimney Draught," by Col. E. D. Meier. The subject was considered with reference to modern boiler practice and American coal.

CHAUVENET'S LECTURE.—President Regis Chauvenet of the Colorado State School of Mines, will deliver a lecture Friday evening in the auditorium of the new High School, Grand and Bell avenues, on the "Rise, Use and Possibilities of Chemistry." After the lecture the High School laboratory, which has just been completed, will be thrown open to the friends of the school.

SCHOOL BOARD COMMITTEES.—The Rules Committee of the School Board will meet at 4 o'clock to consider the changing of some of the board's rules. At 7:30 o'clock the Lands and Leasing Committee will meet, and at 4:30 o'clock Friday there will be a meeting of the Ways and Means Committee and one of the Building Committee.

YOUNGERMAN HELD.—Charles Youngerman, who shot Thomas Moore in a livery stable on North Ninth street on Nov. 25, was held by Judge Murphy for the Grand-jury in the sum of $500. He gave security. Youngerman pleaded that he did not know the gun was loaded.

ON THE WAY TO WASHINGTON.—Mrs. Fenetta Sargent Haskell, the interpreter of Dickens and Hugo, and Mrs. R. P. Bland left on the Vandalia for Washington. Mrs. Haskell will fill a number of important engagements in the Eastern cities.

WANTED IN JOLIET.—Cornelius Morrissey was arrested Wednesday by Detectives Tracy and Walsh on the charge of being a fugitive from justice in Joliet, Ill., where he is said to be wanted on the charge of attempting to criminally assault Bertha Keyes. Morrissey denies the charge and says that while he, Miss Keyes, another girl and Henry Wyman were out walking Miss Keyes fell down an embankment and sustained the injuries which she says Morrissey inflicted.

SHE GAVE THE ALARM.—Sophia Junker, a saleswoman in the bakershop of Laurance Ganss, Tenth and Market streets, seized a burglar whom she discovered Wednesday in one of the living rooms. She screamed and Mr. Ganss ran up-stairs with a cleaver. After a struggle the burglar broke away, but was caught by Officer Donlan near Eighth and Market streets. He gave his name as George Murray, and said he was a railroad man. A watch and chain belonging to Ganss were found near where the burglar was caught.

Charged With Forgery.

Albert Flynn was arrested Wednesday on complaint of his father-in-law, John Eisenberg of 2321 Minnesota avenue, who accuses him of passing forged checks amounting to $85.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

Mortuary Matters.

James Thompson, the millionaire banker of Davenport, Ia., is dead.

Prof. Thomas Metcalf, recently of Normal, Ill., died at Chicago.

George B. Dixon of Elmwood, Ill., died at Santa Fe, N. M.

Col. E. H. Ryle, Inspector-General of the Department of the Missouri, died at Chicago.

Sophia Plunkett, colored, reputed to be 125 years old, died at Mobile, Ala.

Rev. John Walworth died at Richland Center, Wis., aged 80 years.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

FOR THE STUDENTS.

New Chemical Laboratory at the St. Louis High School.

IT IS ONE OF THE BEST EQUIPPED OF ANY IN THIS COUNTRY.

Especially Adapted for Instructions in Natural Science—Will Be Formally Opened Friday Evening With an Address by Prof. Chauvenet of Colorado.

The chemical laboratory recently completed gives the St. Louis High School a foremost position among institutions of like grade in point of equipment for instruction in natural science, a department of education that has of recent years taken a very important place. The new laboratory in completeness, convenience and adaptation to its uses is said to be second to none in the country.

It has 1,600 feet of floor space and will accommodate at least sixty-four students. For each student are provided individual accommodations, consisting of shelves for reagents, drawers and closet for apparatus, a sink and water and gas connections. There are eight hoods for the evaporation of noxious or unpleasant gases, one to each row of experimenting tables. Each of these hoods is provided with separate flue and four gas connections for heating and four attachments for sulphuretted hydrogen, which will be produced in two large generators instead of in individual apparatuses, thus doing away with the odor of the gas as far as possible. Four hydraulic blasts are provided for the fusion of substances that require special heat, and an automatic still for the production of distilled water. Moreover, there is ample means afforded for crushing, sampling, grinding and assaying ores. For the latter process two crucible and two muffle furnaces, heated by gas, have been put in position.

In addition to the main laboratory a smaller room, 35x30 feet, has been furnished for lecture or recitation purposes. In this room there are cases for mineralogical specimens and ores, for apparatus and chemicals, and for fine balances to be used in accurate quantitative work. Forty tablet seats have been placed in this room for the use of students.

The laboratory will be formally opened to-morrow at 8 p. m. At this time President Regis Chauvenet of the Colorado State School of Mines will deliver an address on "The Rise, Uses and Possibilities of Chemistry." President Chauvenet is a son of the late Chancellor Chauvenet of Washington University. He is one of the early graduates of Washington University, and was called to Colorado after having achieved a wide reputation as a practical chemist. None is better qualified by attainments and experience to speak upon this theme. He is thoroughly conversant with his subject on both the theoretical and practical sides, and has the rare and happy faculty of presenting a scientific subject in a way that is at once interesting and instructive.

After the lecture by President Chauvenet the laboratory will be open for the inspection of all who are desirous of viewing its appointments. In fitting up this laboratory the Board of Public Schools has shown a wise comprehension of the needs of the High School and of the importance of providing proper facilities for the teaching of natural science. An appreciative public will do well to attend the address and inspect the laboratory, as they are invited to do by the announcement of F. W. Brockman, President of the School Board, and Louis J. Rothaus, Chairman of the Building Committee.

Salvation Army.

Brigadier French of the Salvation Army has decided to rent a hall in which the slum sisters, Capt. Ida Johnson and Lieut. Roberts, will hold evangelistic meetings every night in the week at 8 o'clock. The hall is located on Second street, between Plum and Cedar streets. The opening ceremony will take place to-morrow, Thursday, Jan. 3, at 2 p. m. Brigadier French will be in charge, assisted by Ensign Glassey and the slum sisters.

Mrs. Brigadier French has presented the Brigadier, as also the army, a New Year's gift in the shape of a strong, healthy son.

Murderer's Wife Destitute.

Mrs. Louisa Lane, wife of John Lane, who on Dec. 21 shot and killed Patrick Noonan in a dispute over a game of cards on Cottage and Warne avenues, is reported as being in destitute circumstances and in need of the necessities of life. She is the mother of four children, the eldest of which is 9 years of age.

Heavy Tax Collections.

Collector Stegmeier sent to the City Treasurer a check for $371,886.76, representing the amount of taxes collected by him last Monday. This is far in excess of any previous single day's receipts and is considerably more than the collections for the last day of 1893.

The Mayor's Approval.

The appointments of Recorder of Deeds Marrgom D. Lewis have been approved by the Mayor. The investigation of the charges against three of the appointees proved them groundless and the entire list was approved.

ONE OF THE ARMED BODY.

Officer Weigel Will Have to Explain Why He Got Drunk.

Officer Charles Weigel of the Third District has been suspended by Capt. Joyce, pending the result of his trial before the Police Board on charges preferred against him by Sergt. Walsh. Sergt. Walsh missed Weigel from his beat New Year's afternoon, and after an hour's search found him on the Levee and boisterously drunk. The Sergeant marched him to the station and removed his star.

FIFTH WARD REPUBLICAN CLUB.

The Fifth Ward Warner Republican League Club will hold its monthly meeting at South St. Louis Turner Hall, Friday, Jan. 4, at 8 o'clock p. m. Matters of importance in regard to the club's proposed entertainment, etc., will come up for action.

MANY CHILDREN

as well as thousands of grown people have been cured of scrofula and other blood diseases, by taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Every disorder that can be reached through the blood, yields to this wonderful tonic, alterative and blood purifier. Eczema, Tetter, Boils, Carbuncles, and the worst forms of Skin or Scrofulous Sores and Swellings are permanently cured.

Mrs. Tamar Hannon, of Somerset Co., Va., writes: "About four years ago my daughter, Miss Hannon, was afflicted with a severe form of scrofula. Her neck was covered with sores and running ulcers, which were so numerous to mention. Indeed, they did not spare any part of her body. I would say that I spent over $100 in doctor's bills, but all to no purpose. She was under the care of two physicians at different times, but after a few months of their treatment she was entirely cured. I believe your medicine was unequaled."

Miss Hannon

Mrs. Jno. H. Richardson, a widow living near Wakefield, Va., a few years ago, was in extremely bad health, and tried every [illegible] remedy with [illegible] success.

EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

BAKER—Situation wanted by first-class foreman baker on bread or cake in country. Address 201 S. 3d st.

BOY—A boy of 17 wants position in an office; railroad preferred; writes good hand. Add. B 240, this office.

CARPENTER—Wants jobbing; will work for $1 a day; good workman. Add. W 238, this office.

COPYING—Situation wanted; envelopes to address; copying or other writing. Add. C 240, this office.

COACHMAN—A reliable, all-around Englishman wants situation; can be well recommended. Address A. Y. Z., 3020 Olive st.

CLERK—Situation as night clerk in hotel or restaurant by steady, reliable young man of experience, age 24; best city references. Address R 238, this office.

DRIVER—A young man wants position as driver for delivery wagon; well acquainted in city; with references. Address X 239, this office.

DRUG CLERK—Junior; 2½ years' experience; German and English; best references; salary no object. Address 2214 S. Broadway.

DRIVER—Married man, strictly sober, situation as a driver of any kind of a wagon; can give a first-class city reference. Address P 239, this office.

ENGINEER—Position by licensed engineer, by one who thoroughly understands the general repairing and putting up of machinery. Address B 240, this office.

MAN—Wanted, furnaces and steps to care for. Address or call 3435 Lucas av.

MAN—Wanted experienced grain man, with large country acquaintance, desires position. Add. B 238, this office.

MAN—Wanted, situation to attend furnace and work around house, by sober, steady man. Add. A. B., 3701 Olive st.

MAN—By an intelligent, stout young man of 27 employment of any kind; work badly needed. Address F 229, this office.

MAN—Place by sober, middle-aged man; watchman, fireman or tend furnace, or make himself generally useful about private place; can give refs. Add. F 231, this office.

MAN—Wanted, position by a competent white man to tend horses, cows, steps, furnace, windows, help in kitchen, etc.; best city refs.; wages no object. P. Breen, 220 S. 4th st.

SALESMAN—Position as salesman by competent, experienced man thoroughly acquainted with retail grocers. Address S 239, this office.

WORK—A young man, 27 years, single, desires work of any kind; speaks German and English; with references. Address W 239, this office.

JONES'
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

Broadway, between Olive and Locust sts. The complete Business Course, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy, Elocution and English Branches thoroughly taught. Day and night.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

5 cents per line each insertion.

BOY WANTED—To feed job press. Vitrey, 108 N. 12th st.

BOY WANTED—Good live boy. 715 North Seventh st.

BOY WANTED—Bright boy of 12 or 13 years for real estate office. Address, in own hand writing, E 240, this office.

CARPENTERS WANTED—Ten carpenters, Levee and Spruce st. Apply at shop near corner.

CUTTER WANTED—Experienced cutter on ladies' shoes. Hufnagel Shoe Co., 2018 Locust st.

COLLECTOR WANTED—An experienced collector; permanent position and chance for advancement. 214 N. 6th, room 515.

FREE treatment for all diseases at Franklin Avenue Free Dispensary, 1214 Franklin av.

HEEL BUILDERS WANTED—Experienced heel builders at once. 234 Biddle st.

LAUNDRYMEN WANTED—Practical laundrymen. Apply to Geo. J. Fritz, 2018 S. 3d st.

HAVE you tried "Harris'" $4 shoes? Judge their value by the months they wear. 520 Pine st.

MEN WANTED—To learn barber trade; day or evening. St. Louis Barber School, 812 Pine st.

MAN WANTED—Young man as stock clerk and willing to make himself generally useful in wholesale gents' furnishing goods house; reference required. T 239, this office.

ORGANIZERS—Active, brainy organizers for a popular fraternal order; pays death and sick benefits; tempting terms and territory to good men to organize lodges. R. 181, Tremont st., r. 38, Boston, Mass.

WANTED—Boy to feed job press. Vitrey, 108 N. 12th st.

$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive sts.

$3.00 UP—Pants to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., cor. Olive, second floor.

HAYWARD'S SHORT-

hand and Business College, 702, 704 and 706 Olive st.; day and night school. Phone 479.

Perkins & Herpel's
MERCANTILE COLLEGE

Cor. 4th Street and Washington Ave., ST. LOUIS, MO.

INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION

Given in Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Typewriting, Grammar, Arithmetic, Etc.

CALL OR WRITE FOR CATALOGUE. (Mention this paper.)

Day and Night School Now Open.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

5 cents per line each insertion.

COOK—Situation wanted as first-class cook or housekeeper. Apply 1814 Olive st.

COOK—Wanted, situation to cook, wash and iron, by a good German girl. Call at 924 N. 15th st.

COOK—A neat, reliable colored woman wants a place as cook in private family; best refs. furnished. 2235 Carr st.

DRESSMAKER—Wishes a few more engagements; $1 per day. Address D 239, this office.

GIRL—Wanted, situation by a neat colored girl; city or country. 200 S. 14th st.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, to do general work or washing and ironing. 2241 Biddle st.

HOUSEWORK—Situation to assist in general housework. Call or address 4219 Cook av.

HOUSEGIRL—Situation by a girl to do light housework, nurse or plain sewing. Call or address 1511 N. 10th st.

HOUSEGIRLS—Wanted, situations by two superior French girls, one first-class cook for private family, the other housemaid. 715 N. Jefferson av.

LAUNDRESS—Good laundress and cook wants 4 days out each week. Address Mary Glenn, 1509 Lucas av.

LAUNDRESS—Washing and ironing wanted by experienced laundress by day or week; West End reference. Mrs. Walker, 2660 Lucas av.

STENOGRAPHER—Competent young lady stenographer desires position for the mornings; $4 a week. Address N 239, this office.

WASHING—A colored woman wishes washing to bring home. M. L., 1910 Gay st.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

5 cents per line each insertion.

COOK WANTED—A Protestant girl to do plain cooking; no washing; small family. 3959 Delmar av.

COOK WANTED—Good, reliable cook; neat German girl preferred; small family; first-class pay. Call at 12 N. Grand av.

DINING-ROOM GIRLS WANTED—Two experienced dining-room girls. Call this evening, 2631 Olive st.

GIRL WANTED—A good dining-room girl. Heitkamp's Hotel, 901 S. 4th st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—At 923 Cass av., a good woman or girl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do general housework at 300 Convent st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good strong girl for housework. 221 S. Broadway.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Housegirl about 17 who can cook. 4418 Delmar boulevard.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for washing, ironing and general housework. 4135 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; wages $8. 2928 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A German girl for general housework. Apply at 2920 Henrietta st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework at Jesse Emanuel's, 1814 Kennett st.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—A girl or woman as housekeeper in country. 1606 Wash st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework; family of 2. 3503 Chouteau av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good German girl for general housework. Apply 3129 Sheridan av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4380 Maryland av.; take Olive st. car.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good, neat girl for general housework; must be good cook. 3039 Easton.

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HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

5 cents per line each insertion.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework, small family; German preferred. 2814 Lucas av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to assist with general housework; two girls employed. Apply 4021 West Belle pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—General housegirl; small family; no washing. 11 N. Spring av., between Pine st. and Laclede av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good servant girl; must know how to cook, and sleep at home; good pay. 1635 S. Broadway, upstairs.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—An experienced housegirl and ladies' maid to assist in laundry; reference required. 2221 Locust st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 4519 McMillan av., one-half block west of Taylor and Bell avs.

HOUSEWOMAN WANTED—A steady colored woman at general housework; no washing or ironing; must sleep at house. Apply at 15 N. Cardinal av.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—One who has a daughter to educate. Apply at Forest Park University.

MACHINE GIRLS WANTED—Experienced machine girls on fine and common vests. 621 Lynch st.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—Nursegirl about 16, to mind one child; refs required. 2103 Franklin av.

STITCHER WANTED—Experienced tip stitcher and beaders. Blasland-Parcels-Jordan Shoe Co., 214 Chestnut st.

WOMAN WANTED—An experienced colored settled woman; refs. 1121 East Whittier st.

DRESSMAKING.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

DRESSMAKING—Stylish dressmaking; special terms to working girls. Mrs. C. Lakin, 807 N. 15th st.

Accordion Pleating.

All kinds of pleating and pinking made while you wait; laces, lace curtains, silk and lace caps cleaned. Mme. J. Masson, 2907 Franklin av., formerly 2609 Washington av.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FIXTURES—Wanted fixtures and counters for notion store; cheap. Address R 239, this office.

GROCERY FIXTURES—Wanted, counters, shelves and bins for grocery; state size and price. Address G 289, this office.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

EDUCATIONAL.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 Cents per agate line each insertion.

LANGUAGES.

The Berlitz School of Languages, Odd Fellows' Hall. Branches in the principal cities; best instruction; reasonable fee; conversation especially.

MUSICAL.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

BASS VIOLIN—For sale, a perfect toned $85 bass violin with cover complete for $18. Call 3135 Franklin av.

MUSICAL—J. C. Sandler, teacher of violin, mandolin, guitar and piano; terms 50c per lesson. Call or address 1839 N. Broadway.

PIANOS—Excellent 2d-hand square and upright pianos at rare bargains. Estey & Camp, 916 Olive st.

M. JOHN LANG & CO.

Makers of first-class violins, cellos and double basse; repairing of all kinds of string instruments; hairing and restoring bows a specialty; importers of German and Italian strings. 706 Market st.

KOERBER PIANO CO.

1108 Olive. We have a number of first-class upright pianos which we will rent at half price and deduct one year's rent from the regular price in case you wish to purchase. Do not waste your time on consignment houses, but see us; we will save you $75. Do not be taken in by dealers who offer you a stencil piano at a high price—12 of them can be bought for $1,000.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

DANCING.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

DANCING—Special rates to pupils joining our class this week. Adams' Dancing Academy, 2715 Washington av.

DANCING—Grahame's Select School, 1306 Olive. Established 1886. Waltzing and fancy dancing a specialty. Call for terms.

DANCING—Two private lessons in dancing equal to any obtainable free to every one entering our dancing class; terms, $8 per quarter; special attention given the waltz; class meets Monday and Friday evenings. Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Mitchell's private Dancing Academy, 1626 S. 18th st.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 Cents per agate line each insertion.

FURNITURE—For sale, party taking small flat will sell two bed-room marble top suits and springs; $12 each. 2621 Pine st.

STOVES—For sale, gas heating stove, $3.50; 2 gas radiators, cheap. 3308 Easton av.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 Cents per agate line each insertion.

STORE FIXTURES—For sale, show cases, shelving, counter and notions, cheap. 2853 Cherokee st.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

COW—For sale, fresh cow. No. 6201 Bartmer avenue.

MC. JAMESON, 906 Olive—Headquarters Domestic Sewing Machine Co., White Sewing Machine Co., Kruse Automatic sewing machines.

SKATES—All sizes, 50c pair; skate sharpeners, 25c. J. J. Dockery, 3308 Easton av.

STOVES—For sale, cheap, large air-tight soft coal heater and large soft coal Royal Oak. 3308 Easton.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR.

Complete installations. J. T. Pearson, E. E., 605 Chestnut st.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

Wanted.

WAGON—Wanted to exchange set of encyclopedia, in 8 volumes, leather bound, for light spring wagon. Address 4433 Maffitt av.

For Sale.

HORSE—For sale, good, sound work horse, $10. 1018 Franklin av.

HORSE—For sale, $150 will purchase a good horse, 2 buggies and set of harness; a big bargain. Call at Post-Dispatch office.

MARE—For sale, cheap, A1 driving mare, 6 years old, by Revinua, without blemish. 1401 Sarsfield pl.

SLEIGHS—Fancy swell body, plush lined, $20; open and top wagons of all kinds on monthly payments. Northwestern Buggy Co., 1110 N. Broadway.

WE will hire you a horse and vehicle for business by the day or week, cheap as owning. Tel. 7545. 507 N. Channing av.

WAGONS McCabe, Young & Co., 1223 N. Broadway, will beat anybody's price on grocer, laundry, butcher, baker, carpenter and plumber's wagons; also first-class storm buggies, surreys and jump-seat buggies of all kinds.

A FEW LEFT.

Portland Cutters and Sleighs at bottom prices. Embree-McLean Carriage Co., 1817 Olive st.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

HOUSE AND HOME GROUPING.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

5 cents per line each insertion.

NORTH.

BELL PL., 4001 W.—Nicely furnished room with meals.

BELT AV., 1515—One furnished room for one or two gents.

DAYTON ST., 2622—Fine furnished front room and one adjoining; private family.

FRANCIS ST., 1443—Three unfurnished 1st or 2d floor rooms; best condition; cars convenient; block north on Easton and Grand avs.; reduced.

HERBERT ST., 2730—One furnished room for rent for lady or gent.

LOCUST ST., 2636—Furnished large 3-story front; north and south ex; other rooms.

MORGAN ST., 2000—Front room, completely furnished for housekeeping; also rooms for gents; southern exposure.

OLIVE ST., 2116—Furnished rooms; bath and heat; with or without meals; reasonable.

OLIVE ST., 1601—One nicely furnished 2d-story front room for light housekeeping; cheap.

OLIVE ST., 2325—First floor; 4 rooms unfur.; yard; other con.; good condition; price reasonable.

OLIVE ST., 1019—Large and single second floor rooms, furnished, stoves, etc.; $1.50 to $3 week.

OLIVE ST., 3726E—Two desirable rooms for responsible parties; strictly private family; reference.

OLIVE ST., 3518—Completely furnished second-story front room for housekeeping; gas stoves; all conveniences.

OLIVE ST., 2100—Nicely furnished rooms; steam heat, gas, bath and all modern conveniences; rent reasonable.

PINE ST., 1001—For rent, 7 large rooms. Apply at drug store.

PINE ST., 1125—Furnished rooms, $1, $1.50 week; 25c day; housekeeping, $2.50, $3.50; 50c day.

PINE ST., 2326—Furnished rooms, also for light housekeeping, large closets, and 1 unfurnished.

PAGE AV., 4106—Three 2d floor rooms, furnished for light housekeeping; bath and furnace heat.

PINE ST., 2648—2 connecting rooms, newly furnished for housekeeping, $18; also 1 $12; private family.

PINE ST., 2617—Two nicely furnished rooms, suitable for 3 or 4 gentlemen; rent reasonable; one unfurnished room, $4 per month.

SHERIDAN AV., 2945—Two nicely furnished rooms complete for housekeeping; bath; all conveniences.

WASHINGTON AV., 1109—Furnished rooms, $1.50 to $2.50 per week.

WASHINGTON AV., 2641—Comfortably furnished small roooms; good service.

WASHINGTON AV., 1013—Well furnished 2d-story front room, $3 per week, with gas and fire.

WASHINGTON AV., 2715—Nice suite of rooms for gentlemen or housekeeping; all convs.; reasonable.

7TH ST., 102 N.—Newly furnished rooms, $1.25 per week up; beds, 15c.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

SOUTH.

BROADWAY, 1637 S.—Entrance on Soulard st., nice large front room; so. exp., with bath, gas and fire for two young men; no other roomers.

CHOUTEAU AV., 1118—Large furnished rooms, with bath, $2.00 per week.

CLARK AV., 2224—Unfurnished or furnished one or more first-class rooms cheap.

GEYER AV., 2751—2, 3 or 4 furnished rooms for housekeeping.

JEFFERSON AV., 217 S.—2 unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; rent reasonable.

MARKET ST., 814—Nicely furnished front rooms; gents or housekeeping; all conveniences.

MARKET ST., 2102—Elegantly furnished front room for lady or gentleman, with privileges; cheap rent.

ST. ANGE AV., 1323—Front room, with board, for 2; terms $38 per month.

5TH AND CLARK AV.—Rooms $1 per week, beds 15c; for men.

15TH ST., 21A S.—Furnished front hall or housekeeping rooms, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 a week.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms; southern part of city. Address K 239, this office.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, private family; furniture new; parlor floor; gas, wardrobe, bath-room, hot and cold water; for 2 gents; $5 each. Address O 239, this office.

ROOM—For rent, nicely furnished, in West End, to quiet couple. M 239, this office.

ROOMS—For rent, 4 unfurnished rooms, with gas, hall, hot and cold water, furnace heat, shades and screens; rent reasonable to parties without children; Clemens pl. Add. B 228, this office.

BOARDING.

5 cents per line each insertion.

NORTH.

BRANDNER PL., 3127—One large newly furnished front room with or without board; private family.

FINNEY AV., 3646—Large furnished 2d-story front and connecting room with board; terms reasonable.

JEFFERSON AV., 715 N—Furnished or unfurnished rooms, with board, or for housekeeping.

LINDELL AV., 3546—Elegant 2d-story front room with board.

LOCUST ST., 2113—Nicely furnished rooms, first-class board.

LOCUST ST., 2630—Nicely furnished rooms with excellent board.

LUCAS AV., 2927—Rooms en suite and single with board, bath, hot and cold water.

LUCAS AV., 3315—Boarders wanted; newly furnished roooms with first-class board.

LOCUST ST., 1612—Nicely furnished or unfurnished rooms, with or without board.

LOCUST ST., 3048—Elegant rooms, newly furnished; good table; day boarders solicited.

LOCUST ST., 2631—Pleasant, nicely furnished rooms; good board; with home comforts; gents preferred.

MORGAN ST., 3126—Furnished rooms for rent, with board.

MORGAN ST., 2108—2d-floor front, suitable for 2, with board, $3.50 per week.

WASH ST., 2340—Nicely furnished room, with board, $5 per week.

WEST CABANNE COURT, 921—Splendidly furnished 2d-story room with good board for couple.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

SOUTH.

CHOUTEAU AV., 1455—Second story front and connecting rooms; comfortably furnished; warm and sunny; hot bath; gas; with or without board.

DOLMAN ST., 1026—Large 2d-story front room with board to two gentlemen or gentleman and wife; private family; gas and hot bath.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—Nice front room with board; use of parlor and piano; for couple or two ladies; $35. Address L 239, this office.

FOR RENT—Front room with board to 2 young men desiring first-class accommodations; West End. Address K 240, this office.

BOARD WANTED.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 Cents per agate line each insertion.

SUPPER—Wanted, in private family, within five blocks of 22d and Wash sts.; no boarding-house. Add. D 240, this office.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BOARD AND ROOMS—Wanted, for gentleman and lady with 2 children, aged 8 and 11; must be first-class; good locality; moderate charges; state terms. Address E 239, this office.

HOME—Gentleman and wife want home in West End with private family; no boarding-houses need answer. Add. O 238, this office.

ROOM AND BOARD WANTED—Two young gentlemen; south of Allen av. and east of 12th st. Add. O 237, this office.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

HOUSE—Wanted to rent 6-room house, detached, south or east front, gas and bath; will not pay more than $25; first-class neighborhood; convenient to cars; give address. G 238, this office.

ROOM—Gentleman wishes comfortably furnished room in home of widow lady or other pleasant place. Address L 240, this office.

ROOMS—Wanted, one large unfurnished room; state price and location. Add. H 239, this office.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

FLATS FOR RENT.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FLATS—The most complete, new 4 and 5-room flats; most modern; porcelain baths, etc., etc.; very handsome; $16 and $18.
R. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO.,
902 Chestnut st.

RENT REDUCED.

N. E. cor. Grand and Cass avs., neat 3-room flat, 1st or 2d floor, in best order; reduced to $12 per month; examine them.
CORNET & ZEIBIG, 111 N. 7th st.

CHEAP FLATS.

We will rent to small families those elegant new 3-room flats, corner Page and Sarah st., and corner Page and Pendleton avs., from $12 to $13 each; convenient to Washington av. and Franklin av. electric lines; nicest location in St. Louis for cheap flats. For keys call on
SAMUEL BOWMAN & CO., 701 Chestnut.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

Rent Only $20.

We have reduced the rent of those desirable dwellings, Nos. 2603 and 2609 Morgan st., to $20 per month; 6 fine rooms, w. c., etc; central location. For keys call on
SAMUEL BOWMAN & CO., 701 Chestnut st.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

BUILDING—New 4-story building (size 40x95), 2d st., between Pine and Chestnut sts.; hydraulic elevator; strictly "up to date" building; rent right. R. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO., 902 Chestnut st.

STORE—Large new store, Marcus and St. Louis avs.; best location for business in the city; low rent to good tenant.
R. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO.,
902 Chestnut st.

HALF OF OFFICE IN UNION TRUST

Building for rent. Add. H 238, this office.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR SALE—2619 N. 12th st.—7-room brick house, city water, etc., in good repair; $1,900 will buy it this week; a bargain for some one.
LOOMIS, 708 Chestnut st.

$1,800 WILL BUY 2-story brick house, and lot, 1212 N. 15th st. Apply to
DONNEGAN, GIBSON & CO.,
214 N. 6th st.

A Real Bargain!
Business Property
FOR SALE
OR LEASE.

52 feet 5 inches frontage on north side **Market Street, Between Broadway and 6th Street,** and 115 feet deep to a 15-foot alley. This property is in the heart of the business center.

TEN STREET CAR LINES PASS WITHIN TWO BLOCKS OF IT.

It is only ½ block from Broadway, the great retail thoroughfare of St. Louis,
It is only 5 minutes from New Union Station,
It is only 3 minutes from New CityHall,
It is only ½ block from Court-House,
It is opposite the Grand Opera-house,
It is only 1 block from New Planters' Hotel,
It is only 1 block from Southern Hotel,
It is only ½ block from Laclede Hotel,
It is only 1 block from St. James Hotel,
It is only 1 block from Hurst's Hotel,
It is only 1 block from Olympic Theater,
It is only 1 block from Havlin's Theater,
It is only 2 blocks from Standard Theater.

Investors, Investigate at Once!

It is a rare chance and will be sold or leased at a **Great Bargain.** See

Nicholls-Ritter
Realty and Financial Co.

Phone 855. **713 Chestnut St.**

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

ALL SORTS.

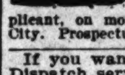
10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st.

WALKING MADE EASY

For ladies and gentlemen. If you have bunions, corns or tender feet I will cure your feet with one pair of my perfect fitting shoes, made to measure in all styles. Repairing neatly done. George Frisch, 412 N. 7th st.



ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOUSE BUILDING CO., Office No. 513 Walnut st., Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugo Kromrey, Sec'y. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses at option of applicant, on monthly payment plan, in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

LOST AND FOUND.

5 cents per line each insertion.

Lost.

BADGE—Lost, gold badge with settings; name of owner engraved on back. Liberal reward if returned to 822 N. 4th st.

DOG—Lost, female pug dog; answers to name of "Pug;" reward if returned. 2930 Locust st.

GLOVES—Lost, pair of red kid gloves in S. V. B. envelope. Please return to 2124 Olive st.

MONOGRAM—Lost, between 7:30 and 8:30 a. m. Monday, either on Suburban car or between 6th and Locust and Mermod & Jaccard's, watch chain monogram; M. E. G. and 1890 on bangle. Return to Mermod & Jaccard's.

WATCH—Lost, chatelaine silver watch, hanging from bowknot, at Lafayette Park Sunday morning; reward if returned to 1809 La Salle.

Found.

GREYHOUND—Found, greyhound; owner can have same by paying charges. 1600 Olive st.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

WALNUT and 20TH STREETS

Southwest Corner,

OPPOSITE NEW UNION STATION,

A gilt-edged corner, with lot 94x100, renting for $3,300. Will be sold on the premises, SATURDAY, JAN. 5, 1895, at 3 o'clock,

AT AUCTION

RUTLEDGE & KILPATRICK, 717 Chestnut St.

FRANKLIN AVENUE CORNER.

For a good speculation or investment we offer the northwest corner of Seventeenth and Franklin avenue, lot 51x155. This is a fine corner and can be improved so as to bring a net income of from 10 to 12 per cent. Price, $27,500.

LEVI & EPSTEIN, - 610 Chestnut St.

PERSONALS.

15 cents per line; Business Cards, 30 cents per line each insertion.

PERSONAL—Next Wednesday. South. Louvan.

PERSONAL—At home Saturday, 12 o'clock; have been sick. DICK.

PERSONAL—FISH: Please grant interview, if only for a moment; wish to rectify a mistake for which I am not to blame. FISH.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

A—MASSAGE treatment. Mrs. M. Edwards, 2217 Market st.

A—MRS. AMES, massage and baths; first-class lady operator. 26 S. 16th st.

A.—GRACE BERNARD, 1124 Pine st., gives sea salt, sulphur and massage baths; lady attend.

A—MASSAGE and baths; electric treatment; by young German lady; exp. operators. 908 N. 14th st.

ALL kinds of baths and massage given by experienced operators. 2204 Chestnut st.

ALL private matters treated free, male or female. Medicine furnished. D. Medical Co., 107 N. 9th.

AN experienced lady's physician will board ladies during confinement; diseases of women a specialty; con. free; easy terms. 2612 Wash st.

DR. LOTTIE FRICK, midwife, graduate of 2 colleges; receives ladies dur. con.; female com. treated successfully; charges reas. 120 S. 14th st.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; board dur.con. Ladies in trouble call or write. 29 S. 14th.

FOR massage treatment I guarantee first-class accommodation; new assistant. Mrs. N. Van Dyke, 2226 Chestnut st.

MME. ANNA, the fortune teller of the West, 326 Market st., near 4th; established 1851.

MRS. STARR, 1102 Market st., one flight, room 7; walk in; bath, $1; hours from 1 to 10 p. m.

MRS. BAMBERGER—Midwife, rec. dur. con.; ladies in trouble call or write. 919 Chouteau av.

MRS. DR. RENNEKAMP, midwife, treats all ladies' troubles; receives ladies during confinement. 2327 Franklin av.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives during confinement; treats irregularities; satisfaction guaranteed; honest dealing; information free; experience in all cases; ladies in trouble call. 1303 Washington av.

1,000 BUSINESS cards, $1. H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 815 Locust st.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

2,000 OVERCOATS of every description, suits; coats and vests, pants, hats, boots and shoes, trunks, valises, musical instruments, etc.; biggest bargains in the city at Dunn's Loan Office.

PENSIONS! PATENTS!

Advice free. H. D. O'Brien, 421 Chestnut, St. Louis.

NEWLAND'S LYING-IN INSTITUTE

And college of Midwifery; ladies who expect their confinement can be accommodated and find perfect seclusion. 1400½ Market st.

GOLD AND SILVER.

We pay cash for all kinds of solid gold and silver articles, our make of silverware. Our gold, silver and nickel-plating and repairing are absolutely the best. We offer the most liberal prices consistent with honest dealing; estab. 1872. Saml. L. Downing & Co., 210 N. 7th st.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

STORAGE.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

ONTARIO STORAGE HOUSES,

812, 814, 816, 818 N. Tenth St.,

For furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, store and saloon fixtures, etc.; separate rooms, household goods carefully moved, packing and shipping by reliable workmen; estimates cheerfully furnished free; money advanced, vans and wagons for hire. Call and examine warehouse. Telephone 2842.

ALFRED J. YANDELL, Manager.

MOVING.

LARGEST PADDED VANS IN THE CITY. Packing and shipping furniture a specialty. Oldest firm! Best work! Cheapest prices! Satisfaction guaranteed. Call or write for estimate.
CRUTTWELL STORAGE, PACKING AND MOVING COMPANY,
Southeast corner of 21st and Pine sts.

STORAGE—Regular storage-house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc.; safe, reliable, clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our care. Telephone 4122. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive.

Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co

1723-25-27 and 29 Morgan St.

Branch office, 1003 Pine st. Phones 2890 and 41

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

WE have money to loan in amounts of $200, $300, $400, $500, $600, $700, $800, $900, $1,000 to $50,000 on first-class city real estate security.
JOHN H. TERRY & SONS,
621 Chestnut st.

MONEY TO LOAN

On St. Louis city real estate, in sums from $1,000 to $100,000, at lowest rates.

RUTLEDGE & KILPATRICK,
717 Chestnut Street.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lindell Real Estate Company, for the election of seven (7) directors, to serve during the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, No. 421 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo., on the 14th day of January, 1895, at 9 a. m.
Attest: JNO. D. DAVIS, President.
LINDELL GORDON, Secretary.
St. Louis Mo., January 3d, 1895. 2475

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

DIVIDEND NOTICE—The Board of Directors of the St. Louis United Elevator Co. have declared a dividend of two dollars and fifty cents a share, payable Jan. 15, 1895, to stockholders of record Jan. 5. Transfer books will close at 6 p. m. Jan. 5 and open Jan. 16. WEB. M. SAMUEL, President.
B. L. BLACK, Secretary. 2474

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROP'TY.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

A LARGE lot of unredeemed overcoats for sale low at
S. VAN RAALTE & CO.'S
Loan Office,
12 and 14 S. 4th st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advance will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st.

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS negotiated on furniture, pianos, building association stock, etc.; terms and rates to suit borrowers. Guarantee and Storage Co., 717 Market st.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Room 2, 904 Olive st.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, medical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

LOANS—On furniture in residence, pianos and other good securities; business confidential; rates and payments to suit borrower. Rm. 1, 108½ N. 8th.

SHORT time loans made, salaries advanced; business private. WM. M. KORHAMMER, Notary Public. 6 N. 8th st.

FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1003 Pine st.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Loans made on easy monthly payments on furniture and pianos without removal; our method the easiest and cheapest in the city; rebate given if paid before due; written agreement to that effect; private office and business strictly confidential. Commercial Loan Co., 712 Pine st., 2d floor.

MONEY TO LOAN

On furniture and pianos in any amount you desire without removing property from your house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; you can get the money the same day you apply for it. John C. King, 814 Morgan st. Business private.

COLUMBIA LOAN CO.

Money to loan on furniture, pianos; lowest rates; business confidential. 810 N. 7th st.

ST. LOUIS MORTGAGE CO.

Loans money on furniture and building books; can keep possession of your property and pay off loans in installments and save interest; no commission and business confidential; lowest rate in city. 816½ Chestnut st., second floor.

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS

Of any amount on household furniture, pianos or other security, without removal or publicity to inquisitive neighbors, on repaying arrangements consistent with your circumstances. We desire to serve notice to the public that we only cater to and desire to serve only the best element of respectable families—merchants, clerks and salesmen, holding responsible positions, to whom (although momentarily embarrassed) pride, dignity, privacy are as equally desired as the money. Respectability is equal to responsibility and is all we ask or require. Those who are unwilling or unable to give mortgages can obtain ready funds without security of any kind. In return we will enable you to avoid publicity or sensitive indelicacy. We certainly believe in and practice the "Golden Rule." Call or address, Rooms 810-811 Security Building.

FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

1303 Washington Av., 2d Floor.

Will loan you any sum you desire from $10 up on furniture and pianos at the lowest rates, and with no extra charge of any kind, and give you as long time as you want to repay same; you can pay the money back in any amount you wish and at any time, and each payment so made will reduce the cost of the loan; or when you borrow the money you can sign notes payable monthly; the notes will include the money you borrow and expenses; each time you pay you take up a note, and when you pay all the notes you have signed you will be through; you won't owe us a cent; we also give you a written agreement that if you pay the loan off in full before the notes expire that we will give you a rebate on all notes that are not due. If you have bought furniture or a piano on time and cannot meet your payment, let us know and we will advance you the money to pay it; we do not remove any goods, but leave them in your possession; we will guarantee our terms to be the cheapest and easiest in the city, and in case of sickness we extend payment; also loans made in the suburbs of the city and East St. Louis. Call on us and we will give you any information you wish. Our office is open from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. Notary in office.

FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
1303 Washington av., 2d floor.

LEGAL.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of George W. Berkley, deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next. MATILDA BERKLEY,
Executrix of George W. Berkley, deceased.
St. Louis, Dec. 19, 1894. 2472

ESTATE of Arnold Steinlage, deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Arnold Steinlage, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 19th day of December, 1894.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.
Dated this 19th day of December, 1894.
ANNA STEINLAGE, Executrix.
Goessling & Nolte, Agents, 3231 N. Broadway. 2470

ESTATE of Charles Guensche, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Charles Guensche, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 20th day of December, 1894.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.
Dated this 20th day of December, 1894.
ELIZABETH GUENSCHE, Executrix.
Rassieur & Buder, Attorneys. 2471

ESTATE of William B. Tarbolton, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration with the will annexed on the estate of William B. Tarbolton, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 29th day of December, 1894.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.
Dated this 29th day of December, 1894.
HERMAN W. FAY,
2473 Administrator with the will annexed.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION.

It Will Be Held at the Custom-House on Jan. 24.

The Civil Service Commission has forwarded regulations for examinations for the eligible list in the office of the Collector of the Port, which was recently put in the classified customs service. The local examining board consists of Isaac S. Keith, President; F. W. Mabrey, Secretary, and John McGinley. All applications for the examinations must be filed with the Secretary in the Collector's office, at the Custom House, before 4 p. m. Jan. 19. The examination will be on Jan. 24. The applicants for messenger appointments must not be under 20 years, and for other positions not under 21 years. At present there are no vacancies in Collector Dalton's office.

NEW BUILDINGS.

Work Commenced on Several Handsome Business Structures.

WRECKERS AT WORK AT FRANKLIN AND LEFFINGWELL AVENUES.

A $60,000 Building to Be Erected—A Sixty-room Structure Near Union Market—An Owner's Lucky Strike in South St. Louis—Auction Sale Near Union Station—Agents' Reports and Real Estate News.

With the opening of the New Year work was commenced on a number of new buildings and many an old landmark that has stood for half a century will be wrecked and give place to handsome modern improvements in keeping with the wonderful progress of the city.

The wreckers commenced work Wednesday at the southeast corner of Franklin and Leffingwell avenues, and the old buildings which occupied that corner for so many years are now almost cleared away to make room for a handsome modern business improvement, which will cost about $60,000. The corner was owned by the estate of the late Christian Stahl and was sold by the heirs last fall for the very low figure of $29,500. The sale was made in partition and Peter O'Neil, who is putting up the present improvements, was the purchaser. The property has a frontage of 130 feet 3 inches on the south line of Franklin avenue by a depth of 134 feet 8 inches on the east line of Leffingwell avenue to an alley. On the rear of the lot there is a livery stable. The Franklin avenue portion of the property will be improved with seven stores, with flats above, and the rear portion with a modern livery stable.

Architect J. Harry Randall has just completed plans for the remodeling of the building, No. 817 Franklin avenue, at a cost of from $10,000 to $15,000. The building when finished will be a four-story structure in the Italian Rennaissance style of architecture. The front will be of yellow brick with terra cotta trimmings.

The work of wrecking the old three-story brick building at the northwest corner of Sixth and Lucas avenue, opposite the Lindell Hotel and the Union Market, was commenced. The building is an old landmark and has been owned by the Baileys for over half a century. It is being wrecked to give place to a modern building, which will contain six stores and sixty rooms. The improvements will cost between $30,000 and $40,000 and will occupy a lot 60x90 feet. This is an innovation in this district, and one which will doubtless be followed by others of the kind. The improvements on the west side of Sixth street, opposite the market, are for the most part old and dilapidated. Now that the improvement has commenced, it will probably be continued and all the old rattle-traps in the district will be replaced by modern buildings, which will bring in good rentals and cause the enhancement of real-estate values in the vicinity. The work of wrecking the old building on the south side of Chestnut street west of the Wabash building (formerly the Polytechnic) will be commenced this week. Mr. Brookings, the owner of the property, has arranged to put up a very handsome one-story building on this lot for the Lincoln Trust Co. The building will be on the order of that of the National Bank of the Republic on Fourth street, adjoining the Rialto building. The new building Messrs. Carton and Faris are erecting on the south side of Pine street, between Seventh and Eighth streets, on the ground recently purchased by them through the Joseph P. Whyte Agency from Mr. Robert Lucas, may be numbered among this year's improvements, for the New Year found them with the work of excavating for the foundations not yet completed.

Aside from these small but interesting improvements there are plans prepared and promoters at work on two mammoth buildings for Olive street in the district east of Twelfth street.

A. E. Weiss & Co. are agents for a piece of property which the owner was very anxious to sell even at a sacrifice, but which has suddenly been withdrawn from the market, and the owner could not now be induced to sell it at any price. The incidents which led to its withdrawal are decidedly interesting. The owner used to come to the agent's office two or three times a week and kick because he could not sell the property.

The property in question is a six-acre tract at the southeast corner of Bamberger avenue and Keokuk street. Finally he offered to take $2,000 less than he paid for it, but still no purchaser was found.

His tenant's lease expired a few days ago and on New Year's Day he met the tenant at the agent's office. The tenant was an illiterate man. It was the purpose of the owner to raise the rent $50 a year, but the tenant wanted it reduced $25. In the argument which followed the tenant said the property did not have water on it. It came out in the course of the controversy that the tenant had engaged an artesian well sinking company to sink a well for water on the property. They had discovered a valuable bed of fire clay only a short distance below the surface, and below this had struck granite.

Their contract was to stop work if they struck granite, and so they gave up the undertaking. The tenant did not appreciate the value of the discovery. He sold about twenty loads of the fire clay for $1, and in the granite he failed to see anything.

The owner was a shrewd man, however, and he saw a fortune in the discoveries. The granite is said to be blue and gray, of a very good formation. There is only one other place in the State where it is found, and that is near Pilot Knob, Mo.

AGENTS' REPORTS.

Rutledge & Kilpatrick will offer for sale at public auction on Saturday, Jan. 5, at 3 o'clock, on the premises 94 feet 3 inches by 10 feet of improved ground at the southwest corner of Twentieth and Walnut streets, opposite the new Union Station. The property is rented at present for $3,300 per annum.

The firm of Rowe & Hopkins have removed to handsome new quarters on the second floor of the Columbia Building at Eighth and Olive streets. They have the rooms formerly ocupied by the Spanish Club.

Frank Humann has conveyed to Annie L. Marten, for $12,500, 50 feet of improved property on the south side of Easton avenue, between Bayard and Euclid avenues.

James H. Hopkins conveyed to Daniel L. Ringler 100 feet of ground on the east side of Marcus avenue, between Cottage and Kennerly avenues, for $30,000. The property is improved.

FIVE HAVE PAID.

Delinquents Are Squaring Accounts at the Public Library.

As a result of the announcement that Librarian Crunden of the Free Public Library intended to prosecute six persons who owed heavy fines, five of the delinquents have paid up, and proceedings against them have been dropped. A friend of one gentleman paid $14.08 for him. Half of this sum was the value of an unreturned book and half was the fine which accumulated at the rate of 2 cents a day for every day that the book was kept out over two weeks. Mr. Crunden is convinced that the best means for brining the laggards to terms is the publication of their names in the newspapers, but he is anxious to have it understood that he did not disclose the names of the persons whose prosecution he recommended. Several of the accused fancied that Mr. Crunden gave their names to the newspapers and they visited his office, intent upon a stormy interview, but Mr. Crunden told them to seek satisfaction from the City Attorney.

HE IS WILLIAM HOGAN.

The Man Who Was Struck by a Motor at Eleventh and Morgan.

The unknown man who was run down by a motor car at Eleventh and Morgan streets Wednesday night has sobered up sufficiently to give his name as William Hogan and his address as 1 South Jefferson avenue. While not seriously hurt, his head, face and shoulders are one mass of cuts and bruises and the effects of the alcohol have not completely died out. He cannot remember anything about the accident and until told did not know what had struck him, nor when it happened. He has been drinking heavily since Christmas.

Witnesses say that Hogan stopped in the middle of the car track, and, though he had plenty of time to get out of the way, stood still until the car struck him.

TOO MANY HUSBANDS

There Are Two Men Who Claim Mrs. Julius Weiss.

ONE WANTS TO GET RID OF HER AND MARRY HER NIECE.

It Is a Sequel to the Disappearance of of Yedeoga Bosske—The Girl Is Now in Chicago and Weiss Wants to Make Her His Wife.

Julius Weiss of 120 Davis street applied for a warrant to-day against his wife on a charge of bigamy. Weiss left his home a few weeks ago and at the same time his wife's niece, Yedeoga Bosske, disappeared.

Weiss was arrested some days later, but as his wife refused to prosecute him he was released. Weiss said the young woman went to Poland, her native country, and that she had not been in his company. He was accompanied to the Prosecuting Attorney's office by Charles Sudasewicz of Chicago, who said that he is the husband of the woman whom Weiss thought was his wife.

Sudasewicz claims that she left him eight years ago in the old country. Weiss says that he married her according to the rites of the Polish Church. The woman's son, Charles, who has been living with her and Weiss, was with Weiss and Sudasewicz and corroborated the story of the latter as to his mother's marriage to Sudasewicz. Weiss said that Miss Bosske is in Chicago, and that he wants to marry her. He thought that he would have first to prosecute her aunt before he could do so. He was told that the offense, if any had been committed, was outlawed and that he was free to marry the young woman. He left the Prosecuting Attorney's office happy.

THE CURRENCY BILL.

In the Committee of the Whole the House Takes Up the Bill Again.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.—The House presented an animated scene when it was called to order by Speaker Crisp to-day after the holiday recess. The galleries were crowded and over half of the members were in their seats. In the diplomatic gallery was the Japanese Minister and his secretary, and many prominent personages looked down on the forensic arena from the gallery. After the call of committees for reports, Mr. Quigg (Rep.) attempted to offer a resolution relating to salaries in the New York Post-office, but Mr. Springer, in charge of the currency bill, cut him off with a motion to go into committee of the whole for the further consideration of that bill. Accordingly the House went into committee of the whole, Mr. Richardson (Dem.) of Tennessee in the chair, and Mr. Black (Dem.) of Georgia, a member of the Banking and Currency Committee, took the floor in favor of the bill.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Important Committee Meetings in Progress this Afternoon.

The Rules Committee of the School Board will hold an important meeting at 4 p. m. The resolution offered by Mr. Brady at the last meeting and seconded by Mr. Dieckman to make the sessions of the Teachers' Committee public will be considered. Mr. Brady is Chairman of the Rules Committee.

Another important amendment to the rules provides for a change in the method of adjusting the salaries of the board's employes. Under rule 28, which prescribes the duties of the Committee on Salaries, the annual adjustment of the salaries of officers, clerks, teachers, engineers and janitors is made at least one month after the annual appropriations are reported by the Ways and Means Committee and adopted by the board, thereby depriving the joint Committee of Salaries and Teachers, Salaries and Ways and Means and Salaries and Building of an opportunity to offer suggestions as to the amount it may seem to be necessary to appropriate for the salaries of employes. It is proposed to change the rule so that the changes in salaries shall have been determined upon at the time the appropriations are made in July.

PAWNED THE BUGGY.

Serious Charge Against a Newly-Wedded Man at Chillicothe.

CHILLICOTHE, Mo., Jan. 3.—Marquis L. Landis of Ludlow, Mo., was arrested here last night chaged with stealing a team and buggy from H. W. McClintock, liveryman, of Ludlow. Landis was married Saturday and on Monday hired the team and buggy to take his wife to a ball. After taking her home he drove to Chillicothe, pawned the buggy and harness, and having left the horses at a livery barn, was in the act of leaving for Quincy when arrested.

KILLED BY ROBBERS.

Fate of a St. Louis Showman in the Wilds of Mexico.

DURANGO, Mexico, Jan. 3.—James D. Ledlow, a traveling magic lantern exhibitor of St. Louis, arrived here a few days ago and left for the mountain towns. Word has just reached here that he was killed by a band of robbers near Gerremora. Officers have gone out after the bandits, whose rendezvous is known.

LUTZ FOR STUEVER.

The Fight for Police Commissionerships Getting Warm.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 3.—Dr. Frank Lutz is here attending the State Board of Health meeting and laboring with the Governor on behalf of Tony Stuever for Police Commissioner. The doctor professes to be making no effort to secure one of these appointments, but this is a mere political indirection. Gov. Stone is considering the name of Alex H. Smith, and Nick Bell says he even may reappoint Geo. Small.

Dennis Devoy is trying to defeat the reappointment of Jere Fruin as well as to get the place for Selkirk.

Ex-Congressman Sam Byrnes of Potosi, another Missouri Pacific attorney, has been added to Col. W. H. Phelp's staff at the Capitol. He is commissioned to represent the interests of the brewers.

WATER FOR BROOKLYN.

Discussing an Ordinance for the Laying of Mains—Venice Notes.

VENICE, Ill., Jan. 3.—The Village Board of Brooklyn met last night. An ordinance providing for the grant of a franchise for the right to lay water mains in the town to the American Water-works and Guarantee Co. of Pittsburg, the owners of the East St. Louis water-works. The ordinance provides for furnishing water to the village for twenty-five years; six hydrants to be furnished at $79 per year each and additional ones at $70 per year each. The ordinance operate as a contract with the village for that period. The mains to be laid within fifteen months. Atorney Travous of Edwardsville was present, representing the Granite City, Madison and Venice Water Co., who will submit a proposition to-night. The meeting was adjourned until to-night, to receive the report of Attorney Brown on the ordinances.

Samuel Setarles of New Haven, Ind., passed through town Tuesday on a tramp to Algiers, La., where he has secured a position. On the recommendation of physicians he is walking the distance for the benefit of his health, and is collecting from the charitably disposed along the route for his food and lodging.

Mr. Lombard of St. Louis has arranged to open a saloon and theater at Madison, to run during the winter racing season.

The Wilkinson Hotel at Madison will be opened next week.

The race horse Valdora was sold at Constable's sale yesterday under attachment proceedings for $32 to Fritz Kahle.

Miss Maggie Tolley of 4007 Lincoln avenue, St. Louis, was the guest of Mrs. Mabel Brown on New Year's day.

The public schools reopened yesterday with a light attendance on account of bad weather.

The Knights of the Maccabees gave a very successful and well attended ball on New Year's eve. About seventy-five couples were in attendance.

HARD AT WORK.

The Revision Committee of the Stone Masons' Union.

About fifteen members of the committee appointed to consider the revision of the constitution of the Stonemasons' International Union were present at Lightstone's Hall Wednesday morning when President John McGregor called the meeting to order. The committee went into executive session, and Mr. McGregor says the work will not be completed until the end of the week. A report will then be submitted to the convention, after which the annual election of officers will take place. In revising the constitution more obstacles have been encountered than were expected when the plan was first suggested. This accounts for the long session of the committee. It is believed the convention will wind up its affairs next Tuesday.

BURGLARS BEATEN.

Daring Attempt to Rob a National Bank in Ohio.

CHARDON, O., Jan. 3.—A daring attempt was made early this morning to rob the First National Bank of this place. At 2 o'clock two men named Phillips and Taintor sleeping upstairs in the bank building, were awakened by hearing cracksmen at work in the bank. They secured revolvers and started down stairs, when the burglars opened fire on them. Unfortunately the bullets went wild. Taintor and Phillips responded by a rapid discharge of their weapons, and the cracksmen ran to a sleigh near by and drove away. The vault, although somewhat damaged, was not opened.

HIS FALL WAS FATAL.

Death of Henry Schultz at Alton—Bluff City Items.

ALTON, Ill., Jan. 3.—Mr. Henry Schultz, a stonemason, living at 627 North street, died yesterday morning at his home as a result of injuries received from a fall last Saturday. He was walking on East Fifth street, near Humboldt School, when his feet slipped and he fell, striking his head on the pavement. The injured man was taken home, but never regained consciousness. Deceased was 57 years of age, and leaves a widow and six children. The funeral will be held to-morrow morning from the St. Mary's Church, and will be under the auspices of the Western Catholic Union.

Frank Butler was shot in the hand and slightly injured Tuesday night at the North Alton brick plant. Butler is a night watchman at the works, but during New Year's Day he got to drinking and was unable to take his watch when the time came. David Leonard was put on in his place, and later in the evening Butler came around and the two men got into a dispute with the above result.

Miss Carrie Wade entertained a number of her friends Tuesday evening with a dancing party, given in honor of the Misses Alice Drury and Salome Hathaway of this city and Miss Ida Cross of Jerseyville. The parlors of the home on Twelfth street were beautifully decorated with evergreen and cut flowers and the floors were covered with snow-white tarpaulins. The guests arrived at 8 o'clock and at 10 an elegant supper was served.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to Mr. Harry Kellenberger and Mrs. Sarah Waggoner, both of Godfrey, and to John Gleason and Miss Mary E. Murphy, both of Alton.

The Ashlock heirs have sold to Mr. J. F. Leeper the property on State street, known as the Hawley home, for $1,850.

TAX ON BEER.

Bill Proposing an Increase Introduced in the Lower House of Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.—The bill introduced to-day in the House by Representative Money and referred to the Ways and Means Committee increasing the tax on beer and all malt brewings to $2 a barrel of not more than thirty-two gallons, is a measure of exceptional interest to the brewers of St. Louis and the entire West. Ther has been much opposition to this increase in the tax, and it was defeated in the Ways and Means Committee when the tariff bill was under discussion because of its unpopularity and the stubborn resistance offered by the combined brewing interest. Its revival at this time is significant. The President is believed to be behind the bill, which may properly be regarded an Administration measure, as Mr. Cleveland within the past week expressed himself to the effect that the internal revenue receipts as now constituted were inadequate to meet the expenses of the Government and it would be necessary to raise the tax on beer. It was expected that he would make this recommendation in a message to the House in connection with the currency proposition, but so far the message has failed to materialize, and it seems that Mr. Money is assuming the duty of calling the attention of the House to the necessity of this tax.

BROKE HIS LEG.

Disastrous Result of a Scuffle Between Edwin Harris and Herbert Tuttle.

Edwin A. Harris, Secretary of the Globe Steam Heating Co., is laid up in bed at his boarding house, 3418 Lucas avenue, with a broken leg. He received his injury in am ost peculiar manner. On New Year's Day Mr. Harris invited a number of his friends to his room to spend the afternoon. Among them was Herbert E. Tuttle, the son of Bishop D. S. Tuttle of the Episcopal Church.

The party were all in high spirits and got to romping around like al ot of schoolboys. Harris became engaged in a friendly wrestling bout with one of the men present and in some way he got one of his legs twisted around the leg of a chair. Young Tuttle, who is a very tall, heavy man, sat down in it, and upon pushing it to the floor so wrenched Harris' leg that the bone was fractured. Tuttle used to play center rush on his college foot-ball team.

Harris' leg is in bad condition. When a reporter called to see him this morning the doctor had just finished dressing it and word was sent down from the patient that he was too ill to receive visitors.

JOSEPH KENNEDY'S FUNERAL.

Was Well Known Here in the Dry Goods Business.

The remains of Joseph Kennedy, the leading dry goods merchant of Lamar, Mo., who died there Wednesday, will arrive in this city at 7:30 p. m. The funeral will take place from St. Alphonsus' Church at 10 a. m. Friday, and the interment will be in Calvary Cemetery.

Mr. Kennedy was quite well-known here. Born in Ireland about 45 years ago, he came here when quite a young man and became a clerk for the T. F. Maloney Dry Goods Co. Later he formed a partnership with Timothy Ryan and, under the firm name of Ryan & Sullivan, opened a dry goods store on the north side of Franklin avenue, between Fourth street and Broadway, just opposite Crawford's. About ten years ago the firm moved to Lamar, Mo. For some years, however, Mr. Kennedy has been in business there for himself, Mr. Ryan having withdrawn from the partnership and gone to Denver. He leaves a widow, but no children. A nephew of the deceased, William Kennedy, is connected with Rice, Stix & Co.

THESE WE ALWAYS HAVE.

Some of the Stage Sayings Which Are Slightly Time Worn.

From Pearson's Weekly.

A critic suggests that a mass-meeting of dramatic critics be called to protest against the further use on the stage of the subjoined expressions:

"You will learn to love me."

"Listen (music), and I will tell you the story of my life."

"He was the only man who ever spoke a kind word to me."

"Papa, kiss mamma."

"I must tell you one thing before I go—not very much to you, perhaps, but to me everything. I love you."

"Be brave, Jack; you have ME."

"Ah, little one, you don't understand these things."

"For some weeks I have noticed a change in your manner towards me."

"At last, Robert Gorgon, we meet face to face. * * * Ah!" (as he is stabbed in the back).

"Me c-h-i-l-d!"

"What was that? Only the snap of a twig! How faint my heart feels to-day! Some superstitious dread seems to be over me."

"Don't be afraid of me, little one. I once had a child, who, if he had but lived, would have looked just as you do now." (Looks earnestly at the lad's face and toys with his hair.)

"I see it all now."

EXCHANGE COMMITTEES.

List of Names Submitted as Caucus Nominees.

The committees appointed by the Chairman of the Merchants' Exchange caucus Wednesday to select names for the committees have nominated the following persons: Committee of Appeals—Arthur Brockman, J. W. Beck, W. P. Kennett, Chris Bernet, B. J. McSorley, Herman Bienenstok, Benj. Altheimer, E. E. Scharff, Wm. Bull, Wm. J. Lemp, Jr., H. C. Hollmann, Wm. P. Nelson. Committee of Arbitration—Thomas B. Gettys, Wm. Woods, George A. Roth, E. L. Buschman, T. R. Ballard, J. R. Butler, C. S. Freeborn, D. R. Powell, John M. Gannett, John P. Owens.

THREE CAUGHT.

Recapture of Prisoners Who Escaped From a Kansas Jail Last Night.

OLATHE, Kas., Jan. 3.—A jail delivery was made here last night in which five prisoners, Louis Worthing, Bob Robinson, Will Hunter and Walter Dennis, all colored, and John Martin, a white man, effected their escape. All the prisoners confined in the pail had been given thep rivilege of an inside corridor and by mans of a private key had opened a lock on the door leading to the outside corridor and then secured their liberty by tunneling through a wide brick wall. All were tough characters and were being held for burglary and grand larceny. Worthing, Robinson and the white man were caught in Kansas City, Mo., this morning and brought back.

AN HISTORIC APPLE TREE.

It Has Borne Fruit for a Hundred Years and Is Still Sound.

From the Providence Journal.

An article on "Two Famous Apple Trees" near Fruit Hill, in Smithfield, in the Journal of Nov. 28, has led a correspondent to call attention to an old Rhode Island greening tree now standing on the Dr. Solomon Drowne farm at Mount Hygeia, in North Foster.

In 1801, when the doctor purchased the farm of Henry Jones, this tree seemed to be dying of old age, and Mr. Jones remarked to the new owner that as he considered it the most valuable tree on the place, he felt sorry to see that it would last but a few years. The doctor, prompted by this remark and his desire to perpetuate so fine a fruit, had the soil, which seemed rather poor, removed for some eight or ten feet in a circle radiating from the tree and new, rich earth filled in, pruned it of all dead branches and had the satisfaction in a few years of seeing the old tree again in a flourishing condition, and was amply repaid by a bountiful supply yearly of the largest and most delicious and famous Rhode Island greenings. And the tree to the knowledge of members of the family now living has borne uninterruptedly every year since. This season although many of the largest limbs have succumbed to old age and fallen off, it bore about two bushels of fine apples, as some of the members of the Rhode Island Horticultural Society who saw specimens of the fruit and sampled them can attest.

The tree measures near the ground, ten feet five inches in circumference, and five feet up only three inches less. It was thought to be at that time (1801) upwards of fifty years old.

LONG LIFE.

Women Have an Advantage Over Men and the Poor Over the Rich.

From the North American Review.

The desire to live long is a perfectly natural feeling. Ambitious hopes and centenarian proclivities are commendable in the aged and laudable even in the young. In all records of longevity, in all histories of centenarianism that have been written, and in all investigations of a scientific character that have been made, there is no mention of a man of 100 years or upward having committed suicide. The longer people live the longer they wish to live. Some writers on the subject endeavor to prove that centenarians are like poets, born—not made. On the other side, there is just as much argument and evidence to prove the contrary. William Shakespeare seems to have been born a poet, but there is no testimony tending to show that the gift was hereditary. And when the enemies of longevity write upon this topic they always attempt to make it appear that some really exceptional qualities were inherited by the lucky individual from his parents or ancestors and give him very little credit for his own good traits. Of course, a good constitution and regular habits in early life are much to start with in the race, but many people so endowed do not reach ninety years of age even.

Women appear to have an advantage over men in long living. Statistics recently collected by Prof. Humphry of England in his work on "Old Age" show that, as usual, in records of longevity the women preponderate over the men, in spite of many disadvantages they have to contend with, such as the dangers incidental to child-bearing and diseases associated therewith. He attributes this to the comparative immunity of women from many exposures and risks to which men are subject. Temperance in eating and drinking, also freedom from anxieties in reference to labor and business, are on the side of the female sex. No woman writer has yet taken up the subject, I believe, which seems odd, as female physicians are now a necessity of modern times. It has been often stated, and is probably true, that the principal authors on the subject of longevity have been physicians, who, as a rule, do not reach the standard in age of the average man. In some of its aspects nothing seems to be more capricious and eccentric than the law in regard to longevity. First-born children and also those born out of wedlock were formerly believed to be more likely to live longer than any other. The offspring of centenarians, if they would only intermarry with their class, might in time surpass all other people in length of years.

Poor people, too, were classed as favored in this respect, and we find Sir William Temple stating that health and long life were usually the blessings of the poor. Now the tables prepared by Dr. Humphry afford many curious facts bearing on this subject in Great Britain. Most men of 100 years and over were of medium height, though the well-known and generous Jew, Sir Moses Montefiore, was 6 feet 3 inches, and lived to the age of 102 years. Nearly one-fourth of the 824 cases reported by Dr. Humphry, in which the persons had arrived at 80 or 100 years, were first-born children, one-half of these of easy, placid dispositions, not given to worrying and fretting about things, not anxious to reform the world, and about one-third poor people. They do not have a monopoly of long life, however, for a little over half of the 824 were persons in comfortable circumstances. In this same collection one-third were small eaters, about two-thirds moderate eaters, and only one-tenth large eaters. As for marriage having any effect on women, it seems that the unmarried ones have as good a chance as the married. Some writers think that marriage, on the contrary, has a tendency to make men live longer, though it may not affect women. Hahnemann, the founder of the homeopathic school of medicine, married at 80 and was an active worker and enjoyer of life up to 90. The late Sir Henry Holland excelled in horsemanship at 84.

Opinions of a Haberdasher.

London letter to Indianapolis News.

A dealer in gloves and gentlemen's fine furnishings, whose shop is in the Grand Hotel building, Charing Cross, grew quite communicative in a half hour's conversation. He expressed great admiration for America and the achievements of Americans, but he said he thought that Americans were showy and shallow and not thorough and genuine. "Americans will come here and buy elegant neckwear and fine gloves. Everything that is to be seen must look well, but when it comes to buying underwear or things that are not seen, nine out of every ten Americans don't care what they have. They do not want beautiful or elegant underclothing. I have had Americans worth their millions come in and pay good prices for their externals, who want a lower grade of such wearing apparel as is not seen, than I keep. I do not understand this. They are a great people and they can do more than we can, but I think they are pretentious and showy rather than substantial and genuine. You have not developed gentlemen in your country. Now and then I see an American gentleman, and when I do I see more of a lord than our dukes, but the mass of your countrymen have not become gentlemen. I don't mean that their manners are bad, or that they are mean, but that they pretend more than they are."

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

THE MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 3, 1895.

Cincinnati Price Current: A large portion of the winter wheat area is favored with snow, giving protection and beneficial moisture. The general outlook is assuring. Offerings of wheat are generally light, with a decreasing tendency. Fair offerings of corn, with a probable early decrease. Wheat-feeding has lessened, but is maintaining previous estimates.

This morning's London cable reports Argentine wheat prompt shipment March and May as 1¼c per bu higher and California cargoes Jan. and Feb. prompt shipment ¾c higher. Is this advance in Argentine wheat a straw to indicate there is something in the reports of a short crop and damage?

Stock of pork in Chicago Jan. 2—Mess pork, winter packed, new, 105,676 bbls; do season '93-'94, 71,694; other kinds, 48,396. Prime steam contract lard, 31,705 tcs; other kinds, 5,214. Short ribs—Middles, 27,727,-585 lbs.

Snow is falling in Kansas and Nebraska, just where it was needed most. The winter wheat belt will have a good blanket of snow to protect the plant from the coming cold wave.

A St. Petersburg cable says the official report states the condition of the Russian wheat crop is better than last year, but area sown much smaller.

Orders from the South are increasing for oats, and that section is expected to purchase liberally from now on.

Of the corn arriving here to-day one-third goes for through shipment, this through corn arriving by the M., K. & T. road.

New York wires that the wheat sold to Lisbon will not clear before Jan. 15, as by that time, it is believed, the duty will be arranged so that it will be admitted free into Spain.

Regular Cash Market Prices.

	Thursday.	W'nesday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No. 2 red	51⅛@51¼	51⅛b	58⅝
No. 3 red	50⅛b	50⅝	56⅞
No. 4 winter	49⅛b	49⅝b	58⅝
CORN.			
No. 2	42	42⅛@42⅜	32⅝
No. 2 white	42	42⅜	33
No. 3	39¼@39	39½	31
OATS.			
No. 2	30⅛b	30¼@30½	28⅛
No. 2 white	33	33	30
No. 3	29⅝b	29½b	27

Future Prices.

	Closing W'nesday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing Thursday.
WHEAT.				
May	54⅝a	54⅞@55	54¼	54⅞@55
CORN.				
Jan.	42¼	.....	.....	42¼a
May	44⅝a	44⅝	44½	44⅝b
July	45¼@45⅜a	45⅜@45½	45⅛	45¼@45⅜b
OATS.				
May	31¼	31⅜	31¼	31¼b

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co., 307 Olive street.

	Closing W'nesday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing Thursday.
WHEAT.				
May	57¼b	57⅞	57¼	57⅞@57¼b
CORN.				
May	47⅝	47⅞	47⅜	47⅝@47⅞
OATS.				
May	31⅜b	31⅛	31⅜	31⅝
PORK.				
May	11.62½@65	$11.72½	$11.60	$11.72½
LARD.				
May	6.92½	6.95	6.90	6.95
RIBS.				
May	5.92½	5.97½	5.90	5.95@.97½

CHICAGO—Wheat—Jan, 53⅛@⅝c n; May, 57⅞@⅝c b. Corn—Jan, 44⅜c n; May, 47⅝@¾c. Oats—Jan, 28⅛c; May, 31⅝c. Pork—Jan, $11.40; May, $11.72½. Ribs—Jan, 5.70@72c; May, 5.95@5.97c. Lard—Jan, 6.77c; May, 6.95c.

Flaxseed—Cash, $1.35 b; May, $1.42.

Timothy seed—Cash, $5.50 n.

NEW YORK—Wheat—May, 62⅝c a. Corn—May, 51⅝c a. Oats—May, 35¼c.

TOLEDO—Wheat—Cash, 54⅝c a; May, 58c b.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wheat—May, 59⅝@½c; July, 60⅛@¼c.

MILWAUKEE—Barley—Cash, 54½s; Feb, 54¾c.

ON 'CHANGE.

WHEAT.

WHEAT—Opening ⅛c lower, the market showed no special weakness and soon recovered. Subsequently was unsettled, until after 12 o'clock, hence on to the close strng and the general tendency upward, closing at the top and ½@⅝c above yesterday.

A continuance of yesterday's weakness was largely due to the dull and weak Liverpool cables, as there was nothing in arrivals at domestic markets to encourage short selling. Less than 2,000 bu was in here, only 48 cars at Chicago and at Duluth and at Minneapolis but 176 cars, against 246 one week and 360 cars one year ago. The growing crop conditions were favorable, according to the Cincinnati Price Current, but that publication said wheat feeding was maintained. Probably the strongest item was the London cable reporting 3d advance in California and 4½d in Argentine wheat. This might mean so much that it had a strengthening effect. The clearances from four ports were large of flour but small of wheat.

The closing Liverpool was dull and ¼@½d lower, but Paris reported ⅝@1¼c higher, and private French cables reported the markets higher and strong. The bull influence, however, turned up in Bradstreet's, which reported 1,271,000 bu decrease in this country and 2,463,000 bu in the world's stock. This stirred up a demand that found little for sale and finally put the price up stiffly, closing at the top.

Spot Grades—Lower to sell on call and no signs of a demand there, save from the elevators. Bids were 51⅝c for No 2 red and No 2 hard winter, 50½c for No 3 red, 49½c for No 4 winter in United and Terminal and only offer to sell at 51⅝c for No 2 red regular.

Samples—Received, 3 cars local. The few cars on sale were taken by millers at firm prices, choice selling at 52c on track and a lot in warehouse brought same price. A car extra choice sold at 52¼c.

CORN.

The future market was disgustingly dull, outside speculation being almost entirely lacking and local operators giving it little attention, as there were no new features or any action to the market to trade on. Receipts, outside Chicago, were small at Western markets, but country advices, it was reported, indicated an increase in farmers' deliveries. Foreign markets were still dull and another ½d decline in Liverpool, but seaboard clearances were good.

Something of a pressure to sell was directed against July that weakened that market, but when wheat rallied late in the day the effect was to impart strength to the market and rally prices. The increase in Bradstreet's of 371,000 bu, or not half the regular visible increase, was a bullish item also, and at close there were buyers at the price asked yesterday.

Spot Grades—Lower. Outside a small local demand for No 3, only buyers on call were carriers of stock. No 2 sold ⅜c lower at 42c and that bid for United, Farmers' and Terminal, as it was also for No 2 white. No 3 and No 3 white only salable freely at 39c and No 3 white in United and Terminal, but a few sales No 3 in Terminal at 39¼c.

Samples—Received, 160 sks, 22 cars local, 11 cars through. Hardly any demand and most of the few samples offered were put away or ordered to the elevators. White car sold track this side at 40¾c.

OATS.

OATS—Weakness was prominent in the future market during the first half of the session, and May sold ⅛c lower, but received late and closed firm. Bradstreets' decrease of 1,066,000 bu indicates a large reduction in private city and country warehouse stocks.

Futures No. 2—For May 31¼c bid easily, but on call offered at 31⅜c and later sold at 31⅜c, but at close 31¼c bid again.

Spot Grades—Strong. Only offer to sell on call was of No. 2 regular at 30¾c, bid 30c, and 30¼c bid E. side, M. and D. 30½c for T. For No. 3 in M., D. and E. side 29¾c bid.

Samples—Received 140 sks, 5 cars local, 4 cars through. Firm and ready sale. Receipts very light and few samples offered, except from stock to store, and some purchases of car lots to arrive by local feeders, anxious to obtain supplies. Southern buyers also in the market, but the late advance checked business on that account. In special bin No. 2 sold at 30¾@31c, Northern mixed at 31c, No 2 white at 32¼c, to 33@33½c, latter storage paid. Track this side No 3 at 31¼c, No 3 white at 32¼c, No. 2 do at 33c.

RYE—Grade. No. 2 offered E side at 53c, bid 51½c.

The sale of No. 2 reported yesterday to arrive track this side at 54c was not confirmed and the buyer paid 55c to obtain it.

BARLEY—Steady, but inquiry light. Sales: 5,000 bu Iowa at 56c.

HAY.

Received, 530 tons; shipped, 125 tons. Strength was pronounced in this market. The demand was excellent for timothy and everything in sight sold at full prices. Offerings were small, as receipts continued light and the stock very materially reduced. Prairie was in better demand and stronger, the light supply of timothy turning local feeders to prairie, which was plentiful.

Sales, track and warehouse, this side: Prairie—1 car common at $7.50, 5 strictly prime at $8, 1 discolored and 2 choice at $8.50, 4 fancy at $9, 1 strictly do at $9.75, 1 do at $9.80, 4 extra do at $10. Clover—1 car (mixed) at $8, 1 (do) at $10, 1 heavy (do) at $10.50. Mixed—1 car damaged at $8. Timothy—Part car common at $9.50, 1 car prime and 1 mow-burnt at $10, 2 strictly prime at $10.50, 1 do at $10.75, 1 choice at $11, 2 strictly do at $11.50, 6 fancy at $12, 1 do (loose-pressed and large-baled) at $12.25.

East side: Clover—Part car at $11. Timothy—1 car strictly choice at $11, 5½ fancy at $11.50, 2 strictly do at $12. Straw—Part car at $4.50, switched to this side.

FLOUR AND FEED.

FLOUR—An increasing domestic demand, orders coming from the South, North and New England, but for small amount. Foreigners also cabling bids, but only sales 1,500 bbls.

Patents	$2 65@2 85
Extra fancy	2 30@2 35
Fancy	2 10@2 20
Choice	1 80@1 90
Rye flour	2 90@3 00
Cornmeal	2 05@2 10
Hominy	2 50@2 55
Grits	2 50@2 55

SEEDS AND CASTOR BEANS.

GRASS SEEDS—Clover ruled steady and the small offerings met with a very good demand. Other seeds quiet. Clover, poor to fair, $7.50@8.25; choice, $8.60@8.60; timothy, $4.75 to $5.25; red top, $3 to $5.50; Hungarian and millet, $1.35 to $1.65.

FLAXSEED—Quiet. Nominal at $1.35.

HEMPSEED—Steady at $2.80 per 100 lbs, pure test.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime, $1.25; small lots and inferior less.

PROVISIONS.

PORK—Standard mess, $11.62½; on orders, 50c higher.

LARD—Prime steam, 6.62½c; choice, 6.72½c.

BACON—Boxed lots: Shoulders, 5¾@7⅛c; longs, 6⅝c; clear ribs, 6⅝c; short clear, 6⅞c. On orders: Longs, 7c; clear ribs, 7⅛c; short clear, 7¼c.

D. S. MEATS—Boxed, f. o. b. on cash orders: Shoulders, 4⅝c; longs, 5⅝c; clear ribs, 5⅝c; short clear, 6c. On orders: Boxed—Longs, 6c; clear ribs, 6⅛c; short clear, 6¼c.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS—On orders, 10½@11½c per lb.

BREAKFAST BACON—On orders, 9½@11½c per lb.

BEEF—On orders, $6.50@7.50 per bbl; rolled, $9.50; dried, 9@11c per lb; tongues, $4.50 per doz.

HIGHWINES—Steady at $1.22 per gal.

LEAD AND SPELTER.

LEAD—Steady, with buyers at $2.80, but no business reported.

SPELTER—Nominally worth $3.07½.

ON THE STREET.

(The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.)

FRUITS.

APPLES—Firm; demand fair. Ben Davis range from $2.75 to $3.10 per bbl; Geniting $1.25@2.25; Eastern at $1.75@2 for seconds; $2.25@2.75 for Baldwin and Greening.

CALIFORNIA FRUITS—Pears selling at $1.50@2 per box.

ORANGES—Firm, but quiet. Florida, large sizes, $2.50@2.75; small sizes, $2.75@3.25.

LEMONS—Messina and Palermo, $3@3.50 per box.

BANANAS—Selections suitable for filling orders sell at $1@1.50 per bunch, according to size.

COCOANUTS—Selling in round lots from first hands at $24@25 per 1,000—in a small way at $2.75 per 100.

CRANBERRIES—Cape Cod selling at $12 per bbl; Jersey at $10@11 per bbl and $3.50 per box.

DRIED FRUIT—Steady but quiet. Apples—Sun-dried quarters, 6@6½c; evaporated rings, 6@6½c; chopped, ½c; cores and peelings, ½@¾c.

NUTS.

PECANS—Texas, 4¼@5½c per lb; Louisiana, 3½@4½c; Western, 3½@4c.

CHESTNUTS—Domestic, 3@5c per lb; Italian, 8@9c.

WALNUTS—Quotable at 35@40c per bu.

HICKORY NUTS—Old nominal at 25@50c per bu. No new offerings.

PEANUTS—Quiet at 1@2c per lb. Inferior less.

HAZELNUTS—Selling at 2½@3c per lb.

VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—Firm, demand good. Eastern burbank quotable at 55@60c; Northern stock, 40@45c for mixed and inferior to 50@52c for choice; home-grown, 35@45c; on orders, 10c per bu more than foregoing prices are charged.

ONIONS—In light supply. Fancy red globe 65@75c per bu; choice yellow, 45@55c; small and damaged, 25@35c. On orders 10c per bu more than foregoing prices are charged.

SPANISH ONIONS—Dull at 85c@$1 per case.

CABBAGE—Firm. Choice $12@14 per ton; fancy, 15@18; inferior and damaged less. On orders—choice, $1.50 per crate.

CELERY—California, 50c@$1.25 per bunch; choice to fancy, 30@50c; home-grown, 50c@$1. Celery roots, 35@40c per doz.

SWEET POTATOES—Bermudas, $2.75 per bbl; Nansemond, $3.50. Consigned stock not wanted.

RUTABAGAS—Quiet at 20@25c per bu; on orders, $1 per bbl.

PARSNIPS—Choice on orders, $1.75 per bbl.

HORSERADISH—Choice on orders, $3 per bbl.

CARROTS—Northern dull at $8@10 per ton in bulk; choice, on orders, $1.25 per bbl.

CUCUMBERS—New Florida, $2.50 per crate.

TOMATOES—Southern sold at $2@2.50 per bu basket crate.

SAUERKRAUT—City make, ½ bbls, $1.65; bbls, $3; on orders, 25@50c per bbl higher.

BEETS—Choice on orders, $1.50 per bbl. New Southern lower at 25@30c per doz bunches.

TURNIPS—Home-grown on orders at $1 per bbl; consignments not wanted.

CAULIFLOWER—$1.50 to $4 per doz.

LETTUCE—Southern, $4@6 per bbl.

SPINACH—Home-grown, $2 per bbl.

EGGS.

Received, 2,143 cases; shipped, 1,485 cases. Unchanged. Supplies large and sales slow at 15c per doz; old and held stock at 10@12c less; refrigerator at 12@16c.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

BUTTER—Fancy goods selling principally in a retail way. Dairy and country dull and unchanged. Creamery: Separator, 21@22; gathered cream, 15@20c; fancy Elgin, 26@27c. Dairy: Good to choice, 16@18c; common to fair, 8@12c. Country butter, 5@8c; country roll, 7@9c. Grease butter, 3c.

CHEESE—Firm for fancy goods. Full cream, twins, 11c; singles, 11¼c; Young America, 11½c; brick, 10½@11c; limburger, 9@9½c; Swiss, choice, 12½@14c; Southern Wisconsin twins, 8@8½c; singles, 8¼@8½c; Young America, 8½@9½c.

POULTRY, GAME AND VEALS.

LIVE POULTRY—Turkeys continue dull and were lower. Chickens in fair request. Ducks and geese quiet.

Mixed chickens	5½
Old roosters	3½
Turkeys	6½@7
Ducks	6½@7
Geese	4½@5
Pigeons, per doz	50

DRESSED POULTRY—The supply was large of turkeys and sales slow at easy prices. Chickens in fair request. Turkeys sold at 7@7½c per lb; chickens at 6@7c; ducks, 7½@8c; geese at 6@7c. Undrawn, with heads and legs on, 1c less.

GAME—Quiet and unchanged. Demand fair.

Grouse, dark	5 00
Grouse, light	4 50
Woodcock	5 00
Rabbits	60
Jack rabbits	1 00
Squirrels	[illegible]
Snipe	1 00
Mallard ducks	[illegible]
Redhead ducks	[illegible]
Bluewing teal	[illegible]
Greenwing teal	[illegible]
Wood and mixed	[illegible]
Canvasback ducks	5 50
Wild turkeys	[illegible]
Opossum	[illegible]

LIVE VEALS—In good supply. Choice, 4½c per lb; fair stock, 3@4c; heretics, rough and thin, 2@3c per lb.

HIDES, FEATHERS, PELTS, TALLOW, ETC.

HIDES—Firm and in good demand at quotations.

Prices.

Green salted Western	5½
Green salted Southern	4½
Texas, heavy	5¼@6½
Southern and inferior	[illegible]
Dry salted	6
Glue stock, green and dry	2 @4
On Selection.	
Green salted, No. 1	5½
Green salted, No. 2	4½
Uncured	1c off
Dry Flint, No. 1	8
Dry flint, No. 2	7
Dry salted, No 1	6½
Dry salted, No 2	5½

FEATHERS—Firm. Prime white live geese, large sacks, 37c; small sacks, 38c; quilly and prime gray, 28c; old white, 20c; X, 3@6c; XX, 15@17c; XXX, 10@12c; XXXX, 5@7c. Chicken—Prime, 2½c. Duck—Dark, 20c; white, 28c. Tare, 2 to 10 per cent. Turkey—Prime tail, clean and straight, 15c; prime wing, 8c; pointers, 2½c; mixed wing and tail 10c; Mixed wing, tail and pointers, 5c; prime body, 1c; damp, quilly and mixed, discounted as to value.

SHEEP PELTS—Green salted, 40@45c each; lambs, 15@35c; shearlings, 10@20c; damaged, half price; antelope, 12½c; goat skins, 10@20c each.

DEER SKINS, ETC.—Deer skins firm at 26c per lb for prime dry—damaged half price; antelope, 12½c; goat skins, 10@20c each.

TALLOW—Firm and scarce. Prime run in bbls, 4⅝@4¾c per lb; No. 2 and stock in irregular pkgs, 4¼c; cake, 5¼c.

BEESWAX—Prime salable at 28c per lb.

ROOTS—Ginseng, $2.35@2.60; seneca, 23@24c; snake, 18@22c; golden seal, 14@15c; May apple, 1½@2c; pink, 15c; lady slipper, 4c; black, 4@4½c; angelica, 4@5c; wahoo, bark of trees, 4c; root, 5c; blood, 2@2½c; blue flag, 4c; golden thread, 10c; butterfly, 5c.

WOOL.

Quiet and unchanged. We quote:

	Medium.	Braid and Low.	Light Fine.	Heavy Fine.
Mo., Ill., etc	14 @15	12 @14	10 @12	8 @9
Kn., Nb., etc	10 @12	8 @10	8 @9	6 @7
Tx., Ark., etc	10 @13	8 @10	7 @9	5 @7
Dk., Wy., etc	10 @12	8 @10	8 @9	6 @7

Slightly burry	10@11	Tub-washed—	
Hard burry	8	Fair to choice	20@21
South'n hard burry	7	Inferior	10@18

FURS.

Prime skins are selling well. The receipts contain considerable inferior stock and buyers are very strict in their selections of same.

	No. 1 Large.	No. 1 Med.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.
Raccoon	$ 60	$ 45	$ 30	$ 15	$ 5
Mink	65	50	30	20	10
Fox, gray	60	50	35	20	10
Fox, red	80	60	45	20	10
Wolf, prairie	60	50	40	20	10
Wolf, timber	1 00	80	50	25	10
Beaver	6 00	4 00	2 50	1 50	50
Otter	7 00	5 00	3 50	1 50	50
Bear	12 00	10 00	6 00	2 00	25

Skunk, blk., large	$1 25	Opossum	6@10
Skunk, short stripe	80	Muskrat	8@10
Skunk, narrow s'pe	45	Wildcat	10@30
Skunk, broad stripe	20	Civet cat	10@15
Skunk, Texas	20@40	House cat	10
Skunk, Indian Terr.	25@50	Badger	5@50

Northern stock worth 10 to 15 per cent more and Southern 10 to 15 per cent less than above quotations.

LEAF TOBACCO.

	Burley Red.	Burley Colory.	Old Style Heavy.
Common lugs	3½@ 4½	5¼@ 7	2¾@ 3¼
Medium lugs	4¾@ 6	7½@ 9	3½@ 3¾
Good lugs	6 @ 7½	9 @10	3¾@ 4½
Common leaf	7 @ 9	7½@10	4½@ 5½
Medium leaf	9 @11	10 @13	5½@ 6½
Good leaf	11 @15	13 @16	6½@ 8½

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

SORGHUM—Steady at 15@18c per gal.

MAPLE SUGAR—Vermont, 7½@8c; Canada, 10@10½c.

MAPLE SYRUP—Fair to choice, 65@70c per gal.

HONEY—Strained and extracted, in bbls, 4@4½c per lb; in cans, 6@7c; fancy nearby and California, in cans, 8@9c; inferior, less. Comb yellow, 8@11c; fancy white, 15@18c.

CIDER—Poor to choice is quotable at $3.50 to $4.50 per bbl.

GREEN PEAS—Green jobbing at $1.05@1.10 per bu; Scotch, $1.15; split, $1.45.

WHITE BEANS—Country quotable at 90c@$1.10 per bu; weevily sells for less. Eastern hand-picked medium jobbing at $1.65@1.70; pea beans at $1.70@1.75; Lima, 5@5½c per lb.

POPCORN—Quotable at $1.25@1.45 per 100 lbs.

BROOM CORN—Quiet at a range from 3c for common to 6c for fancy; choice green hurl more.

HOPS—New York, 10@11c per lb; Pacific Coast, 11@12c; foreign, 25@30c.

SALT—Domestic, East Side, 85c per bbl; this side, 90c.

OILS—Linseed oil, raw, 55c per gal; boiled, 58c. Castor oil, best, 10c per lb; No. 3, 8¾c. Cottonseed oil, summer yellow, 32c; white, 33c; winter yellow, 37c; white, 38c.

MOSS—Gray, 1¾c; gray and brown mixed, 1¾@2c; black and brown mixed, 2¼c; black, 3c. Country machine picked—XX, 2@2½c; XXX, 3½@4c; XXXX, 4½@5c.

BONES—Choice bleached, $13 per ton; skinny, $8; junk, $10; slaughter-house stock, $7@8.50.

RAGS, OLD ROPE AND RUBBER—Rags, 60@65c per 100 lbs. Old rope, No. 1, $1.25; No. 2, 50c. Old rubber, $4.

SCRAP IRON AND METAL—Iron, wrought, 25c per 100 lbs; heavy cast, 25c; stove plate, 20c; malleable and burnt, 15c. Brass, light, $3; heavy, $5. Copper, $4. Lead, $2.50. Zinc, $2. Pewter, $9.

HEMP—Missouri, undressed, $70@80 per ton.

BAGGING—Order prices, 1¾-lb, 5¼c; 2-lb, 6¼c; 2¼-lb, 6¾c. Iron ties, 70c. Hemp twine, 9c per lb.

SACKS—Burlaps, 2-bu, 3¼c; 2½-bu, 4¼c; 3-bu, 4¾c; 4-bu, 5¼c; 5-bu, 5¾c; 6-bu, 5½c. Cotton, seamless, 10@17c. Flour, 25-lb, 2¾c; 49-lb, 3⅞c; 98-lb, 5⅞c; 100-lb, export, 6⅞c.

EMPTY BARRELS—Coal oil, 75c; vinegar, 30c; black oil, 25@30c; lard oil, 50@55c; linseed oil, 55@60c; sugar, 12½@15c; wine, 60@65c; whisky, 60@65c; ½-bbls, 35c; molasses, 20c; sauer kraut, 20@25c; bbls with broken staves, 25c off.

COOPERSTUFFS—Shaved hoops, cooper flour bbl, $3.50@4; country, $2.50@3; ½-bbls, $1.50; coiled elm, $6; pork bbls, $5@6; lard tcs, $8.50@9. Staves, flour bbl, $5.75@6; culls, $3@3.50; ½-bbl, $4.50; pork bbl, $16; lard tcs, $22; beer keg, $16@18. Heading flour bbls, 4c per set.

COOPERAGE—Flour, bbls, round hoop, 31c; flat hoops, 27c; ½-bbls, 21c; meal bbls, 24c; produce bbls, 20@22c; fruit bbls, 21c; lard tcs, $1.15; ½-tcs, 60c; pork bbls, $1; ½-bbls, 50c.

NAVAL STORES—Rosin—D, E and F, $2; G, $2.25; H, $2.50; I, $3; K, $3.30; M, $3.65; N, $3.95; W. G., $4.20; W. W., $4.35. Turpentine, 32c per gallon in round lots to 35c in smaller quantities. Pine tar, $2.75 per bbl. Navy pitch, $3.50.

RODGERS' APPOINTMENTS.

The Judges Have the New Circuit Clerk's List.

Circuit Clerk-elect Col Thomas B. Rodgers handed to the judge a list of his appointees about 10 a. m. Shortly before noon Judge Dillon, Judge Klein, Judge Withrow and Judge Valliant gathered in the consultation room to discuss the appointments. Col. Rodgers has carefully guarded his list from premature publication.

It is known that Chief Clerk Edward S. Jeffrey, Court-room Clerks Robert Brent of No. 4, Jack Zepp of No. 1, Alf White of No. 2, A. G. Priest of No. 5 and Charles McIntire of No. 3 and Assistant Clarence Hobitzelle are among those reappointed. Their confirmation was confidently expected. Mr. D. P. Bull, the bookkeeper, was also generally thought to be on the list.

Alex. Lewis, Marshal of the Court of Appeals, was also scheduled for a good position, according to report.

A number of assistants in the general office have been for some time anticipating losing their official heads. It is thought the greater number of changes will be in the ranks of the subordinates. There are about twenty-four places to be filled.

Col. Rodgers informed some of the unlucky ones some days ago that their applications had drawn blanks on account of the large number of applicants from the outside.

GOT OFF LIGHT.

Fined $100 for Shooting a Woman Three Times.

Emma Henderson and Louisa Sawyer, both colored, were fined $100 each by Judge Morris in the First District Police Court. They quarreled on Dec. 6 in an opium den in the alley between Market and Walnut streets, Seventh and Eighth streets, because of jealousy, and the Henderson woman shot the Sawyer woman three times. The Sawyer woman, who used razor on the other, has been in the City Hospital since the fight.

Theological Discussion.

From the Cincinnati Tribune.

"The minister and I," ventured the lean boarder, "were discussing this afternoon whether heaven was a condition or a locality."

"So?" said the Cheerful Idiot. "Which did you decide it was—a State or a Territory?"

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Lodge Notices.

Regular Meetings, 25 cents each insertion; Funeral Notices, 50 cents each insertion.

ELKS—The regular weekly communication of St. Louis Lodge, No. 9, B. P. O. E., will be held at their lodge room, Hagan Building, 10th and Pine sts., at 8 o'clock this (Thursday) evening. Initiations first and third Thursday of each month. Visiting brothers are invited to attend. LEW A. CLARK, Secretary.

BENTON COUNCIL, No. 183, Royal Arcanum—Regular meeting this (Thursday) evening at 8 o'clock, when the officers for this year will be installed. Members are requested to attend. Visiting brethren invited. A. J. HOENNY, Reg.

The officers and members of St. Louis Lodge, No. 5, I. O. O. F., are notified to meet at hall, on Friday, January 4, at 1 o'clock p. m., to attend the funeral of Bro. J. C. Bradshaw. By order of C. S. GREEN, N. G. CHAS. H. PAYNTER, Secretary.

MONITOR LODGE, No. 68, Knights of Pythias.—Meeting to-night at Pope's Theater Hall, Ninth and Olive streets. Work in all three ranks and installation of officers. All knights welcome. JULIUS E. KOCH, C. C. D. P. JEWETT, K. R. S.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

HOME—A young lady employed wants a comfortable home with nice private family (Catholic preferred) in North St. Louis, convenient to Broadway cars; will be permanent if suited; references exchanged; answers must state price per month and full particulars or no attention will be given. Ad. H 240, this office.

MAN—Temperate young man wishes position as grocery clerk or office work. Add. 1216 Second Carondelet av.

PARTNER WANTED—Office partner; a very desirable opportunity for party with small capital in a good legitimate business. Add. G 240, this office.

COOK WANTED—Colored cook of tidy appearance at 623 N. Leffingwell av.

COOK WANTED—Experienced cook to wash and iron; references required; good wages. [illegible] Washington av.

MAN WANTED—Young man experienced in stock and sampling; none other need apply. Newcomb Bros. Wall Paper Co., 7th and Locust sts.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework; small family; good wages. 2730 Clark av.

LIVE STOCK.

National Stock Yards.

CATTLE—Receipts, 2,243 head. There was some fairly good butcher steers in the native department. The supply amounted to about 45 car loads and prices were steady to strong. The early arrivals of Texas cattle amounted to 38 cars. So far as sales were made up to noon, prices ruled steady.

NATIVE CATTLE SALES.

No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.	No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.
26	Steers	955	$3 45	20	Steers	1221	$4 40
18	Steers	1217	4 10	22	Steers	1217	[illegible]
15	Oxen	889	2 10	15	Cows	816	[illegible]
12	Cs&hfrs	1133	2 90	10	Cows	[illegible]	[illegible]
12	Cows	821	3 25				

SOUTHERN CATTLE SALES.

No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.	No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.
253	Steers	1079	$3 85	25	Steers	917	$3 50
50	Steers	829	3 50	25	Steers	749	2 50
70	Steers	976	3 65	26	Steers	735	2 75
30	Oxen	1141	2 85	89	Cows	679	2 30
28	Cows	642	2 10	20	Oxen	1225	2 50
23	Cows	793	2 40	82	Cs&hfrs	779	2 50
21	Cows	702	1 75				

HOGS—Receipts, 6,638 head. The market opened weak and very little business was done until 10c decline was established, after which trading became active. The best heavy sold at $4.45, good heavy and mixed lots at $4.30 to $4.40, common to fair light at $4.00 to $4.25.

HOG SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
64	209	$4 45	76	268	$4 35	100	250	$4 40
56	273	4 35	81	223	4 35	12	250	4 35
42	292	4 37½	70	221	4 35	67	222	4 30
83	220	4 30	90	201	4 30	72	213	4 30
77	208	4 30	90	229	4 27½	78	224	4 30
83	178	4 25	77	210	4 25	85	199	4 20
136	202	4 25	29	155	4 20	59	212	4 20
86	179	4 20	83	170	4 15	25	183	4 12½
99	175	4 10	34	159	4 10	90	154	4 05
80	143	4 00	26	138	4 00	104	138	4 00
114	127	4 00						

SHEEP—Receipts, 1,402 head. Including the later arrivals there were about 1,600 on sale. Though the opening was slow, after the first hour trading became active. Prices generally were barely steady. Some salesmen reported a better demand for the medium and lower grades, but with this exception there was no improvement.

SHEEP SALES.

No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.	No.	Qual.	Av.	Price.
95	Nat. mix.	97	$3 00	128	Nat. mix.	108	$3 10
101	S.W. mix.	102	2 85	111	S.W. mix.	103	2 85
65	Nat. mix.	102	2 85	62	Nat. mix.	91	2 85
35	Nat. shp.	118	2 80	18	Nat. mix.	80	2 75
81	Nat. mix.	84	2 60	44	Nat. mix.	93	2 75
46	Nat. shp.	111	2 60	25	Nat. mix.	86	2 75
60	Lambs	80	3 60	60	Lambs	73	3 75

MONEY.

Bank clearings	$6,219,0[illegible]
Balances	771,[illegible]

EXCHANGE—Quoted by A. G. Edwards & Sons:

New York	75c prem bid
Chicago	25c dis bid
Cincinnati	par bid
Louisville	par bid
New Orleans	par bid

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3, 10:15 a. m.—The stock market opened weak in sympathy with the depression of the American securities on the London Exchange. The Grangers are heavy on the December statement of St. Paul and Rock Island, which show heavy losses in gross earnings. Burlington is down ⅝, St. Paul ½ and Northwest ⅝, New Jersey Central broke 2¼, Laclede Gas preferred 1¼, Chicago Gas 1, Hocking Valley ¾, Sugar and Baltimore and Ohio ⅝ and the general list ⅛@½ per cent. Speculation is still weak.

11 a. m.—About 10:15 the market began to improve, and the movement since then has been upward. Sugar has advanced 1¼, New Jersey Central, 1; Cordage, preferred, ⅝; Chicago Gas, ⅝; Lackawanna, Lead preferred and Leather preferred, ½, and the rest of the list ⅛@⅜. At 10:30 a raid was made on New Jersey Central, which broke 2 per cent, Sugar reacted ⅜ and the market generally a small fraction. The speculation at this hour is weak and prices are tending downward.

Noon—Money on call easy at 1½@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 2¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in banker's bills at 4.88⅝@⅞ for demand, and 4.87⅝@4.88 for 60 days. Posted rates, 4.88½@4.89½. Commercial bills, 4.86⅝@⅞. Silver certificates, 59⅝ last bid, no sales. Bar silver, 59⅝. Mexican dollars, 49¾. Government bonds steady except for 5s coupon, which are down ⅛ per cent; U. S. 5s, reg., 117; do coup., 118¾; do 4s, reg., 113; do coup., 113¾; do 2s, reg., 97; Pacific 6s, '95, 100. After 11 o'clock sugar rallied ⅝ and New Jersey Central and Leather ½. The market, however, quickly lost its strength, and a decline of ⅛@1½ was recorded, the latter in Canadian Pacific, 1 Michigan Central, ⅝ in Chicago and Northern Pacific pfd. During the past quarter of an hour it has been firmer in tone, Sugar and C. C. C. and St. Louis moving up ⅝ and the rest of the list ⅛@⅜ per cent. The market at this hour is fairly firm. Sales to noon, 31,000 shares, including 21,000 listed and 10,000 unlisted.

Wonderful Progress.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

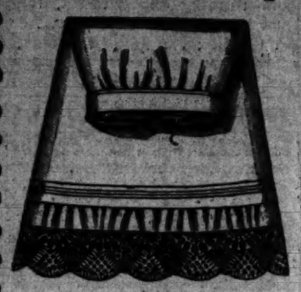
"It is wonderful what progress has been made in the way of machinery," remarked Mr. Figg. "I see that there has been a machine invented that can make a complete pair of shoes in sixteen minutes. Why, that is even faster than Tommy can wear them out."

CUT-PRICE CLEARING SALE!

Famous

Famous

SKIRTS.



1 lot Muslin Skirts, with cambric ruffle, edged with Valenciennes or Linen Torchon Lace, Value $1.50, at..... 79c

1 lot same as cut, with insertion, Value $1.98, at..... 98c

GOWNS.

1 lot Ladies' Muslin Gowns, good muslin, all felled seams, trimmed with lace or embroidery (same as cut), Value $1.75, To go at..... 89c

1 lot Ladies' Lawn Aprons, with fancy borders or with hem and two clusters of tucks. Value 49c, Go at..... 23c

SPECIAL.

1 lot 6-hook Coutil Corsets, sateen stripe, Value $1.00, Go at..... 59c

1 lot Ladies' Extra Long Waist Corsets, in Drab, Black or White, Value $1.50, Go at..... 98c

CLOAKS, SUITS AND FURS

TO-MORROW MORNING at 8 o'clock this sale starts. We must sell this month $60,000 in our CLOAK, SUIT, FUR, WRAPPER AND WAIST DEPTS. Owing to the inclemency of the weather, our stock is three times larger than it should be at this time of the year. We must sell and will sell regardless of cost or profit. We agree to duplicate in value any Cloak, Suit or Fur Garment sold in this city at 10 to 25 per cent less than other houses ask for same values.

WE DEFY COMPETITORS TO MEET OUR PRICES.

CLEARING SALE —AT— Less Than Half Price.

LADIES' and MISSES' JACKETS and CAPES.

TABLE NO. 1. 362 Ladies' and Misses' Jackets and Capes, black and navy, former price $3.50 to $5, $1.98

TABLE NO. 2. 581 Ladies' and Misses' Jackets and Capes, black and colors, in Melton, Beaver and Cheviots, formdr price $4.50 to $6.50 ..... $2.98

TABLE NO. 3. 783 Ladies' and Misses' Jackets and Capes, Melton, Beaver and fancy materials, former prices $6.50 to $8.50 ..... $3.98

TABLE NO. 4. 689 Ladies' and Misses' Jackets and Capes, made of all-wool Beaver, Melton and Kersey Cloth, former price $7.50 to $10.00..... $4.98

TABLE NO. 5. 492 Ladies' and Misses' Jackets and Capes, fine all-wool materials, some satin lined, and half satin lined, 32 to 48 inches long, former price $8.50 to $15.00..... $7.50

TABLE NO. 6. 532 Ladies' and Misses' Jackets and Capes, black and colors, 32 to 48 inches long, former price $13.50 to $20.00 ..... $10.00

LADIES' JACKETS and CAPES.

FREE CHOICE of any Cloth Jacket or Cape, or Plush Cape or Sacque in the house that was marked $18 to $30 for $14.50

BEAT THIS IF YOU CAN.

PLUSH CAPES.

A fine extra quality Plush Cape, satin lined, fur edged, value $13.50 ... $7.25

An extra selected Plush Cape, fine satin linings, fur trimmed, value $16.50..... $10.00

FUR CAPES

With Extra Quality Silk Lining.

24-inch Black Coney.....$4.50
24-inch Astrachan.....$11.50
24-inch Electric Seal.....$13.50
27-inch Electric Seal $16.50
30-inch Astrachan $14.50
30-inch Electric Seal $19.50

All these Capes are guaranteed best selected skins and we openly defy anyone to beat our prices.

LADIES' SUITS.

Tailor Made.

Choice of one lot of odds and ends 3-Button Cutaway and tight-fitting Suits, former price $6.50, $7.50 to $10 .... $4.98

Your choice of any Prince Albert or Regent Cutaway Suit, all-wool serge, latest style, full sleeves and Skirt, value up to $16.50..... $8.50

Take your pick of any Ladies' Tailor-made Suit, Prince Albert or tight fitting, handsome materials, values $18.50, $21.50, $25 and $35.. $15.00

LADIES' WRAPPERS.

500 dozen Wrappers, Indigo blue and drabs, value up to $1.50..... .... 75c

1000 dozen Wrappers, odds and ends percale and sateen, handsomely made, value $1.50, $1.75, $2.50, your choice... 98c

CASHMERE TEA GOWNS.

Choice of any Cashmere Tea Gown which was sold up to $6.50..... ..... $2.98

Choice of any Cashmere or Silk Tea Gown in the house, former price $7.50 to $18.50 $4.98

Clearing Sale Prices Do Our Talking.

MILLINERY!

HATS.

TABLE No. 1— 100 Dozen SAILORS, WALKING HATS, DRESS SHAPES, All worth $1.00 to $1.25. Clearing Sale Price 25c

TABLE No. 2— 175 Dozen Extra Quality FLATS, SAILORS, DRESS SHAPES, Worth $1.50 and $2.00. Clearing Sale Price 49c

Choice of all our FRAMES ... 5c

75 Dozen Fine BLACK PLUMES, worth $1.00 to $1.25, Clearing Sale Price..... 49c

225 Dozen Assorted JETTED AIGRETTES AND FANCY FEATHERS, worth up to $1, Clearing Sale Price..... 5c

BLACK BIRDS, COCQUE FEATHERS . 15c

Notions and Small Ware

A Paper of Pins, 2 doz. Hooks and Eyes, 2 Spools Tread, 6 Lead Pencils, Any of These 1c

5-Hook Corset Steel..5c | Good Hand Brush 2c

25 Envelopes ... 3c | 60 Sheets Writing Paper ... 10c

10c Ink Tablets. .... 4c | 24 Yards Bonnache Braid 19c

JEWELRY.

10 gross Assorted Brownie, Spa and Fancy Stickpins, worth up to 15c..... 3c

RINGS.

Sterling Silver Rings 10c | Solid Gold Children's Rings 10c

Choice of all our 50c, 75c and $1.00 Set Rings..... 25c

LACES.

Torchon Laces, real hand made, all linen goods.
Reduced from 8c to..... 5c
Reduced from 25c to..... 15c
Reduced from 30c to..... 19c
Valenciennes Laces
Reduced from 5c to..... 3c
Reduced from 8c to..... 5c

EMBROIDERIES.

Swiss and Cambric Edgings, Reduced from 10c and 8c to... 5c
Reduced from 25c to..... 15c

FANS.

Real Ostrich Feather Fans, were $1.50, reduced to..... 75c

LEATHER GOODS.

Large Leather Shopping Bag 19c | An Assorted Lot of Pocket-books, worth up to $1.00 50c

CHILDREN'S CLOAKS.

Children's Cloaks, Former price $2.50 and $3.25, go at..... 98c
Children's Cloaks, Former price $4, $4.50 and $4.50..... $2.75
Children's Cloaks, Former price $4.50, $5.50 and $7.50.. $4.98

INFANTS' CLOAKS.

White Cashmere, embroidered, flannel lined 95c

One lot of odds and ends handsomely embroidered Capes and Skirts, flannel lined, former price up to $5.00..... $1.50

WAISTS.

Choice of lot of Ladies' Sateen Waists, odds and ends, value up to $1.50 ..... 50c

SILK WAISTS.

Our entire stock divided in two lots, value up to $15. Take your choice at..... $2.98 or $4.98

SHAWLS.

Black Cashmere Shawls at 75c, $1.25, $1.50 to $15.00

Wool Shawls, extra width, $2.50, $3.50 and $5.00

CUT-PRICE CLEARING SALE OF LADIES' GLOVES!

Free and Absolute Choice of 145 dozen pairs Ladies' Kid Gloves, Slightly soiled—all colors, all sizes, all styles— Regular prices $1.50 and $2.00 ..... 69c

Now is your time to buy a year's supply. You'll save money by so doing.

Our Great Cut Price Clearing Sale of Clothing, Which Commenced This Morning, a Brilliant Success!

Only a Few Hours Old and Already Hundreds of Suits, Overcoats and Ulsters Sold to Happy and More Than Delighted Customers.

Positively the Greatest Sale of Fine Clothing Ever Known in St. Louis.

A Constellation of Values Only Possible With a Store Like Ours.

Free and Absolute Choice Of Any Suit, Ulster or Overcoat in our house, no matter whether the price is $20, $25, $30 or $35, is yours for $14.50

Free and Absolute Choice Of 10,000 Suits, Overcoats or Ulsters of rattling good honest values at $12.50 and $15.00 ..... $8.88

Famous BROADWAY & MORGAN ST.

Look into our Broadway Show Window for further evidence of the greatness of this Sale.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

Free and Absolute Choice Of Any Boy's or Young Man's Suit, Overcoat or Ulster in our House, not one worth less than $15, many worth $16.50, and others big value at $18 $10.75

Free and Absolute Choice Of Any Child's 2-Piece Suit, Reefer, Overcoat or Ulster (4 to 15 years), no matter how fine it may be..... $4.65

Wise people will take advantage of this Sale, and buy if only for future needs.

CITY NEWS.

D. Crawford & Co. are reducing their cloak stock marvelously since the holidays and by a very simple process, i. e., selling the best and most desirable garments for less money than any other house. Winter is never eliminated in this section; it always "gets there just the same," whether early or late, and it always comes with a rush. Therefore cloak buyers will do well to keep their eyes upon Crawford's and to spend their money there.

Private matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine.

Bishop Bonacum's Visit.

Rt. Rev. Thomas Bonacum, Bishop of Lincoln, Neb., is the guest of Fr. Charles Ziegler, pastor of St. Malachy's Church, Twenty-ninth and Clark avenue. Bishop Bonacum's mission here is said to be to collect funds for his diocese and also to make some arrangements with the railroad companies to relieve the prevalent destitution in Nebraska.

New Trade Journal.

The St. Louis Paint, Oil and Drug Club will organize a stock company for the purpose of publishing a trade paper devoted to the interests of this and similar lines of trade. A circular has been issued setting forth the aims and objects of the proposed paper.

Be Sure and Use Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while teething; 25 cents a bottle.

MONKEY WAS GAME.

But He Was Outclassed by the Wolf's Superior Strength.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 3.—There was a fight to the death last night witnessed by as big a crowd as could get within seeing distance of the show-window of a Madison street dealer in animals. It lasted nearly an hour and resulted in the death of one of the combatants—a baboon-faced African monkey.

In the window there was a happy family, consisting of a pair of black bear cubs, a gray wolf and four monkeys. The wolf made a snap at the female African monkey, which was resented by her male companion, who slid down the bars of the cage until he reached the floor, and the fight was on.

It looked an unequal contest, for the wolf was several times as large as the monkey, but the latter outclassed him in generalship. Although he had the worst of it he managed to keep the wolf busy for half an hour, when he grew too weak to defend himself and was killed.

Five hundred people saw the strange fight and tried in every way to stop the horrible sight. The store was closed and there was no way of getting to the animals except to break the door in or to smash one of the plate-glass windows. Men rapped on the window in which the cage stood, but neither of the combatants paid any attention to the efforts made to stop the battle.

This particular breed of monkeys is noted for courage and being always ready to fight. There was something nearly human in the anguish of the dying monkey's mate. She ran down the side of the cage and tried to join in the attack, but retreated when the wolf left his dying victim and started for her. The dead monkey was a fine specimen.

Mme. Macart's Narrow Escape.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Jan. 3.—Mme. Macart, wife of the animal trainer, had a narrow escape from death last night at the Garden Theater. Her peril appeared just after the curtain had been rung up on the first act of "Little Christopher," and for a time it looked as though the panic behind the scenes would communicate itself to the audience.

The cause of the trouble was the baboon, Baba. The animal is very fond of Mr. Macart, but hates Mrs. Macart with equal fervor. His trainer chanced to leave the door of Baba's cage open just before going on the stage. As soon as Macart had left the room the animal sprang at the woman, and, grasping her about the neck with his powerful arms, attempted to strangle her. He sunk his long sharp teeth and tried to tear her throat, scratching like a demon with his clawed feet.

The woman's screams brought her husband to the rescue. He seized the baboon and tore it away from his wife's throat. The screams had been heard on the stage also and by some of the audience in the front rows, but the house was soon reassured and the performance went on.

If you want the ten-page one-cent Post-Dispatch served by carrier, send a postal-card addressed "Post-Dispatch," St. Louis.

PETTIS COUNTY.

Its Wealth as Shown by the Books of the Assessor Just Completed.

SEDALIA, Mo., Jan. 3.—The Assessor of Pettis County has completed his books for 1895 and the following abstract indicates the wealth of Pettis County:

Real estate—Farm lands	$5,005,700 00
City of Sedalia	2,896,370 00
Town lots	202,850 00
Railroad property	75,180 00
Total	$8,002,100 00
PERSONAL.	
Horses	$ 322,220 00
Asses and jennets	6,900 00
Mules	117,850 00
Cattle	362,070 00
Sheep	10,845 00
Hogs	71,250 00
Money, notes and bonds	452,000 00
All other personal property	610,395 00
Banks and corporations	412,470 00
Total	$2,365,000 00

The above does not include merchants' and insurance companies' assessments.

Legal Notes.

Robert McMullen of Newark, N. J., has been awarded $25,000 damages for injuries received while employed as a lineman by the Western Union Telegraph Co.

The January term of the Livingston County Circuit Court has been opened at Pontiac, Ill., by Judge T. J. Tipton. Two hundred cases are docketed for trial.

The Supreme Court of Massachusetts has declared that the sale of oleomargarine when colored so as to represent butter is illegal, whether the purchaser is aware of its character or not.

Attorneys Dickson and Smith of St. Louis, in behalf of the Atlantic Trust Co., have filed an application in the United States Circuit Court at Fort Scott, Kan., for the removal of C. F. Coffin, receiver of the Fort Scott water-works.

Judgment against the Denver City Water Co. and the American Water Co. for $1,440,190.03 in favor of the Central Trust Co. of New York was ordered by Judge Allen in the United States District Court at Denver Wednesday.

Mrs. Sue Zunn has sued Druggists David and Alexander McKee, druggists at Anderson, Ind., for $10,000 damages. She charges they sold her corrosive sublimate for calomel, as the result of which she is now an invalid.

POSTAL AFFAIRS.

Additional Money Order Offices to Be Established in the United States.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.—As a result of the increase of postal business during the last three months twenty-nine international money order offices, ninety domestic money order offices and 102 limited money order offices will be established throughout the country on Jan. 7. Pennsylvania and Texas will have seven each; Illinois each; California, six; Ohio, five; Washington, Indiana, Michigan, Oklahoma, four each; Colorado, Georgia, Indian Territory, Minnesota and Missouri, three each; Arkansas, Illinois, Iowa, Maryland, Mississippi, Nebraska, New Jersey, South Dakota, Virginia and Wisconsin, two each; and one each in twelve other States. The new international offices are: Angel's Camp, Lotis and Tomales, Cal.; Jewett City, Conn.; Nenzo, Ill.; Cheyenne, Wyo.; Red Dunant, I. T.; Mystic, Ia.; Kennebunk, Me.; Sharon, Mass.; Grayling, Homer and Imlay City, Mich.; Wolverine, Minn.; Mineola City, Miss.; North Tarrytown, Rye and Sackett Harbor, N. Y.; Jamestown and Milton, N. D.; Perry, O. T.; Ardenwold and Richfield, Pa.; Milner, Tex.; Ashland, Va.; Lodi, South Milwaukee and Scuth Superior, Wis.

Disorder and cannibalism have broken out at Apia, Samoa.

Souvenir Calendars.

The R. & T. A. Ennis Stationery Co. presented its numerous patrons with large souvenir calendars for 1895. On New Year's Day this firm began its thirty-seventh year of uninterrupted business in the book-binding, printing and stationery line.

Society of Pedagogy.

The subject for discussion next Saturday in Section 1, Society of Pedagogy, High School, will be "A Course of Reading for the Young and for the Teacher."

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One Captured.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 3.—Geo. Alexander, one of the four prisoners who escaped from the County Jail yesterday, was recaptured here at an early hour to-day in a saloon. The other three are still at large.

Kansas City Ballot Frauds.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 3.—Thos. J. Canny, Ninth Ward election judge, deposed yesterday before Commissioner Evans that 217 ballots which had been cast for Republicans were taken from the ballot-box and replaced by Democratic ballots. He said he was afraid to protest, as no Republican challengers were on hand, and six-shooters were freely displayed.

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Union Christian Endeavor.

The Union Christian Endeavor meeting will be held on January 15, either at Pilgrim Congregational or First Christian Church. Officers will be elected and the standing committees will make their reports. At a recent meeting of the Executive Committee of the Endeavor Union, it was decided to solicit clothing and donations in the name of the union, to be distributed through the agency of the Provident Association.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE